

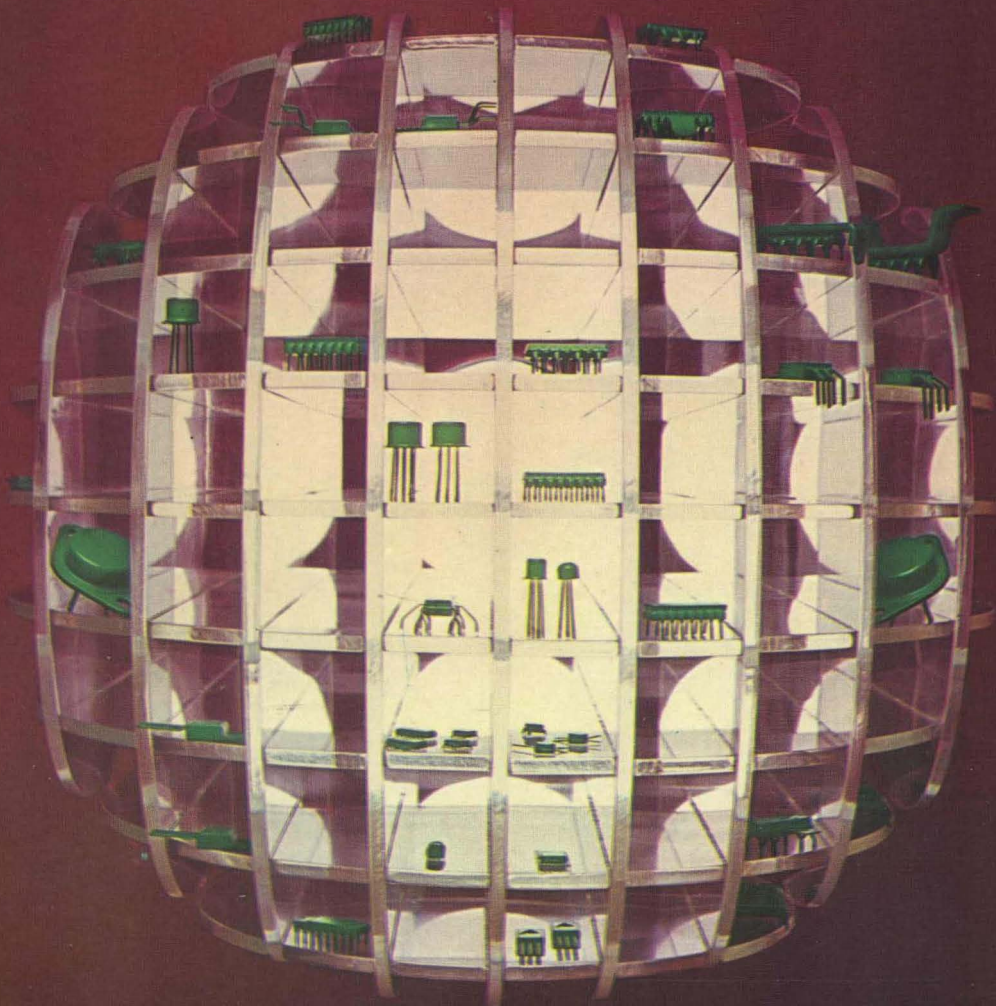
SGS  
ATEES

# databook

SGS  
ATEES

SMALL  
SIGNAL  
TRANSISTORS  
3<sup>rd</sup> EDITION

SMALL SIGNAL TRANSISTORS



# **databook**



**SMALL  
SIGNAL  
TRANSISTORS  
3<sup>rd</sup> EDITION  
ISSUED  
DECEMBER 1978**

## **INTRODUCTION**

This databook contains data sheets on the SGS-ATES range of discrete devices for small signal consumer, industrial and professional applications, with the exclusion of the RF and hybrid devices which are contained in a separate databook.

A selection guide by characteristics and application is provided to enable fast identification of the most suitable device for your requirement.

The information on each product has been presented in order that the performance of the product can be readily evaluated within any required equipment design.

# SGS-ATES GROUP OF COMPANIES

## INTERNATIONAL HEADQUARTERS

SGS-ATES Componenti Elettronici SpA  
Via C. Olivetti 2 - 20041 Agrate Brianza - Italy  
Tel.: 039-650341÷4/650441÷5/650841÷5  
Telex: 36141-36131

## BENELUX

SGS-ATES Componenti Elettronici SpA  
Benelux Sales Office  
**-B-1180 Bruxelles**  
Winston Churchill Avenue, 122  
Tel.: 02-3432439  
Telex: 24149 B

## DENMARK

SGS-ATES Scandinavia AB  
Sales Office:  
**2730 Herlev**  
Marielundvej 46D  
Tel.: 02-948533  
Telex: 35280

## FRANCE

SGS-ATES France S.A.  
**75643 Paris Cedex 13**  
Résidence "Le Palatino"  
17, Avenue de Choisy  
Tel.: 5842730  
Telex: 021 - 250938

## GERMANY

SGS-ATES Deutschland Halbleiter  
Bauelemente GmbH  
**8018 Grafing bei München**  
Haidling 17  
Tel.: 08092-691  
Telex: 032-527370  
Sales Offices:  
**1000 Berlin 20**  
Gatower Strasse 185  
Tel.: 030-3622031  
Telex: 01 85418  
**3000 Hannover 1**  
Lange Laube 19  
Tel.: 0511-17522/3  
Telex: 09 23195  
**8000 München 21**  
Landsbergerstrasse 289  
Tel.: 089-582047  
Telex: 05 215784  
**8500 Nürnberg 15**  
Parsifalstrasse 10  
Tel.: 0911 - 49645  
**7000 Stuttgart 80**  
Kalifenweg 45  
Tel.: 0711-713091/2  
Telex: 07 255545

## HONG KONG

SGS-ATES Singapore (Pte) Ltd.  
**1329 Ocean Centre**  
Canton Road, Kowloon  
Tel.: 3 - 662625  
Telex: 63906 ESGIE HK

## ITALY

SGS-ATES Componenti Elettronici SpA  
Sales Offices:  
**50127 Firenze**  
Via Giovanni Del Pian Dei Carpinì 96/1  
Tel.: 055-4377763  
**20149 Milano**  
Via Correggio 1/3  
Tel.: 02-4695651  
**00199 Roma**  
Piazza Gondar 11  
Tel.: 06-8392848/8312777  
**10134 Torino**  
Via La Loggia 51/7  
Tel.: 011-634572

## NORWAY

SGS-ATES Scandinavia AB  
Sales Office:  
**Oslo 9**  
Haavard Martinsens Vei 19  
Tel.: 10 60 50  
Telex: 11796

## SINGAPORE

SGS-ATES Singapore (Pte) Ltd.  
**Singapore 12**  
Lorong 4 & 6 - Toa Payoh  
Tel.: 531411  
Telex: ESGIES RS 21412

## SWEDEN

SGS-ATES Scandinavia AB  
**19501 Märsta**  
Tingvallavaegen 9J  
Tel.: 0760-40120  
Telex: 042-10932

## UNITED KINGDOM

SGS-ATES (United Kingdom) Ltd.  
**Aylesbury, Bucks**  
Planar House, Walton Street  
Tel.: 0296-5977  
Telex: 041-83245

## U.S.A.

SGS-ATES Semiconductor Corporation  
**Waltham, MA 02154**  
240 Bear Hill Road  
Tel.: (617) 890-6688  
Telex: 923495 WHA

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

---

ALPHANUMERICAL INDEX	Page	IV
----------------------	------	----

---

SELECTION GUIDE BY CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATION		VI
---	--	----

---

CROSS REFERENCE		XII
-----------------	--	-----

---

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF SYMBOLS		XXII
------------------------------	--	------

---

DATA SHEETS		1
-------------	--	---

---

# ALPHANUMERICAL INDEX

Type	Page	Type	Page
BC107	2	BF271	84
BC108	2	BF287	86
BC109	2	BF288	89
BC119	9	BF457	92
BC139	11	BF458	92
BC140	14	BF459	92
BC141	14	BF657	95
BC160	17	BF658	95
BC161	17	BF659	95
BC177	20	BFR16	99
BC178	20	BFR17	101
BC179	20	BFR18	103
BC297	25	BFS89	106
BC298	25	BFW43	108
BC300	28	BFW44	108
BC301	28	BFX37	111
BC302	28	BFX38	116
BC303	32	BFX39	116
BC304	32	BFX40	116
BC377	35	BFX41	116
BC378	35	BFX48	120
BC393	38	BFX69	123
BC394	40	BFX69A	123
BC440	42	BFX90	129
BC441	42	BFX91	129
BC460	45	BFY50	135
BC461	45	BFY51	135
BC477	48	BFY52	135
BC478	48	BFY56	138
BC479	48	BFY56A	138
BCY58	55	BFY64	143
BCY59	55	BFY76	148
BCY70	60	BSS15	310
BCY71	60	BSS16	310
BCY72	60	BSS17	312
BCY78	66	BSS18	312
BCY79	66	BSS26	153
BF167	72	BSV15	157
BF173	76	BSV16	157
BF257	80	BSV59	161
BF258	80	BSX12	165
BF259	80	BSX19	169

Type	Page	Type	Page
BSX20	169	2N2905A	269
BSX26	173	2N2906	266
BSX27	177	2N2906A	269
BSX28	181	2N2907	266
BSX29	185	2N2907A	269
BSX32	189	2N3009	272
BSX33	193	2N3010	225
BSX36	197	2N3012	263
BSX39	201	2N3013	272
BSX45	205	2N3014	272
BSX46	205	2N3019	275
BSX93	209	2N3020	275
BSY51	213	2N3053	278
BSY52	213	2N3107	280
BSY53	217	2N3108	280
BSY54	217	2N3109	280
BSY55	221	2N3110	280
BSY56	221	2N3209	263
2N709	225	2N3250	283
2N718A	228	2N3251	283
2N914	231	2N3440S	286
2N930	236	2N3700	290
2N956	228	2N3701	290
2N1613	238	2N3725	293
2N1711	238	2N3962	297
2N1893	242	2N3964	297
2N2218	245	2N3965	297
2N2218A	247	2N4030	301
2N2219	245	2N4031	301
2N2219A	247	2N4032	301
2N2221	245	2N4033	301
2N2221A	247	2N4034	304
2N2222	245	2N4035	304
2N2222A	247	2N4036	307
2N2369	251	2N5320	310
2N2369A	253	2N5321	310
2N2483	257	2N5322	312
2N2484	257	2N5323	312
2N2894	263	2N5415S	314
2N2904	266		
2N2904A	269		
2N2905	266		

# SELECTION GUIDE BY CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATION

## Silicon PNP transistors for low level, low noise applications

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> @ (V) max	I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	NF (dB)	Page
BC177	TO-18	300	45	125/500*	2	0.25	50/5	200 typ.	10	20
BC178	TO-18	300	25	125/500*	2	0.25	50/5	200 typ.	10	20
BC179	TO-18	300	20	125/500*	2	0.25	50/5	200 typ.	4	20
BC477	TO-18	360	80	110/450	2	0.25	50/5	150 typ.	10	48
BC478	TO-18	360	50	110/450	2	0.25	50/5	150 typ.	6	48
BC479	TO-18	360	40	220/450	2	0.25	50/5	150 typ.	4	48
BCY78	TO-18	390	32	120/630	2	0.8	100/2.5	180 typ.	6	66
BCY79	TO-18	390	45	120/460	2	0.8	100/2.5	180 typ.	6	66
BFX37	TO-18	360	80	70/230	0.01	0.4	50/5	40	3.5	111
2N3962	TO-18	360	60	100/300	0.01	0.25	10/0.5	40	3	297
2N3964	TO-18	360	45	250/500	0.01	0.25	10/0.5	50	2	297
2N3965	TO-18	360	60	250/500	0.01	0.25	10/0.5	50	2	297

\* h<sub>fe</sub> @ 1 kHz

## Silicon NPN transistors for low level, low noise applications

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> @ (V) max	I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	NF (dB)	Page
BC107	TO-18	300	45	110/450*	2	0.6	100/5	100	10	2
BC108	TO-18	300	20	110/800*	2	0.6	100/5	100	10	2
BC109	TO-18	300	20	200/800*	2	0.6	100/5	100	4	2
BCY58	TO-18	360	32	120/630	2	0.7	100/2.5	100	6	55
BCY59	TO-18	360	45	120/630	2	0.7	100/2.5	100	6	55
BFR16	TO-18	360	60	150 typ.	0.01	0.35	1/0.1	70	4	99
BFR17	TO-18	360	60	130/—	0.01	0.35	1/0.1	70	3	101
2N930	TO-18	300	45	100/500	0.01	1	10/0.5	30	3	236
2N2483	TO-18	360	60	40/120	0.01	0.35	1/0.1	60	4	257
2N2484	TO-18	360	60	100/500	0.01	0.35	1/0.1	60	3	257

\* h<sub>fe</sub> @ 1 kHz

### Silicon PNP transistors for fast and ultra fast switches

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> (V) max	@ I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	t <sub>off</sub> (ns)	Page
BSX29	TO-18	360	12	30/120	30	0.2	30/3	400	90	185
2N2894	TO-18	360	12	40/120	30	0.2	100/10	400	90	263
2N3012	TO-18	360	12	30/120	30	0.5	100/10	400	75	263
2N3209	TO-18	360	20	30/120	30	0.2	30/3	400	90	263

### Silicon NPN transistors for fast and ultra fast switches

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> (V) max	@ I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	t <sub>s</sub> t <sub>off</sub> * (ns)	Page
BSS26	TO-18	360	40	40	100	1.2	500/50	250	60*	153
BSV59	TO-18	360	30	30/140	150	0.4	150/15	250	40*	161
BSX19	TO-18	360	15	20/60	10	0.6	100/10	400	10	169
BSX20	TO-18	360	15	40/120	10	0.6	100/10	450	13	169
BSX26	TO-18	360	15	30/120	30	0.5	300/30	350	18	173
BSX27	TO-18	300	6	25/125	10	0.25	10/1	600	6	177
BSX28	TO-18	360	12	30/120	10	0.25	30/3	400	13	181
BSX32	TO-39	800	40	60/150	100	0.5	500/50	300	60*	189
BSX39	TO-18	360	20	40/120	30	0.28	100/10	350	18	201
BSX93	TO-18	360	15	40/120	10	0.2	10/1	400	13	209
2N709	TO-18	300	6	20/120	10	0.25	10/1	600	6	225
2N914	TO-18	360	15	30/120	10	0.7	200/20	300	20	231
2N2369	TO-18	360	15	40/120	10	0.25	10/1	500	13	251
2N2369A	TO-18	360	15	40/120	10	0.2	10/1	500	13	253
2N3009	TO-18	360	15	25	100	0.28	100/10	350	18	272
2N3010	TO-18	300	6	25/125	10	0.25	10/1	600	6	225
2N3013	TO-18	360	15	25	100	0.5	300/30	350	18	272
2N3014	TO-18	360	20	30/120	30	0.18	100/10	350	18	272
2N3725	TO-39	800	50	60/150	100	0.52	500/50	300	60*	293



# SELECTION GUIDE BY CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLIC. (contd.)

## Silicon PNP high voltage transistors

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> (V) max	@ I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	C <sub>CB0</sub> (pF)	Page
BC393	TO-18	400	180	50/—	10	0.3	10/1	50	4	38
BFW43	TO-18	400	150	40/—	10	0.5	10/1	60	5	108
BFW44	TO-39	700	150	40/—	10	0.5	10/1	60	5	108
BFX90	TO-18	400	180	80/300	10	0.25	10/1	40	5	129
BFX91	TO-39	700	180	80/300	10	0.25	10/1	40	5	129
2N5415S	TO-39	1000	200	30/150	10	2.5	50/5	15	15	314

## Silicon NPN high voltage transistors

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> (V) max	@ I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	C <sub>re</sub> * C <sub>CB0</sub> (pF)	Page
BC394	TO-18	400	180	30	10	0.3	10/1	50	5	40
BF257	TO-39	1000	160	25	30	1	30/6	90 typ.	3*	80
BF258	TO-39	1000	250	25	30	1	30/6	90 typ.	3*	80
BF259	TO-39	1000	300	25	30	1	30/6	90 typ.	3*	80
BF457	TO-126	1250	160	30	30	1	50/10	90 typ.	4*	92
BF458	TO-126	1250	250	30	30	1	50/10	90 typ.	4*	92
BF459	TO-126	1250	300	30	30	1	50/6	90 typ.	4*	92
BF657	TO-39	1000	160	25	30	1	30/6	50	3*	95
BF658	TO-39	1000	250	25	30	1	30/6	50	3*	95
BF659	TO-39	1000	300	25	30	1	30/6	50	3*	95
BFS89	TO-39	1000	300	90 typ.	50	1	30/6	50	3*	106
2N3440S	TO-39	1000	250	40	20	0.5	50/5	15	—	286

Silicon PNP general purpose transistors

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CEO</sub> (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> @ (V) max	I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>B</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	t <sub>s</sub> t <sub>off</sub> * (ns)	Page
BC139	TO-39	700	40	40/—	100	0.8	300/30	200 typ.	—	11
BC160	TO-39	800	40	40/250	100	0.35 typ	500/50	50	650*	17
BC161	TO-39	800	60	40/250	100	0.36 typ	500/50	50	650*	17
BC297	TO-18	375	45	75/260	100	0.7	500/50	250	—	25
BC298	TO-18	375	25	75/260	100	0.7	500/50	250	—	25
BC303	TO-39	850	60	40/240	150	0.65	150/15	75	—	32
BC304	TO-39	850	45	40/240	150	0.65	150/15	75	—	32
BC460	TO-39	1000	40	40/250	500	1	1000/100	50	—	45
BC461	TO-39	1000	60	40/250	500	1	1000/100	50	—	45
BCY70	TO-18	350	40	50/—	10	0.5	50/5	250	350	60
BCY71	TO-18	350	45	100/600	10	0.5	50/5	200	—	60
BCY72	TO-18	350	25	50/—	10	0.5	50/5	200	350	60
BFX38	TO-39	800	55	85/—	100	0.5	500/50	100	350	116
BFX39	TO-39	800	55	40/—	100	0.5	500/50	100	350	116
BFX40	TO-39	800	75	85/—	100	0.5	500/50	100	350	116
BFX41	TO-39	800	75	40/—	100	0.5	500/50	100	350	116
BFX48	TO-18	360	30	90/—	10	0.3	50/5	400	160*	120
BSV15	TO-39	850	40	40/250	100	1	500/25	50	500	157
BSV16	TO-39	850	60	40/250	100	1	500/25	50	500	157
BSX36	TO-18	360	40	40/—	10	0.5	150/15	100	100*	197
2N2904	TO-39	600	40	40/120	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	266
2N2904A	TO-39	600	60	40/120	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	269
2N2905	TO-39	600	40	100/300	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	266
2N2905A	TO-39	600	60	100/300	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	269
2N2906	TO-18	400	40	40/120	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	266
2N2906A	TO-18	400	60	40/120	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	269
2N2907	TO-18	400	40	100/300	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	266
2N2907A	TO-18	400	60	100/300	150	0.4	150/15	200	80	269
2N3250	TO-18	360	40	50/150	10	0.5	50/5	250	175	283
2N3251	TO-18	360	40	100/300	10	0.5	50/5	300	200	283
2N4030	TO-39	800	60	40/120	100	0.5	500/50	100	350	301
2N4031	TO-39	800	80	40/120	100	0.5	500/50	100	350	301
2N4032	TO-39	800	60	100/300	100	0.5	500/50	150	350	301
2N4033	TO-39	800	80	100/300	100	0.5	500/50	150	350	301
2N4034	TO-18	360	40	70/200	10	0.3	50/5	400	150*	304
2N4035	TO-18	360	40	150/300	10	0.3	50/5	450	150*	304
2N4036	TO-39	1000	65	40/140	150	0.65	150/15	60	700*	307
2N5322/BSS17	TO-39	1000	75	30/130	500	0.7	500/50	50	1000*	312
2N5323/BSS18	TO-39	1000	50	40/250	500	1.2	500/50	50	1000*	312

# SELECTION GUIDE BY CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLIC. (contd.)

## Silicon NPN general purpose transistors

Type	Package	P <sub>tot</sub> (mW)	V <sub>CE0</sub> V <sub>CEr</sub> * (V)	h <sub>FE</sub> min/max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> (V) max	@ I <sub>C</sub> (mA)	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) min	t <sub>s</sub> t <sub>off</sub> * (ns)	Page
BC119	TO-39	800	30	40/120	150	0.35	150	40	—	9
BC140	TO-39	800	40	40/250	100	0.35 typ.	500	50	850*	14
BC141	TO-39	800	60	40/250	100	0.35 typ.	500	50	850*	14
BC300	TO-39	800	80	40/240	150	0.5	150	120 typ.	—	28
BC301	TO-39	800	60	40/240	150	0.5	150	120 typ.	—	28
BC302	TO-29	800	45	40/240	150	0.5	150	120 typ.	—	28
BC377	TO-18	375	25	75/260	100	0.7	500	300 typ.	—	35
BC378	TO-18	375	40	75/260	100	0.7	500	300 typ.	—	35
BC440	TO-39	1000	40	40/240	500	1	1000	50	—	42
BC441	TO-39	1000	60	40/240	500	1	1000	50	—	42
BFR18	TO-18	500	55	60/180	150	0.25	150	60	—	103
BFX69	TO-39	800	30	40/120	150	1.5	150	60	—	123
BFX69A	TO-39	800	40	40	150	0.8	150	60	—	123
BFY50	TO-39	800	35	30	150	0.2	150	60	140 typ.	135
BFY51	TO-39	800	30	40	150	0.35	150	50	160 typ.	135
BFY52	TO-39	800	20	60	150	0.35	150	50	220 typ.	135
BFY56	TO-39	800	45	30/150	150	0.3	150	40	800*	138
BFY56A	TO-39	800	55	40/120	150	0.25	150	60	800*	138
BSS15	TO-39	1000	75	30/130	500	0.5	500	50	800*	310
BSS16	TO-39	1000	50	40/250	500	0.8	500	50	800*	310
BSX33	TO-18	500	55	50	50	0.3	150	60	800*	193
BSX45	TO-39	1000	40	40/250	100	1	1000	50	850*	205
BSX46	TO-39	1000	60	40/250	100	1	1000	50	850*	205
BSY51	TO-39	800	25	40/120	150	0.8	150	100 typ.	—	213
BSY52	TO-39	800	25	100/300	150	0.8	150	100 typ.	—	213
BSY53	TO-39	800	25	40/120	150	0.6	150	100 typ.	—	217
BSY54	TO-39	800	30	100/300	150	0.6	150	100 typ.	—	217
BSY55	TO-39	800	80	40/120	150	0.6	150	100 typ.	—	221
BSY56	TO-39	800	80	100/300	150	0.6	150	100 typ.	—	221
2N718A	TO-18	500	50*	40/120	150	1.5	150	60	—	228
2N956	TO-18	500	50*	100/300	150	1.5	150	70	—	228
2N1613	TO-39	800	50*	40/120	150	1.5	150	60	—	238
2N1711	TO-39	800	50*	100/300	150	1.5	150	70	—	238
2N1893	TO-39	800	80	40/120	150	5	150	50	—	242
2N2218	TO-39	800	30	40/120	150	1.6	500	250	225	245
2N2218A	TO-39	800	40	40/120	150	1	500	250	225	247
2N2219	TO-39	800	30	100/300	150	1.6	500	250	225	245
2N2219A	TO-39	800	40	100/300	150	1	500	250	225	247
2N2221	TO-18	500	30	40/120	150	1.6	500	250	225	245

**Silicon NPN general purpose transistors** (continued)

Type	Package	$P_{tot}$ (mW)	$V_{CE0}$ $V_{CER}^*$ (V)	$h_{FE}$ min/max	@ $I_C$ (mA)	$V_{CE(sat)}$ (V) max	@ $I_C$ (mA)	$f_T$ (MHz) min	$t_s$ $t_{off}^*$ (ns)	Page
2N2221A	TO-18	500	40	40/120	150	1	500	250	225	247
2N2222	TO-18	500	30	100/300	150	1.6	500	250	225	245
2N2222A	TO-18	500	40	100/300	150	1	500	250	225	247
2N3019	TO-39	800	80	100/300	150	0.5	500	100 typ	—	275
2N3020	TO-39	800	80	40/120	150	0.5	500	80 typ	—	275
2N3053	TO-39	800	40	50/250	150	1.4	150	100 typ	—	278
2N3107	TO-39	800	60	100/300	150	1.4	150	100 typ	—	280
2N3108	TO-39	800	60	40/120	150	1.4	150	100 typ	—	280
2N3109	TO-39	800	40	100/300	150	1.4	150	100 typ	—	280
2N3110	TO-39	800	40	40/120	150	1.4	150	100 typ	—	280
2N3700	TO-18	500	80	100/300	150	0.5	500	100	—	290
2N3701	TO-18	500	80	40/120	150	0.5	500	80	—	290
2N5320	TO-39	1000	75	30/130	500	0.5	500	50	800*	310
2N5321	TO-39	1000	50	40/250	500	0.8	500	50	800*	310

**Silicon NPN transistors for high frequency applications**

Type	Package	$P_{tot}$ (mW)	$V_{CE0}$ (V)	$h_{FE}$ min	@ $I_C$ (mA)	$f_T$ (MHz) min	$C_{re}$ (pF)	$P_G$ (dB)	@ $f$ (MHz)	Page
BF167	TO-72	150	30	30	4	600	0.15	24	36	72
BF173	TO-72	175	25	38	7	1000	0.23	26 typ	36	76
BF271	TO-72	250	25	30	10	900	0.22	24	36	84
BF287	TO-72	250	40	40	2	700	0.22	25	5.5	86
BF288	TO-72	250	40	65	1	500	0.24	18	10.7	89

# CROSS REFERENCE

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BC100	BF259	80	BC152	BC108	2	BC213	BC178	20
BC107	BC107	2	BC153	BC177	20	BC214	BC179	20
BC108	BC108	2	BC154	BC177	20	BC215	BC297	25
BC109	BC109	2	BC157	BC177	20	BC216	BC298	25
BC110	BC394	40	BC158	BC178	20	BC218	BC108	2
BC113	BFR16	99	BC159	BC179	20	BC220	BC107	2
BC114	BFR17	101	BC160	BC160	17	BC221	BC298	25
BC115	BC140	14	BC161	BC161	17	BC222	BC378	35
BC116	BC160	17	BC167	BC107	2	BC223	BC377	35
BC117	BC394	40	BC168	BC108	2	BC224	BC478	48
BC118	BC107	2	BC169	BC109	2	BC225	BC478	48
BC119	BC119	9	BC170	BC108	2	BC226	BC302	28
BC120	BC119	9	BC171	BC107	2	BC231	BC297	25
BC125	BC377	35	BC172	BC108	2	BC232	BC377	35
BC126	BC298	25	BC173	BC109	2	BC236	BC394	40
BC129	BC107	2	BC174	BFR16	99	BC237	BC107	2
BC130	BC108	2	BC177	BC177	20	BC238	BC108	2
BC131	BC108	2	BC181	BC177	20	BC239	BC109	2
BC132	BC109	2	BC182	BC107	2	BC250	BC179	20
BC134	BC107	2	BC183	BC107	2	BC251	BC177	20
BC135	BC107	2	BC184	BC107	2	BC252	BC178	20
BC136	BC140	14	BC185	BC301	28	BC253	BC179	20
BC137	BC139	11	BC186	BC177	20	BC254	BC394	40
BC138	BC140	14	BC187	BC178	20	BC255	BC394	40
BC139	BC139	11	BC190	BC107	2	BC256	BC477	48
BC140	BC140	14	BC192	BC298	25	BC257	BC177	20
BC141	BC141	14	BC200	BC179	20	BC258	BC178	20
BC142	BC301	28	BC204	BC177	20	BC259	BC179	20
BC143	BC303	32	BC205	BC178	20	BC260	BC179	20
BC144	BC140	14	BC206	BC179	20	BC261	BC177	20
BC145	BC394	40	BC207	BC107	2	BC262	BC178	20
BC147	BC107	2	BC208	BC108	2	BC263	BC178	20
BC148	BC108	2	BC209	BC109	2	BC266	BC477	48
BC149	BC109	2	BC210	BC377	35	BC267	BC107	2
BC150	BC108	2	BC211	BC141	14	BC268	BC108	2
BC151	BC108	2	BC212	BC177	20	BC269	BC109	2

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BC270	BC109	2	BC328	BC298	25.	BC383	BC108	2
BC271	BC378	35	BC329	BFY76	148	BC384	BC108	2
BC272	BC377	35	BC330	BC107	2	BC385	BC107	2
BC280	BFR16	99	BC331	BFY76	148	BC386	BC109	2
BC281	BC178	20	BC332	BC107	2	BC387	BC377	35
BC282	BC377	35	BC333	BC108	2	BC388	BC297	25
BC283	BC297	25	BC334	BC178	20	BC393	BC393	38
BC284	BC378	35	BC335	BC109	2	BC394	BC394	40
BC285	BC394	40	BC336	BC179	20	BC395	BC141	14
BC286	BC301	28	BC337	BC377	35	BC396	BC161	17
BC287	BC303	32	BC338	BC378	35	BC400	BC477	48
BC294	BC160	17	BC340	BC140	14	BC407	BC107	2
BC295	BC108	2	BC341	BC141	14	BC408	BC108	2
BC297	BC297	25	BC342	BC141	14	BC409	BC109	2
BC298	BC298	25	NC343	BC161	17	BC417	BC177	20
BC300	BC300	28	BC344	BC300	28	BC418	BC178	20
BC301	BC301	28	BC345	BC303	32	BC419	BC179	20
BC302	BC302	28	BC347	BC107	2	BC420	BC393	38
BC303	BC303	32	BC348	BC108	2	BC429	BC440	42
BC304	BC304	34	BC349	BC109	2	BC430	BC460	45
BC307	BC177	20	BC350	BC177	20	BC431	BC301	28
BC308	BC178	20	BC351	BC178	20	BC432	BC303	32
BC309	BC179	20	BC352	BC179	20	BC437	BC107	2
BC310	BC141	14	BC354	BC478	48	BC438	BC108	2
BC311	BC161	17	BC355	BC478	48	BC439	BC109	2
BC312	BF258	80	BC357	BC479	48	BC440	BC440	42
BC313	BC303	32	BC358	BC109	2	BC441	BC441	42
BC315	BC177	20	BC360	BC160	17	BC446	BC477	48
BC317	BC107	2	BC361	BC161	17	BC448	BC477	48
BC318	BC108	2	BC368	BC440	42	BC451	BC107	2
BC319	BC109	2	BC369	BC460	45	BC452	BC108	2
BC320	BC177	20	BC370	BC298	25	BC453	BC109	2
BC321	BC178	20	BC377	BC377	35	BC454	BC177	20
BC322	BC179	20	BC378	BC378	35	BC455	BC178	20
BC324	BC301	28	BC381	BC177	20	BC456	BC179	20
BC327	BC297	25	BC382	BC107	2	BC460	BC460	45

**CROSS REFERENCE** (continued)

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BC461	BC461	45	BC585	BFR16	99	BCW78	2N2219A	247
BC467	BC107	2	BC586	BC177	20	BCW79	2N2905	266
BC468	BC108	2	BC635	BC377	35	BCW80	2N2905A	269
BC469	BC109	2	BC636	BC297	25	BCW82	BFR16	99
BC477	BC477	48	BC714	BC177	20	BCW83	BCY59	55
BC478	BC478	48	BC727	BC297	25	BCW84	BCY59	55
BC479	BC479	48	BC728	BC298	25	BCW85	BFX37	111
BC512	BC177	20	BC737	BC377	35	BCW86	BC177	20
BC513	BC178	20	BC738	BC378	35	BCW87	BCY59	55
BC514	BC179	20	BCW10	BCY58	55	BCW88	BCY79	55
BC520	BFR16	99	BCW11	BCY78	66	BCW90	BC377	35
BC521	BFR17	101	BCW12	BCY59	55	BCW91	BSX33	193
BC522	BFR17	101	BCW13	BCY79	66	BCW92	BC297	25
BC523	BFR16	99	BCW14	BCY59	55	BCW93	2N2907A	269
BC524	BC107	2	BCW15	BCY79	66	BCW94	2N2222A	247
BC525	BC478	48	BCW16	BCY59	55	BCW95	BFR18	103
BC526	BC477	48	BCW17	BCY79	66	BCW96	2N2907	266
BC529	BC297	25	BCW20	BCY58	55	BCW97	2N2907A	269
BC530	BC393	38	BCW21	BCY78	66	BCW98	BCY59	55
BC531	BC393	38	BCW22	BCY59	55	BCW99	BCY79	66
BC532	BC394	40	BCW23	BCY79	66	BCX25	BCY59	55
BC533	BC394	40	BCW34	2N2222A	247	BCX26	BCY79	66
BC535	2N3700	290	BCW35	2N2907A	269	BCX40	BC441	42
BC546	BFY76	148	BCW36	2N2222A	247	BCX45	2N2221A	247
BC547	BC107	2	BCW37	2N2907A	269	BCX46	2N2906A	269
BC548	BC108	2	BCW44	BFX69A	123	BCX47	2N2222A	247
BC549	BC109	2	BCW45	BFX41	116	BCX48	2N2907A	269
BC550	BC107	2	BCW50	BC394	40	BCX49	2N3701	290
BC556	BC477	48	BCW62	2N3962	297	BCX58	BCY58	55
BC557	BC478	48	BCW63	BCY79	66	BCX59	BCY59	55
BC558	BC478	48	BCW64	BCY79	66	BCX60	BC461	45
BC559	BC479	48	BCW73	2N2221	245	BCX73	2N2222	245
BC560	BC478	48	BCW74	2N2221A	247	BCX74	2N2222A	247
BC582	BC107	2	BCW75	2N2906	266	BCX75	2N2907	266
BC583	BC108	2	BCW76	2N2906A	269	BCX76	2N2907A	269
BC584	BC109	2	BCW77	2N2219	245	BCX78	BCY78	66

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BCX79	BCY79	66	BF241	BF173	76	BF338	BF259	80
BCY56	BCY59	55	BF248	2N2222	245	BF355	BF259	80
BCY58	BCY58	55	BF249	2N2907	266	BF367	BF167	72
BCY59	BCY59	55	BF250	2N2222	245	BF371	BF271	84
BCY66	BCY59	55	BF257	BF257	80	BF373	BF173	76
BCY67	BCY79	66	BF258	BF258	80	BF390	BF259	80
BCY69	BCY58	55	BF259	BF259	80	BF391	BC394	40
BCY70	BCY70	60	BF260	BF167	72	BF456	BF457	92
BCY71	BCY71	60	BF261	BF167	72	BF457	BF457	92
BCY72	BCY72	60	BF270	BF167	72	BF458	BF458	92
BCY78	BCY78	66	BF271	BF271	84	BF459	BF459	92
BCY79	BCY79	66	BF287	BF287	86	BF497	BF173	76
BF120	BC394	40	BF288	BF288	89	BF523	BF271	84
BF137	BF257	80	BF291	BC107	2	BF596	BF167	72
BF156	BF257	80	BF292	BF258	80	BF597	BF173	76
BF157	BF257	80	BF293	BC107	2	BFR10	2N2218	245
BF162	BF167	72	BF294	BF257	80	BFR11	2N2221	245
BF163	BF167	72	BF297	BF257	80	BFR12	BCY59	55
BF164	BF167	72	BF298	BF258	80	BFR16	BFR16	99
BF167	BF167	72	BF299	BF259	80	BFR17	BFR17	101
BF173	BF173	76	BF302	BF288	89	BFR18	BFR18	103
BF174	BF258	80	BF303	BF287	86	BFR19	BFX69	123
BF176	BF173	76	BF304	BF288	89	BFR20	2N3019	275
BF177	BF257	80	BF305	BF258	80	BFR21	2N1893	242
BF178	BF258	80	BF306	BF173	76	BFR22	2N1893	242
BF179	BF259	80	BF307	BF288	89	BFR23	2N4036	307
BF198	BF167	72	BF308	BF271	84	BFR24	2N4036	307
BF199	BF173	76	BF309	BF271	84	BFR39	BFR18	103
BF207	BF167	72	BF310	BF173	76	BFR40	2N3700	290
BF208	BF271	84	BF311	BF173	76	BFR56	BC440	42
BF214	BF288	89	BF321	BC108	2	BFR57	BF257	80
BF215	BF271	84	BF322	2N2218	245	BFR58	BF258	80
BF224	BF173	76	BF323	2N2904	266	BFR59	BF259	80
BF225	BF271	84	BF325	BF167	72	BFR77	2N1893	242
BF226	BF288	89	BF336	BF257	80	BFR78	2N3020	275
BF240	BF167	72	BF337	BF258	80	BFR86	BC394	40



# CROSS REFERENCE (continued)

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BFR87	BC394	40	BFV65	BSX26	173	BFX41	BFX41	116
BFS61	BSX33	193	BFV66	2N2221A	247	BFX43	2N2369	251
BFS62	BF173	76	BFV66A	2N2222A	247	BFX44	2N2369A	253
BFS69	BC178	20	BFV67	2N709	225	BFX48	BFX48	120
BFS89	BFS89	106	BFV68	2N2483	257	BFX50	2N2222A	247
BFS90	BFW44	108	BFV68A	2N2484	257	BFX51	2N2221A	247
BFS91	BFX91	129	BFV90A	2N2222	245	BFX68	2N1711	238
BFS92	BFX41	116	BFV90B	2N2221	245	BFX68A	2N1711	238
BFS93	BFX40	116	BFV99	2N2221A	247	BFX69	BFX69	123
BFS94	BFX39	116	BFW20	BC477	48	BFX69A	BFX69A	123
BFS95	BFX38	116	BFW21	BFX37	111	BFX74	2N2904	266
BFS99	BC394	40	BFW22	BC478	48	BFX74A	BFX39	116
BFT22	2N2906	266	BFW24	2N3108	280	BFX77	BF16	99
BFT29	2N3701	290	BFW25	2N3110	280	BFX84	2N1893	242
BFT30	BSX33	193	BFW26	2N3109	280	BFX85	2N1893	242
BFT31	2N956	228	BFW29	2N2219	245	BFX86	2N1711	238
BFT39	BSS15	310	BFW31	2N2905	266	BFX87	2N2905A	269
BFT40	BSS16	310	BFW32	2N2219	245	BFX88	2N2905	266
BFT41	2N5321	310	BFW33	BSY56	221	BFX91	BFX91	129
BFT45	2N3440S	289	BFW36	BF257	80	BFX93	2N930	236
BFT57	BC394	40	BFW38	BF257	80	BFX94	2N2221	245
BFT60	2N4033	301	BFW43	BFW43	108	BFX94A	2N2221A	247
BFT61	2N4030	301	BFW44	BFW44	108	BFX95	2N2222	245
BFT62	2N4030	301	BFW45	BF257	80	BFX95A	2N2222A	247
BFT69	2N4031	301	BFW63	2N2222	245	BFX96	2N2218	245
BFT79	2N4031	301	BFW63A	2N2222A	247	BFX96A	2N2218A	247
BFT80	2N4033	301	BFX12	BFX48	120	BFX97	2N2219	245
BFT81	2N4032	301	BFX13	BFX48	120	BFX97A	2N2219A	247
BFV23	BSX23	185	BFX23	BSX32	189	BFX98	BF257	80
BFV56	BSS26	153	BFX29	2N2904A	269	BFY25	2N2219A	247
BFV56A	BSS26	153	BFX35	2N2907	266	BFY26	2N2222A	247
BFV57	BSV59	161	BFX36	2N2907A	269	BFY33	BFY56	138
BFV57A	BSS26	153	BFX37	BFX37	111	BFY34	2N1613	238
BFV64	2N2907	266	BFX38	BFX38	116	BFY40	2N1711	238
BFV64A	2N2907A	269	BFX39	BFX39	116	BFY41	BF257	80
BFV64B	2N2907	266	BFX40	BFX40	116	BFY43	BF257	80

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BFY44	BFY56A	138	BSS68	BC393	38	BSW27	2N3725	293
BFY45	BF257	80	BSV15	BSV15	157	BSW28	BSX32	189
BFY46	2N1711	238	BSV16	BSV16	157	BSW29	BSX32	189
BFY50	BFY50	135	BSV17	BSV16	157	BSW37	2N2894	263
BFY51	BFY51	135	BSV21	2N2894	263	BSW38	BSX19	169
BFY52	BFY52	135	BSV23	BSX28	181	BSW41	2N2221A	247
BFY53	BFX69	123	BSV24	BSX28	181	BSW42	BCY58	55
BFY55	BFX69A	123	BSV25	BSX19	169	BSW42A	BCY59	55
BFY56	BFY56	138	BSV26	BSX19	169	BSW43A	BCY59	55
BFY56A	BFY56A	138	BSV27	BSX20	169	BSW44	BCY78	66
BFY57	BF257	80	BSV33	BSX29	185	BSW44A	BCY79	66
BFY64	2N2905	266	BSV59	BSV59	161	BSW45	BCY78	66
BFY65	BF257	80	BSV68	BFW43	108	BSW45A	BCY79	66
BFY67	BFX69	123	BSV69	BSX32	189	BSW49	BSX32	189
BFY68	2N1711	238	BSV77	2N3725	293	BSW51	2N2218	245
BFY70	2N2218A	247	BSV82	BSS17	312	BSW52	2N2219	245
BFY72	2N2218	245	BSV83	BSS18	312	BSW53	2N2218A	247
BFY76	BFY76	148	BSV84	BSS15	310	BSW54	2N2219A	247
BFY77	2N2484	257	BSV85	BSS16	310	BSW61	2N2221	245
BSS11	BSX20	169	BSV89	BSX19	169	BSW62	2N2222	245
BSS12	BSX28	181	BSV90	BSX20	169	BSW63	2N2221A	247
BSS15	BSS15	310	BSV91	BSX20	169	BSW64	2N2222A	247
BSS16	BSS16	310	BSV92	BSX26	173	BSW72	2N2906	266
BSS17	BSS17	312	BSV95	2N3725	293	BSW73	2N2907	266
BSS18	BSS18	312	BSW19	2N2906	266	BSW74	2N2906A	269
BSS23	BSS26	153	BSW19A	2N2907	266	BSW75	2N2907A	269
BSS26	BSS26	153	BSW20	2N2906	266	BSW82	2N2221	245
BSS27	2N3725	293	BSW20A	2N2907	266	BSW83	2N2222	245
BSS28	BSX32	189	BSW21	BCY78	66	BSW84	2N2221	245
BSS29	BSX32	189	BSW21A	BCY79	66	BSW85	2N2222A	247
BSS30	2N1893	242	BSW22	BCY78	66	BSX19	BSX19	169
BSS31	2N3019	275	BSW22A	BCY79	66	BSX20	BSX20	169
BSS40	BSS26	153	BSW23	2N2904	266	BSX21	BC394	40
BSS41	BSS26	153	BSW24	2N2904A	269	BSX22	2N5321	310
BSS48	2N3440S	286	BSW25	BSX29	185	BSX23	2N5320	310
BSS59	2N3700	290	BSW26	BSS26	173	BSX24	2N2221	245

# CROSS REFERENCE (continued)

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
BSX25	2N2222	245	BSX95	2N1613	238	BSY82	BFY52	135
BSX26	BSX26	173	BSX96	2N1711	238	BSY83	BFY56A	138
BSX27	BSX27	177	BSX97	2N2221	245	BSY84	2N1711	238
BSX28	BSX28	181	BSY10	2N2218A	247	BSY85	BSX45	205
BSX29	BSX29	185	BSY11	2N2219	245	BSY86	BSX46	205
BSX30	BSX32	189	BSY17	BSX19	169	BSY87	BSY56	221
BSX33	BSX33	193	BSY18	BSX20	169	BSY88	2N3107	280
BSX36	BSX36	197	BSY19	BSX26	173	BSY89	BCY58	55
BSX38A	BCY58	55	BSY20	BSX20	169	BSY95	BSX19	169
BSX38B	BCY59	55	BSY21	BSX26	173	BSY95A	BSX20	169
BSX39	BSX39	201	BCY22	BCY59	55	2N656	BSX46	205
BSX44	2N709	225	BSY23	BSX19	169	2N657	BC300	28
BSX45	BSX45	205	BSY34	BSX32	189	2N696	BFX69	123
BSX46	BSX46	205	BSY38	BSX19	169	2N697	2N1613	238
BSX47	BFY56	138	BSY40	BSX29	185	2N698	2N1893	242
BSX48	BSS26	153	BSY41	BSX29	185	2N706	BSX26	173
BSX49	BSS26	153	BSY44	BFX69A	123	2N706A	BSX19	169
BSX51	BCY58	55	BSY45	2N1893	242	2N707	BSX39	201
BSX52	BCY59	55	BSY46	2N1613	238	2N708	BSX26	173
BSX53	BCY58	55	BSY51	BSY51	213	2N709	2N709	225
BSX54	BCY59	55	BSY52	BSY52	213	2N718A	2N718A	228
BSX59	BSX32	189	BSY53	BSY53	217	2N720A	BFR18	103
BSX60	2N3725	293	BSY54	BSY54	217	2N721	2N2906	266
BSX61	2N3725	293	BSY55	BSY55	221	2N722	2N2906A	269
BSX76	BSX20	169	BSY56	BSY56	221	2N735	2N2483	257
BSX77	2N2369A	253	BSY58	BSX32	189	2N736	BFR18	103
BSX78	BSX20	169	BSY62A	BSX19	169	2N743	BSX19	169
BSX87	BSX26	173	BSY62B	BSX20	169	2N744	BSX20	169
BSX87A	BSX26	173	BSY63	BSX93	209	2N753	2N2369A	253
BSX88	BSX39	201	BSY70	BSX39	201	2N754	2N1893	242
BSX88A	BSX39	201	BSY71	2N1711	238	2N760A	BFY76	148
BSX89	BSX19	169	BSY72	BCY58	55	2N780	2N930	236
BSX90	BSX20	169	BSY73	BCY58	55	2N834	BSX20	169
BSX91	2N2369A	253	BSY74	BCY59	55	2N869	BSX29	185
BSX92	2N2369	251	BSY78	2N2222	245	2N870	BSX33	193
BSX93	BSX93	209	BSY81	BFY51	135	2N871	BFR18	103

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
2N910	BFR18	103	2N2221	2N2221	245	2N2927	2N2904A	269
2N911	BSX33	193	2N2221A	2N2221A	247	2N2959	2N2219A	247
2N912	BFR18	103	2N2222	2N2222	245	2N3009	2N3009	272
2N914	2N914	231	2N2222A	2N2222A	247	2N3010	2N3010	225
2N929	BFY76	148	2N2297	BFY56	138	2N3011	BSX28	181
2N930	2N930	236	2N2368	BSX19	169	2N3012	2N3012	263
2N956	2N956	228	2N2369	2N2369	251	2N3013	2N3013	272
2N978	2N2906	266	2N2369A	2N2369A	253	2N3014	2N3014	272
2N995	BSX29	185	2N2405	BC300	28	2N3015	BSX32	189
2N1132	2N2904	266	2N2410	BSX32	189	2N3019	2N3019	275
2N1420	2N2219	245	2N2412	BSX29	185	2N3020	2N3020	275
2N1507	2N2219	245	2N2475	2N709	225	2N3036	2N1893	242
2N1572	2N1893	242	2N2477	2N3725	293	2N3053	2N3053	278
2N1573	2N1893	242	2N2483	2N2483	257	2N3070	2N2905A	269
2N1574	2N3020	275	2N2484	2N2484	257	2N3073	2N2906A	269
2N1613	2N1613	238	2N2511	BFY76	148	2N3107	2N3107	280
2N1711	2N1711	238	2N2586	BFR17	101	2N3108	2N3108	280
2N1890	BSY55	221	2N2692	BCY59	55	2N3109	2N3109	280
2N1893	2N1893	242	2N2693	BCY59	55	2N3110	2N3110	280
2N1983	2N2219	245	2N2694	BCY59	55	2N3114	BF257	80
2N1984	2N2218	245	2N2711	BCY58	55	2N3117	BFR17	101
2N1985	2N1613	238	2N2712	BCY58	55	2N3121	2N2906A	269
2N1986	2N2218	245	2N2714	BCY59	55	2N3209	2N3209	263
2N1987	BFX69	123	2N2845	BSS26	153	2N3250	2N3250	283
2N1990	2N1893	242	2N2848	BSX32	189	2N3251	2N3251	283
2N1991	2N2904	266	2N2864	BFY50	135	2N3252	2N3725	293
2N2049	BFY52	135	2N2868	BFX69A	123	2N3253	BSX32	189
2N2102	2N3020	275	2N2894	2N2894	263	2N3261	BSX20	169
2N2193	BSX45	205	2N2904	2N2904	266	2N3299	2N2218	245
2N2194A	2N2218A	247	2N2904A	2N2904A	269	2N3300	2N2219	245
2N2195	2N2218	245	2N2905	2N2905	266	2N3301	2N2221	245
2N2217	2N2218	245	2N2905A	2N2905A	269	2N3302	2N2222	245
2N2218	2N2218	245	2N2906	2N2906	266	2N3309	2N2218	245
2N2218A	2N2218A	247	2N2906A	2N2906A	269	2N3440	2N3440S	286
2N2219	2N2219	245	2N2907	2N2907	266	2N3440S	2N3440S	286
2N2219A	2N2219A	247	2N2907A	2N2907A	269	2N3485	2N2906	266

**CROSS REFERENCE** (continued)

TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE	TYPE	SGS-ATES NEAREST	PAGE
2N3486	2N2907	266	2N3964	2N3964	297	2N4402	2N2906	266
2N3502	2N2905A	269	2N3965	2N3965	297	2N4403	2N2907	266
2N3503	2N2905	266	2N4013	BSS26	153	2N4917	2N3251	283
2N3504	2N2907A	269	2N4014	BSS26	153	2N4927	BF258	80
2N3505	2N2907	266	2N4030	2N4030	301	2N5086	BCY79	66
2N3565	BFR16	99	2N4031	2N4031	301	2N5087	BCY79	66
2N3566	2N1711	238	2N4032	2N4032	301	2N5088	BCY59	55
2N3567	2N1613	238	2N4033	2N4033	301	2N5089	BCY59	55
2N3568	BFY56A	138	2N4034	2N4034	304	2N5128	2N2219	245
2N3569	BFY56	138	2N4035	2N4035	304	2N5132	BC109	2
2N3638	2N2905	266	2N4036	2N4036	307	2N5135	BCY58	55
2N3641	2N2218	245	2N4037	2N4036	307	2N5136	BC119	9
2N3642	2N2218A	247	2N4046	BSX32	189	2N5138	BCY79	66
2N3643	2N2219	245	2N4047	2N3725	293	2N5172	BCY58	55
2N3644	2N2905	266	2N4058	BC177	20	2N5209	BC107	2
2N3645	2N2905A	269	2N4059	BC178	20	2N5210	BC107	2
2N3646	BSX26	173	2N4060	BC177	20	2N5219	BC108	2
2N3700	2N3700	290	2N4061	BC177	20	2N5262	BSS15	310
2N3701	2N3701	290	2N4062	BC178	20	2N5320	2N5320	310
2N3712	BF257	80	2N4121	BCY70	60	2N5321	2N5321	310
2N3725	2N3725	293	2N4248	BC177	20	2N5322	2N5322	312
2N3776	2N5321	310	2N4249	BC177	20	2N5323	2N5323	312
2N3777	2N5322	312	2N4250	BC178	20	2N5415S	2N5415S	314
2N3793	BC107	2	2N4258	BC179	20	2N5550	BC394	40
2N3794	BC108	2	2N4264	BC108	2	2N5551	BC394	40
2N3825	BC109	2	2N4265	BC107	2			
2N3828	BC107	2	2N4286	BC107	2			
2N3829	BSX36	197	2N4287	BC107	2			
2N3903	2N2222	245	2N4288	BC178	20			
2N3904	2N2221	245	2N4289	BC177	20			
2N3905	2N2906	266	2N4290	BC179	20			
2N3906	2N2907	266	2N4291	BC179	20			
2N3930	BFX90	129	2N4292	BC109	2			
2N3931	BFX91	129	2N4293	BC109	2			
2N3962	2N3962	297	2N4358	2N5415S	314			
2N3963	2N3965	297	2N4359	BFX37	111			

# ALPHABETICAL LIST OF SYMBOLS

B	Bandwidth
$b_{fb}$	Common-base, forward transfer susceptance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{fe}$	Common-emitter, forward transfer susceptance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{ib}$	Common-base, input susceptance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{ie}$	Common-emitter, input susceptance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{ob}$	Common-base, output susceptance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{oe}$	Common-emitter, output susceptance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{rb}$	Common-base, reverse transfer susceptance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$b_{re}$	Common-emitter, reverse transfer susceptance (input short-circuited y matrix)
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance (emitter open to a.c. and d.c.)
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance (collector open to a.c. and d.c.)
$C_i$	Input capacitance
$C_{ib}$	Common-base, input capacitance (output a.c. short-circuited, h and y matrix)
$C_{ibo}$	Common-base, input capacitance (output a.c. open-circuited)
$C_{ie}$	Common-emitter, input capacitance (output a.c. short-circuited, h and y matrix)
$C_o$	Output capacitance
$C_{ob}$	Common-base, output capacitance (input a.c. short-circuited, y matrix)
$C_{obo}$	Common-base, output capacitance (input a.c. open-circuited, h matrix)
$C_{oe}$	Common-emitter, output capacitance (input a.c. short-circuited, y matrix)
$C_{oeo}$	Common-emitter, output capacitance (input a.c. open-circuited, h matrix)
$C_{rb}$	Common-base, reverse capacitance (input a.c. short-circuited, y matrix)
$C_{re}$	Common-emitter, reverse capacitance (input a.c. short-circuited, y matrix)
f	Frequency
$\Delta f$	Frequency deviation
$f_T$	Transition frequency
$g_{fb}$	Common-base, forward transconductance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$g_{fe}$	Common-emitter, forward transconductance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$g_{ib}$	Common-base, input conductance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$g_{ie}$	Common-emitter, input conductance (output short-circuited, y matrix)

## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF SYMBOLS (continued)

$g_{ob}$	Common-base, output conductance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$g_{oe}$	Common-emitter, output conductance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$G_p$	Power gain
$G_{pb}$	Common-base, power gain
$G_{pe}$	Common-emitter, power gain
$g_{rb}$	Common-base, reverse transconductance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$g_{re}$	Common-emitter, reverse transconductance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$G_{tr}$	Transducer power gain
$G_U$	Unilateralized power gain
$G_{UM}$	Maximum unilateralized power gain
$G_v$	Voltage gain
$h_{fb}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the short-circuit forward current transfer ratio
$h_{fe}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the short-circuit forward current transfer ratio
$h_{FE}$	Common-emitter, static value of the forward current transfer ratio
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$	Common-emitter, static value of the forward current transfer matched pair ratio
$h_{ib}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the short-circuit input impedance
$h_{ie}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the short-circuit input impedance
$h_{ob}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the open-circuit output admittance
$h_{oe}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the open-circuit output admittance
$h_{rb}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the open-circuit reverse voltage transfer ratio
$h_{re}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the open-circuit reverse voltage transfer ratio
$I_B$	Base current
$I_{B1}$	Turn-on current
$I_{B2}$	Turn-off current
$I_{BM}$	Base peak current
$I_C$	Collector current
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current with emitter open
$I_{CEO}$	Collector cutoff current with base open
$I_{CER}$	Collector cutoff current with specified resistance between emitter and base
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current with emitter short-circuited to base
$I_{CEV}$	Collector cutoff current with specified reverse voltage between emitter and base
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current with specified circuit between emitter and base

$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current
$I_E$	Emitter current
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current with collector open
$I_s$	Supply current
NF	Noise figure
$P_o$	Output power of a specified circuit
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation
$r_{bb'}$	Base spreading resistance
$r_{bb'}, C_{b'c}$	Feedback time constant
$R_{BE}$	Resistance between base and emitter
$R_{EE}$	Emitter dropping resistance
$R_g$	Internal resistance of generator
$R_i$	Input resistance
$R_L$	Load resistance
$R_o$	Output resistance
$R_{th}$	Thermal resistance
$R_{th j-amb} (R_{th j-a})$	Thermal resistance junction-to-ambient
$R_{th j-case} (R_{th j-c})$	Thermal resistance junction-to-case
$\frac{S+N}{N}$	Signal and noise to noise ratio
SVR	Supply voltage rejection
t	Time
$T_{amb} (T_a)$	Ambient temperature
$T_{case} (T_c)$	Case temperature
$t_d$	Delay time
$t_f$	Fall time
$T_j$	Junction temperature
$T_l$	Lead temperature
$t_{off}$	Turn-off-time
$t_{on}$	Turn-on-time
$T_{op}$	Operating temperature
$t_p$	Pulse time
$t_r$	Rise time
$t_s$	Storage time
$T_{stg} (T_s)$	Storage temperature
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage with emitter open
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage with base open
$V_{(BR)CER}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage with specified resistance
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage with emitter short-circuited to base
$V_{(BR)CEV}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage with specified reverse voltage between emitter and base
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage with collector open
$V_{CB}$	Collector-base voltage



## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF SYMBOLS (continued)

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage with emitter open
$V_{CE}$	Collector-emitter voltage
$V_{CEK}$	Knee voltage at specified condition
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage with base open
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage with base open
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage with specified resistance between emitter and base
$V_{CER(sus)}$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage with specified resistance between emitter and base
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage with emitter short-circuited to base
$V_{CEV}$	Collector-emitter voltage with specified reverse voltage between emitter and base
$V_{CEV(sus)}$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage with specified reverse voltage between emitter and base
$V_{CEX}$	Collector-emitter voltage with specified circuit between emitter and base
$V_{CEX(sus)}$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage with specified circuit between emitter and base
$V_{EB}$	Emitter-base voltage
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage with collector open
$V_i$	Input voltage of a specified circuit
$V_{int}$	Interfering voltage
$V_o$	Output voltage of a specified circuit
$V_{pp}$	Peak-to-peak voltage
$V_s$	Supply voltage
$Y_{fb}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the short-circuit forward transfer admittance
$Y_{fe}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the short-circuit forward transfer admittance
$Y_{ib}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the short-circuit input admittance
$Y_{ie}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the short-circuit input admittance
$Y_{ob}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the short-circuit output admittance
$Y_{oe}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the short-circuit output admittance
$Y_{rb}$	Common-base, small-signal value of the short-circuit reverse transfer admittance
$Y_{re}$	Common-emitter, small-signal value of the short-circuit reverse transfer admittance
$Z_{BE}$	Impedance between base and emitter
$Z_i$	Input impedance
$Z_o$	Output impedance
$\tau_s$	Storage time constant

$\varphi_{fb}$	Common-base, phase angle of the forward transadmittance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$\varphi_{fe}$	Common-emitter, phase angle of the forward transadmittance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$\varphi_{ib}$	Common-base, phase angle of the input admittance (output short-circuited, y matrix)*
$\varphi_{ie}$	Common-emitter, phase angle of the input admittance (output short-circuited, y matrix)
$\varphi_{ob}$	Common-base, phase angle of the output admittance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$\varphi_{oe}$	Common-emitter, phase angle of the output admittance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$\varphi_{rb}$	Common-base, phase angle of the reverse transadmittance (input short-circuited, y matrix)
$\varphi_{re}$	Common-emitter, phase angle of the reverse transadmittance (input short-circuited, y matrix)



---

## **DATA SHEETS**

---

**LOW NOISE GENERAL PURPOSE AUDIO AMPLIFIERS**

The BC 107, BC 108 and BC 109 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-18 metal case. They are suitable for use in driver stages, low noise input stages and signal processing circuits of television receivers.

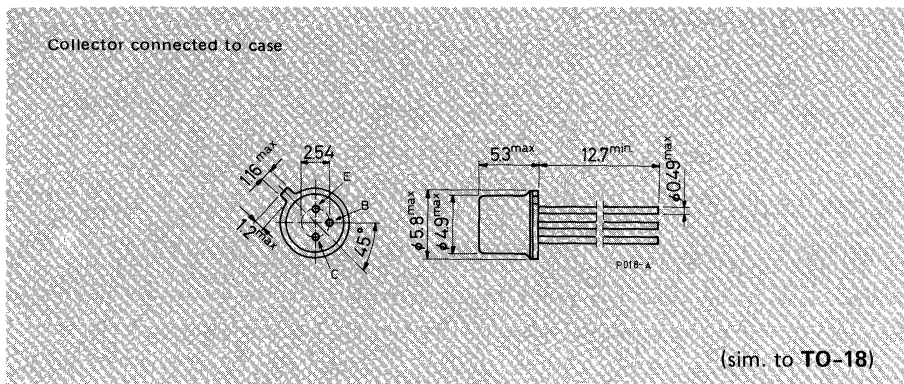
The complementary PNP types are respectively the BC 177, BC 178 and BC 179.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

		BC 107	BC 108	BC 109
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	50 V	30 V	30 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	45 V	20 V	20 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6 V	5 V	5 V
$I_C$	Collector current	100 mA		
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	0.3 W		
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	0.75 W		
$T_{stg.}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 175 °C		
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175 °C		

**MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



**BC 107**  
**BC 108**  
**BC 109**

**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	200	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	500	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	for <b>BC 107</b> $V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$ for <b>BC 108 - BC 109</b> $V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$			15 15 15 15	nA $\mu\text{A}$ nA $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 109</b>		50 30 30		V V V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$ * Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$  for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 109</b>		45 20 20		V V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 109</b>		6 5 5		V V V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5\text{ mA}$		70 200	250 600	mV mV
$V_{BE}$ * Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	550	650 700	700 770	mV mV
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5\text{ mA}$		750 900		mV mV

**BC 107**  
**BC 108**  
**BC 109**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. C for <b>BC 109</b> for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. C  $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. C for <b>BC 109</b> for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. C	110	230	450	—	
		110	180	220	—	
		200	290	450	—	
		110	350	800	—	
		110	180	220	—	
		200	290	450	—	
		420	520	800	—	
		200	350	800	—	
		200	290	450	—	
		420	520	800	—	
					120	—
					90	—
				40	150	—
					120	—
					90	—
				40	150	—
		100	270	—		
		70	210	—		
		40	150	—		
		100	270	—		
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. C for <b>BC 109</b> for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. C  $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$					
				250	—	
				190	—	
				300	—	
				370	—	
				190	—	
				300	—	
				500	—	
				370	—	
				300	—	
				550	—	
			2	—		
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$					
			4	6	pF	

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		11.5		pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 200 \text{ Hz}$		2	10	dB
		for <b>BC 107</b> for <b>BC 108</b> for <b>BC 109</b>		2	10	dB
		$I_C = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 15.7 \text{ kHz}$		1.5	4	dB
		for <b>BC 109</b>		1.5	4	dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
		for <b>BC 107</b>		4		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. A		3		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. B		4.8		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 108</b>		5.5		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. A		3		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. B		4.8		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. C		7		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 109</b>		5.5		k $\Omega$
		for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. B		4.8		k $\Omega$
for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. C		7		k $\Omega$		
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
		for <b>BC 107</b>		$2.2 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. A		$1.7 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. B		$2.7 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 108</b>		$3.1 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. A		$1.7 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. B		$2.7 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. C		$3.8 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 109</b>		$3.1 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. B		$2.7 \times 10^{-4}$		—
for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. C		$3.8 \times 10^{-4}$		—		



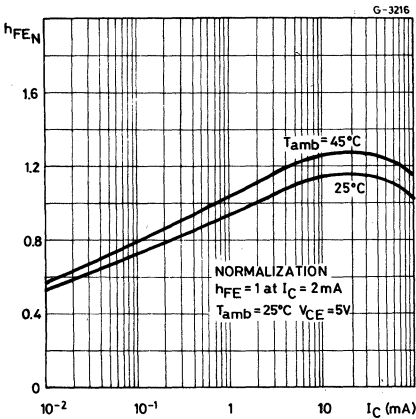
**BC 107**  
**BC 108**  
**BC 109**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

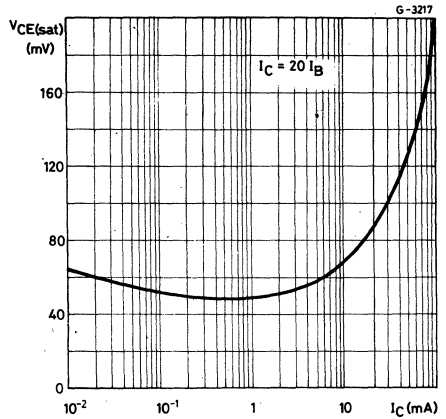
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
	for <b>BC 107</b>		20		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. A		13		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 107</b> Gr. B		26		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 108</b>		30		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. A		13		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. B		26		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 108</b> Gr. C		34		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 109</b>		30		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. B		26		$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 109</b> Gr. C		34		$\mu\text{S}$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC normalized current gain

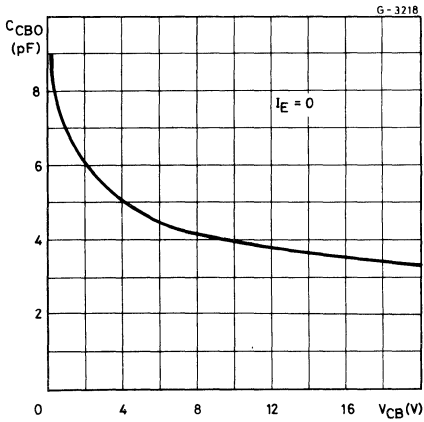


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

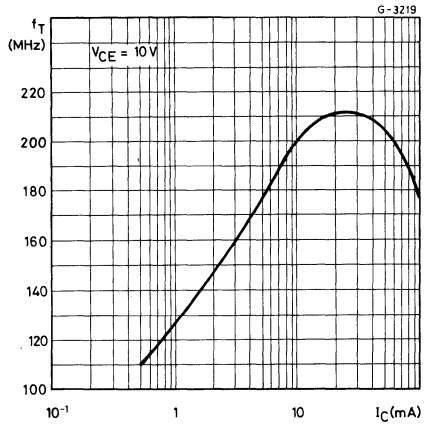


# BC 107 BC 108 BC 109

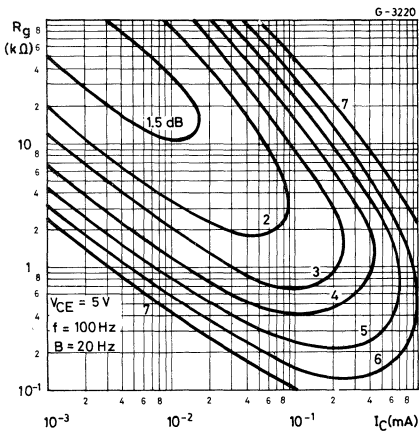
Collector-base capacitance



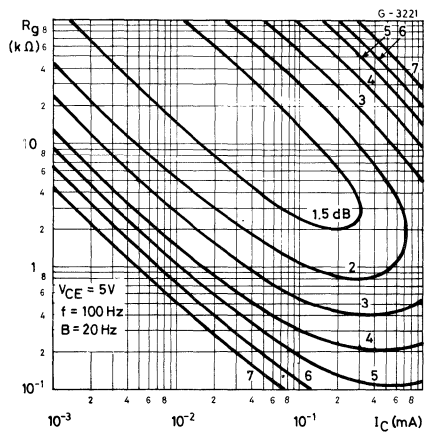
Transition frequency



Noise figure (for BC 109 only)

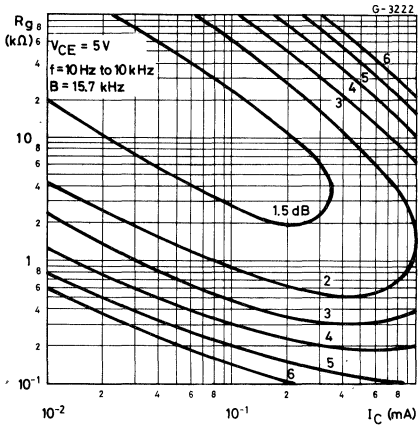


Noise figure (for BC 109 only)

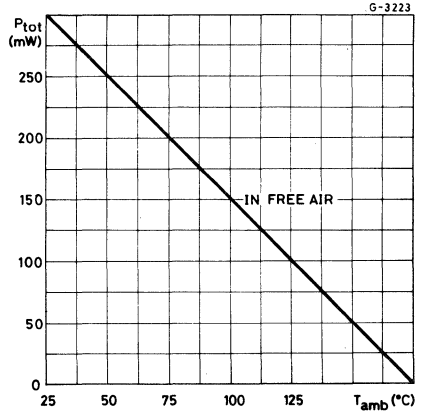


**BC 107**  
**BC 108**  
**BC 109**

Noise figure (for **BC 109** only)



Power rating chart



# BC 119

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### AUDIO OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

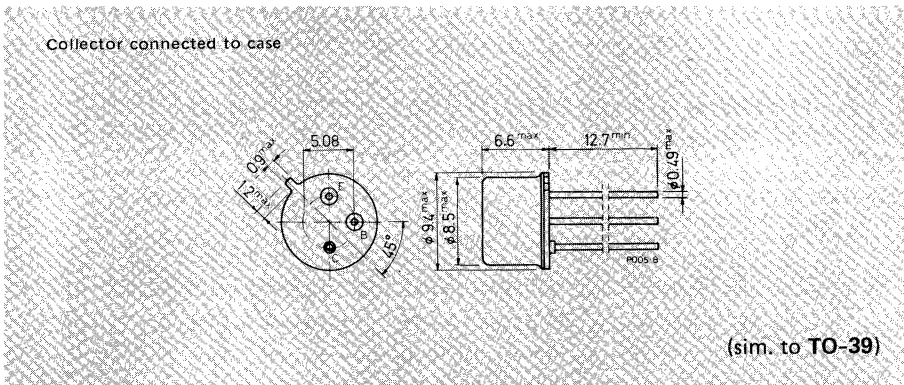
The BC 119 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in a TO-39 metal case. It is suitable for 1 W class "A" and up to 6 W class "B" audio output stages.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	5	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	2.8	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 119

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$			100 20	nA $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	60			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	30			V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$		0.15 0.4 0.8	0.35 1.1 1.5	V V V
$V_{BE}$ * Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$		1 0.85	1.8 1	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturator. voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_B = 0.1\text{ A}$		0.9 1.4	1.2 2	V V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$ $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$ $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	40 40 25	100 90 60		— — —
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ Matched pair	$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$			1.4	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	40			MHz
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$		12	25	pF

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 139

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### AUDIO OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

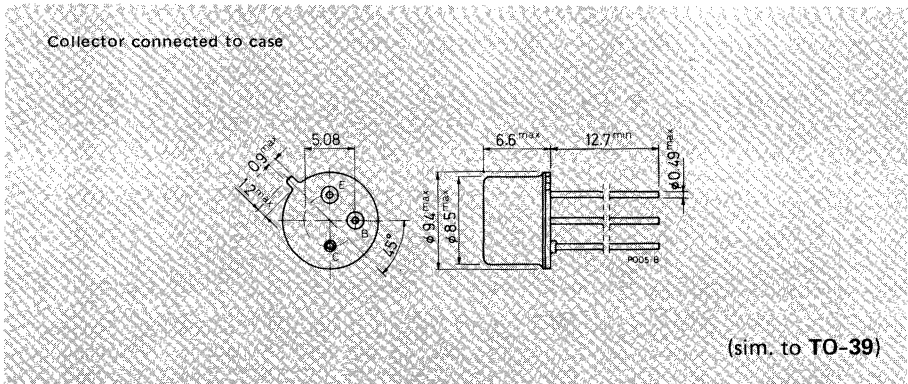
The BC 139 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in a TO-39 metal case. It is particularly designed for use in audio output and driver stages. The complementary NPN type is the BC 119.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.7	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	3	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 139

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	250	°C/W

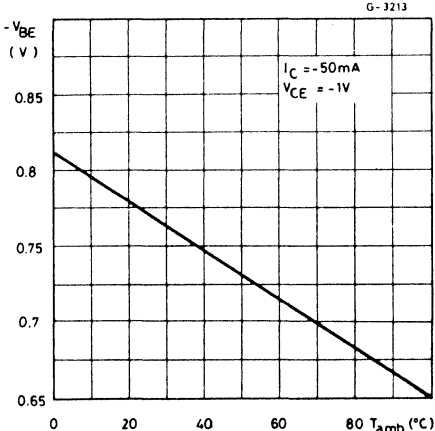
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -30V$ $V_{CB} = -30V$	$T_{amb} = 75^{\circ}C$	-100 -50	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base break-down voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$		-40	V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	*Collector-emitter break-down voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$		-40	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base break-down voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu A$		-5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -300\ mA$ $I_B = -30\ mA$ $I_C = -500\ mA$ $I_B = -50\ mA$		-0.45 -0.8 -1	V V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -100\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -300\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		-0.7 -0.77 -0.97	V V V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -100\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -300\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		90 40 90 45 20 35	- - - -
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50\ mA$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	200	MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$	$V_{CB} = -10V$	6	pF

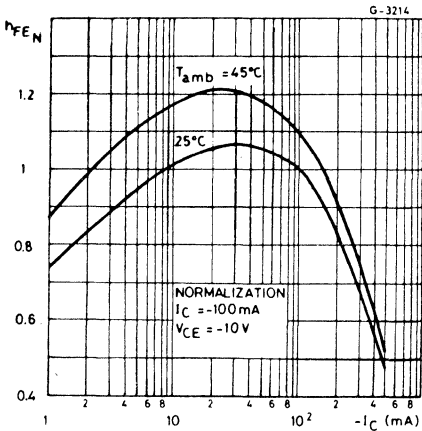
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 139

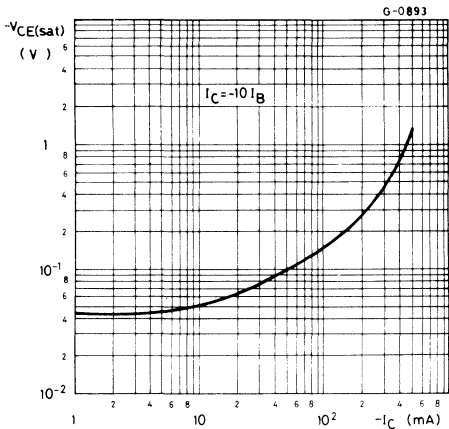
Base-emitter voltage



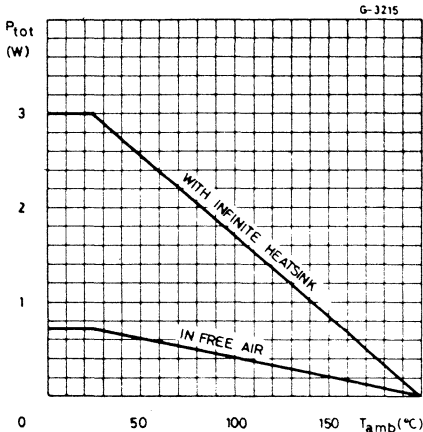
DC normalized current gain



Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Power rating chart





# BC 140 BC 141

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSISTORS

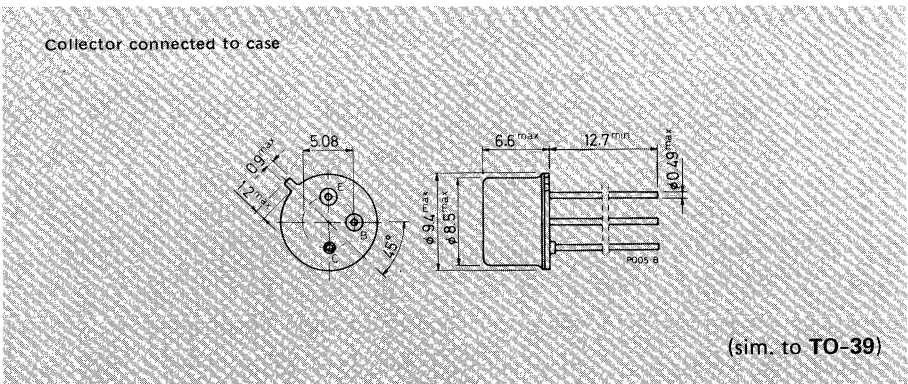
The BC 140 and BC 141 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are particularly designed for audio amplifiers and switching applications up to 1 A.

The complementary PNP types are the BC 160 and BC 161.\*

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		BC 140	BC 141
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60 V	80 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) & $I_G$	40 V	60 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		7 V
$I_C$	Collector current		1 A
$I_B$	Base current		0.1 A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.8 W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		4 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-55 to 200 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature		200 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



## Thermal Data

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	44 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220 °C/W

## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 50\text{ V } T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$			200 200	nA μA
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\text{ μA}$ for <b>BC 140</b> for <b>BC 141</b>	60 80			V V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}^*$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 140</b> for <b>BC 141</b>	40 60			V V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\text{ μA}$	7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 100\text{ mA } I_B = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500\text{ mA } I_B = 50\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1\text{ A } I_B = 0.1\text{ A}$		0.1 0.35 0.6	1	V V V
$V_{BE}^*$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 1\text{ A } V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	1.25	1.6		V

# BC 140 BC 141

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 1 V$ for <b>BC 140-141</b> for <b>BC 140-141</b> Gr. 6 for <b>BC 140-141</b> Gr. 10		75		—
			28		—
			40		—
	$I_C = 100 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1 V$ for <b>BC 140-141</b> for <b>BC 140-141</b> Gr. 6 for <b>BC 140-141</b> Gr. 10	40	140	250	—
		40	63	100	—
		63	100	160	—
$I_C = 1 A$ $V_{CE} = 1 V$ for <b>BC 140-141</b> for <b>BC 140-141</b> Gr. 6 for <b>BC 140-141</b> Gr. 10		26		—	
		15		—	
		20		—	
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ Matched pair ratio	$I_C = 100 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1 V$			1.25	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$	50			MHz
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 V$ $f = 1 MHz$		12		pF
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 100 mA$ $I_{B1} = 5 mA$			250	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 100 mA$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 5 mA$			850	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSISTORS

The BC 160 and BC 161 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are particularly designed for audio amplifiers and switching applications up to 1 A.

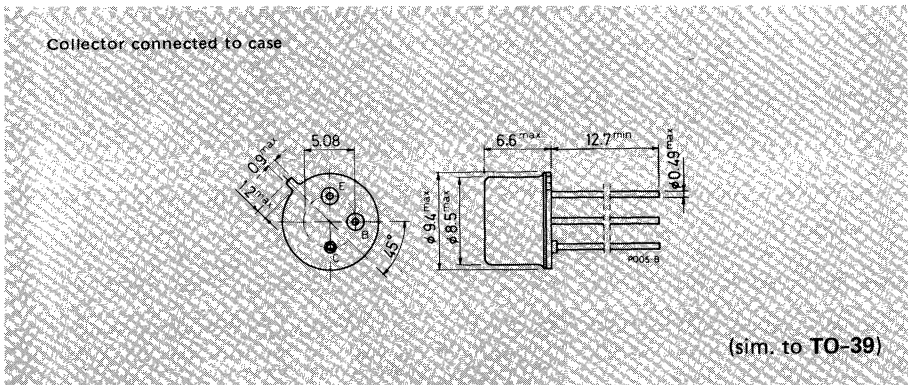
The complementary NPN types are the BC 140 and BC 141.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 160	BC 161
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-60 V	-80 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40 V	-60 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		-5 V
$I_C$	Collector current		-1 A
$I_B$	Base current		-0.1 A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.8 W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		4 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-55 to $200^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature		$200^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 160 BC 161

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	44 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220 °C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -50\text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = -50\text{ V } T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$			-200 -200	nA $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -100\ \mu\text{A}$ for BC 160 for BC 161			-60 -80	V V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}^*$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ for BC 160 for BC 161			-40 -60	V V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -100\ \mu\text{A}$			-5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -0.1\text{ A } I_B = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -0.5\text{ A } I_B = -50\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -1\text{ A } I_B = -0.1\text{ A}$			-0.1 -0.35 -0.6	V V V
$V_{BE}^*$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -1\text{ A } V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$			-1.1 -1.6	V
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	$I_C = -100\ \mu\text{A } V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ for BC 160-161 for BC 160-161 Gr. 6 for BC 160-161 Gr. 10 $I_C = -100\text{ mA } V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ for BC 160-161 for BC 160-161 Gr. 6 for BC 160-161 Gr. 10 $I_C = -1\text{ A } V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ for BC 160-161 for BC 160-161 Gr. 6 for BC 160-161 Gr. 10			110 46 80 40 140 250 40 63 100 63 100 160 26 15 20	— — — — — — — — — —

# BC 160 BC 161

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ Matched pair ratio	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1 \text{ V}$		1.25		—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$	50			MHz
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -20 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		15		pF
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -5 \text{ mA}$		500		ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = -5 \text{ mA}$		650		ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**BC 177**  
**BC 178**  
**BC 179**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## LOW NOISE GENERAL PURPOSE AUDIO AMPLIFIERS

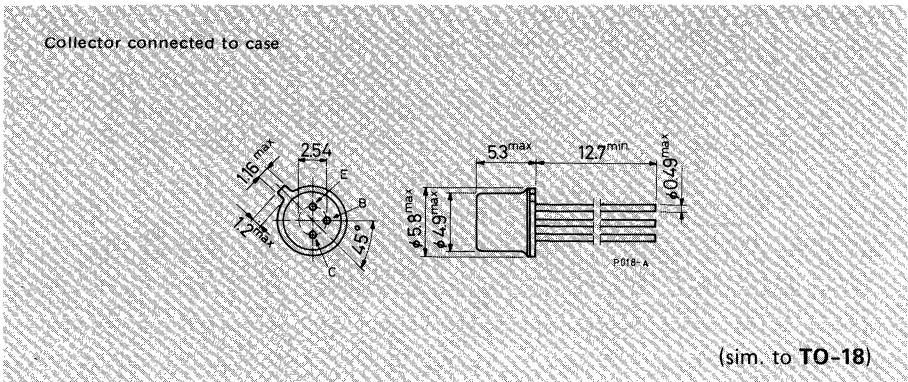
The BC 177, BC 178 and BC 179 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in TO-18 metal case. They are suitable for use in driver audio stages, low noise input audio stages and as low power, high gain general purpose transistors. The complementary NPN types are respectively the BC 107, BC 108 and BC 109.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BC 177	BC 178	BC 179
$V_{CBO}$	-50 V	-30 V	-25 V
$V_{CES}$	-45 V	-25 V	-20 V
$V_{CEO}$	-45 V	-25 V	-20 V
$V_{EBO}$		-5 V	
$I_{EM}$		200 mA	
$I_C$		-100 mA	
$I_{CM}$		-200 mA	
$P_{tot}$		300 mW	
		300 mW	
		-65 to 175 °C	
$T_{stg}$		175 °C	
$T_j$			

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	200	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	500	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = -20V$		-1 -100	nA
$V_{(BR)CEO}^*$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -2\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 177</b> for <b>BC 178</b> for <b>BC 179</b>		-45 -25 -20	V V V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$ for <b>BC 177</b> for <b>BC 178</b> for <b>BC 179</b>		-50 -30 -25	V V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base break- down voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu A$		-5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -5\text{ mA}$		-75 -250 -200	mV mV
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -2\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$	-600 -640 -750	mV
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -5\text{ mA}$		-720 -860	mV mV
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$	$V_{CE} = -5V$	30	-
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. B		125    260 125    260 240    500 125    260 240    500	- - - - -



# BC 177 BC 178 BC 179

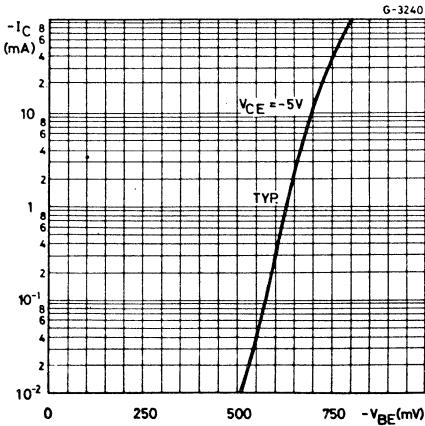
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$	200			MHz
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$	5.5			pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = -0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 200 \text{ Hz}$				
	for <b>BC 177</b>	2	10		dB
	for <b>BC 178</b>	2	10		dB
	for <b>BC 179</b>	1.2	4		dB
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
	for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. 6	1.5			k $\Omega$
	for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. A	2.7			k $\Omega$
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. 6	1.5			k $\Omega$
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. A	2.7			k $\Omega$
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. B	5.2			k $\Omega$
	for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. A	2.7			k $\Omega$
	for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. B	5.2			k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
	for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. 6	$1.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
	for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. A	$2.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. 6	$1.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. A	$2.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. B	$4.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
	for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. A	$2.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
	for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. B	$4.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
	for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. 6	20			$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 177</b> Gr. A	25			$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. 6	20			$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. A	25			$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 178</b> Gr. B	35			$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. A	25			$\mu\text{S}$
	for <b>BC 179</b> Gr. B	35			$\mu\text{S}$

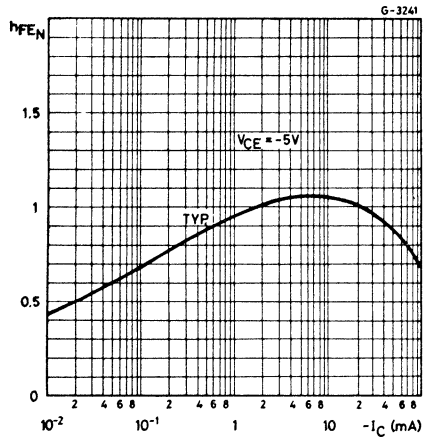
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%.

**BC 177**  
**BC 178**  
**BC 179**

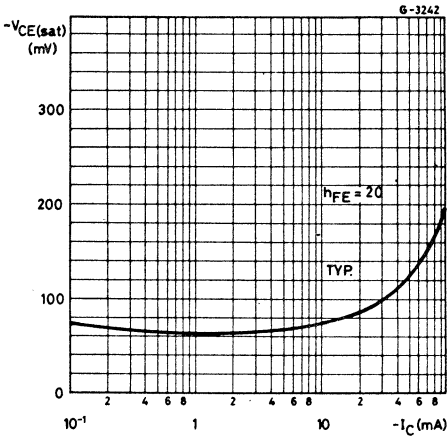
DC transconductance



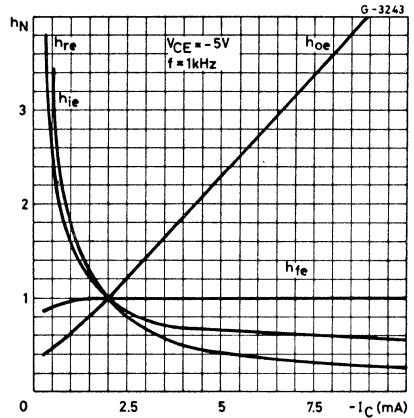
DC normalized current gain



Collector-emitter saturation voltage

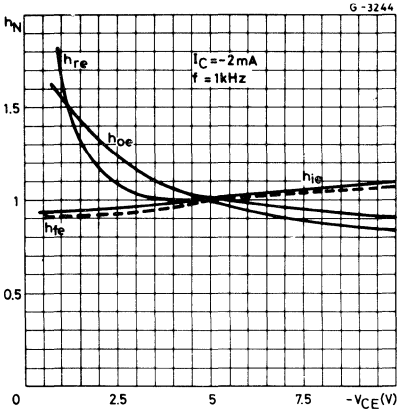


Typical normalized h parameters

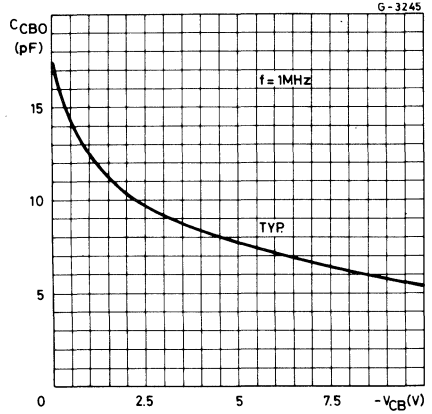


# BC 177 BC 178 BC 179

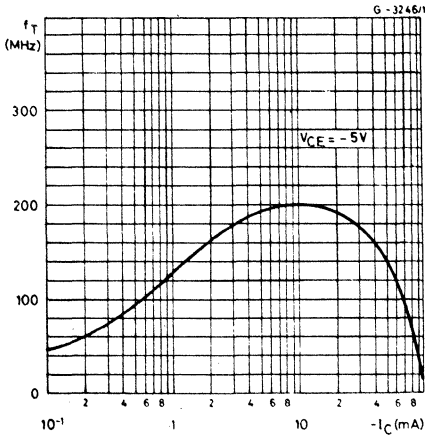
Typical normalized h parameters



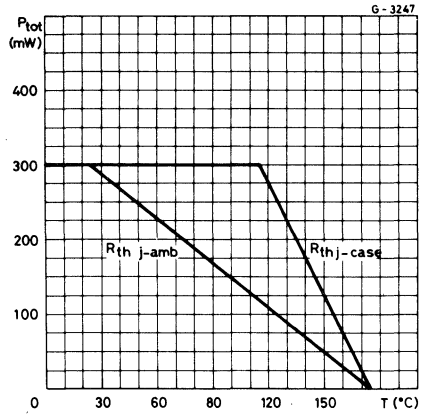
Collector-base capacitance



Transition frequency



Power rating chart



## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### AUDIO DRIVERS OR OUTPUT STAGES

The BC 297 and BC 298 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in TO-18 metal case. They are particularly intended for use in high current high gain applications, in driver stages of hi-fi equipments or in output stages of low power class B amplifiers.

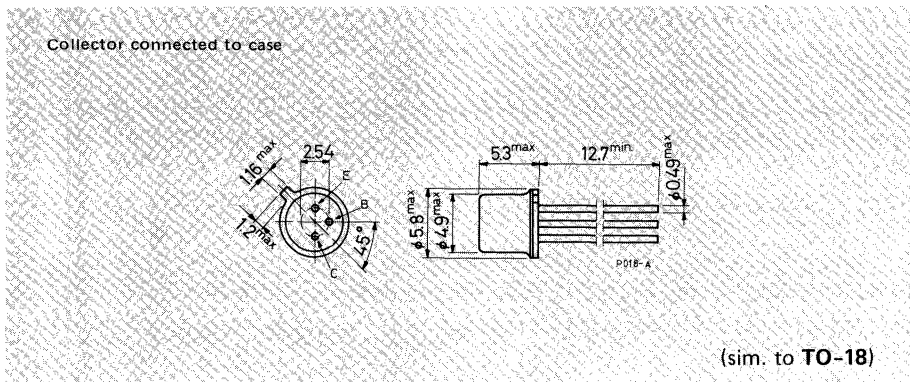
The complementary NPN types are the BC 377 and BC 378, respectively.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 297	BC 298
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	-50 V	-30 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-45 V	-25 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		-5 V
$I_E$	Emitter current		1.2 A
$I_C$	Collector current		-1 A
$I_B$	Base current		-0.2 A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$		375 mW 1 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-65 to 175 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature		175 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 297

# BC 298

## THERMAL DATA

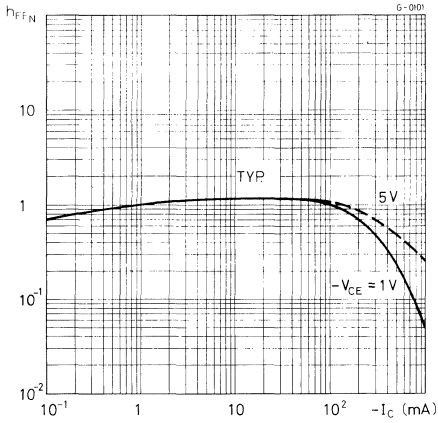
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	100	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	400	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

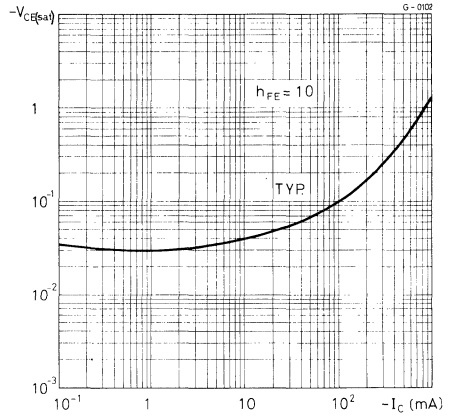
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	for <b>BC 297</b> $V_{CE} = -50\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 298</b> $V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$			-100 -100	nA nA
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 297</b> for <b>BC 298</b>	-45 -25			V V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-5			V
$V_{CE\ (sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$			-0.7	V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$			-770	mV
$V_{BE\ (sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$			-1.2	V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	Gr. 6 $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ Gr. 7 $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ $I_C = -300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$	75 125 30		150 260	— — —
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ Matched pair ratio	$I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$			1.41	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$		250		MHz
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{ V}$		8		pF
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{ V}$		30		pF

# BC 297 BC 298

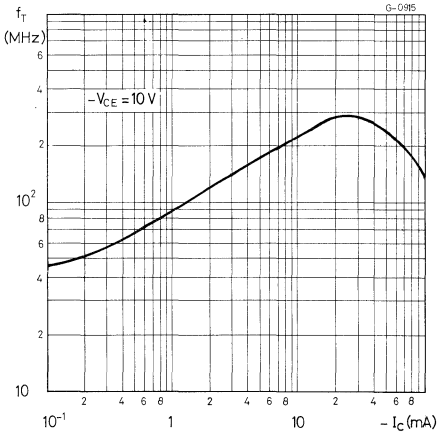
DC normalized current gain



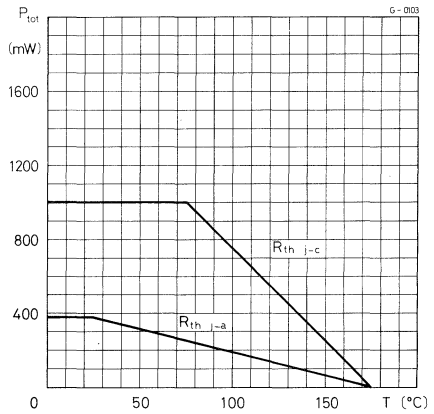
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Typical transition frequency



Power rating chart



**BC 300**  
**BC 301**  
**BC 302**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## MEDIUM POWER AUDIO DRIVERS

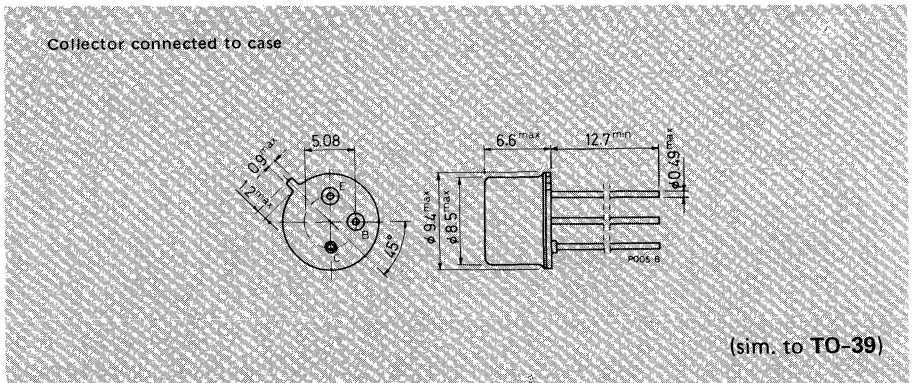
The BC 300, BC 301 and BC 302 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are intended for audio driver stages in commercial and industrial equipments. In addition they are useful as high speed saturated switches and general purpose amplifiers. The PNP types complementary to BC 301 and BC 302 are respectively the BC 303 and BC 304.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 300	BC 301	BC 302
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	120 V	90 V	60 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	80 V	60 V	45 V
$V_{CEV}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = -1.5$ V)	120 V	90 V	—
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7 V		
$I_C$	Collector current	0.5 A		
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current	1 A		
$I_{BM}$	Base peak current	0.5 A		
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25$ °C	0.85 W		
	at $T_{case} \leq 25$ °C	6 W		
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-65 to 175 °C		
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175 °C		

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	25	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$		5	20	nA
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 7\text{ V}$			20	nA
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	*Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 300</b> for <b>BC 301</b> for <b>BC 302</b>	80 60 45			V V V
$V_{CEV(sus)}$	*Collector-emitter voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{BE} = -1.5\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 300</b> for <b>BC 301</b>	120 90			V V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15\text{ mA}$		0.2	0.5	V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		0.78		V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	Gr. 4 $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ Gr. 5 $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ Gr. 6 $I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 0.1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	40 70 120 20 20		80 140 240 — —	— — — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		120		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$		10		pF
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		1.1		k $\Omega$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1%

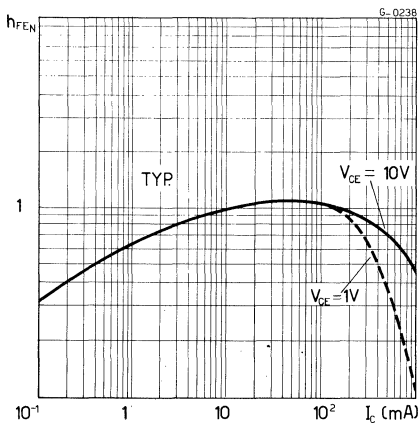


**BC 300**  
**BC 301**  
**BC 302**

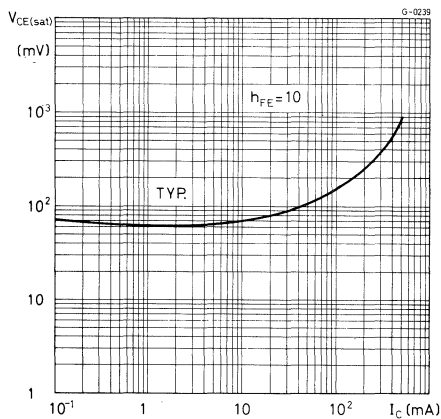
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		$1.7 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		140		—
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		14		$\mu\text{S}$

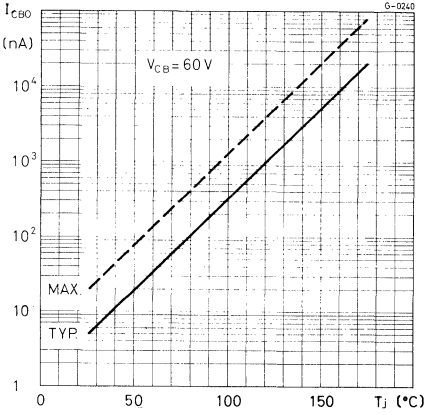
DC normalized current gain



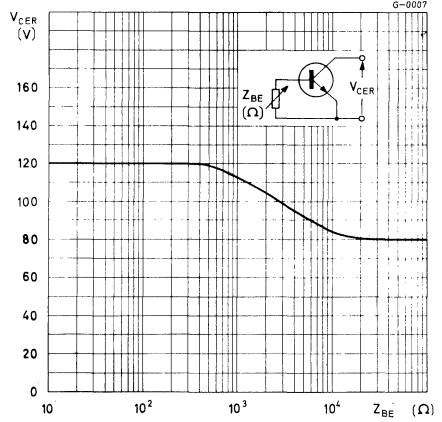
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



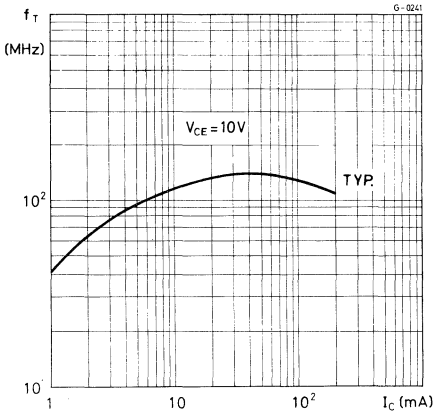
Collector cutoff current



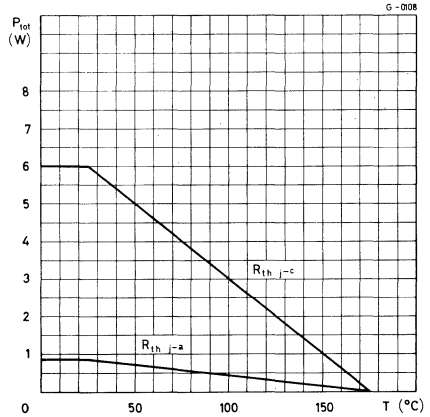
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage (for BC 300 only)



Transition frequency



Power rating chart



# BC 303 BC 304

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## MEDIUM POWER AUDIO DRIVERS

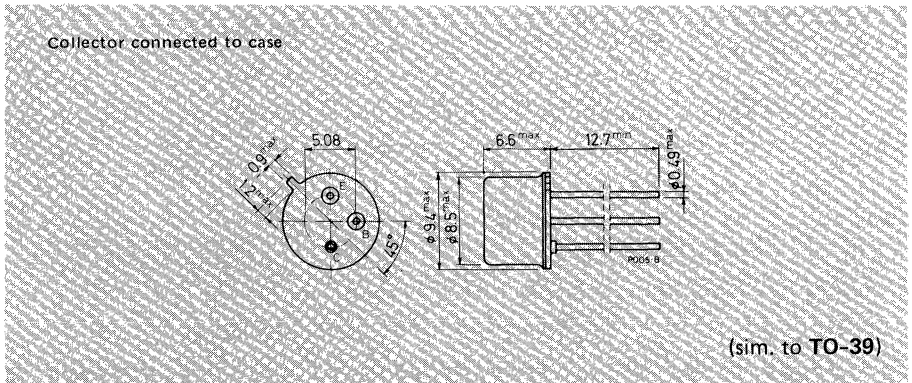
The BC 303 and BC 304 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are intended particularly as audio driver stages in commercial and professional equipments. In addition they are useful as high speed saturated switches and general purpose amplifiers. The complementary NPN types are respectively the BC 301 and BC 302.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 303	BC 304
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-85 V	-60 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-60 V	-45 V
$V_{CEV}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 1.5V$ )	-85 V	-
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		-7 V
$I_C$	Collector current	-0.5 A	
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current	-1 A	
$I_{BM}$	Base peak current	-0.5 A	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$		0.85 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-65 to 175 °C	6 W
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 303 BC 304

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	25	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

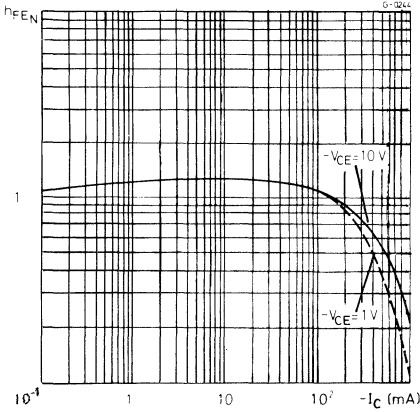
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -60V$		-5 -20	nA
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = -5V$		-20	nA
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$	for <b>BC 303</b> for <b>BC 304</b>	-60 -45	V V
$V_{CEV(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter voltage (for <b>BC 303</b> only)	$I_C = -10\ mA$	$V_{BE} = 1.5V$	-85	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -150\ mA$ $I_B = -15\ mA$		-0.25 -0.65	V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -150\ mA$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	-0.78	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain Gr. 4 Gr. 5 Gr. 6	$I_C = -150\ mA$ $I_C = -150\ mA$ $I_C = -150\ mA$ $I_C = -0.1\ mA$ $I_C = -500\ mA$	$V_{CE} = -10V$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $V_{CE} = -10V$	40 70 120 20 20	80 140 240 — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -10\ mA$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	75	MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -10V$	15	pF
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = -5\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	0.9	k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -5\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	—
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -5\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	140	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = -5\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = -10V$	45	$\mu S$

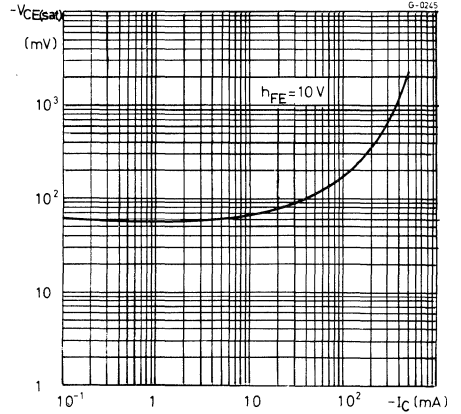
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 303 BC 304

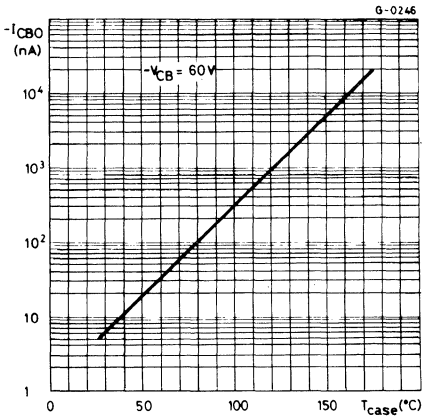
DC normalized current gain



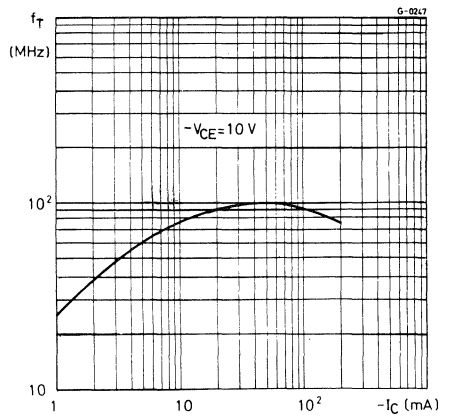
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Collector cutoff current



Transition frequency



## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### AUDIO DRIVERS OR OUTPUT STAGES

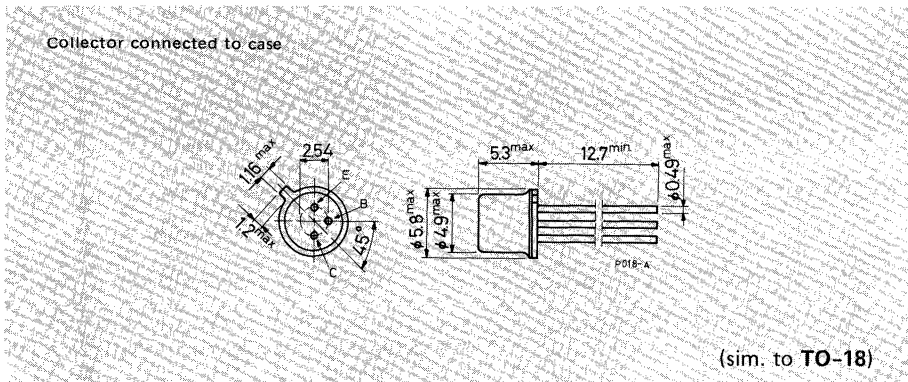
The BC 377 and BC 378 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-18 metal case. They are particularly intended for use in high current, high gain applications, in driver stages of hi-fi equipments or in output stages of low power class B amplifiers. The complementary PNP types are the BC 297 and BC 298, respectively.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 377	BC 378
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{EB} = 0$ )	50 V	30 V
$\rightarrow V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40 V	25 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		6 V
$I_E$	Emitter current		-1.2 A
$I_C$	Collector current		1 A
$I_B$	Base current		0.2 A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$		375 mW 1 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-65 to 175 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature		175 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 377 BC 378

## THERMAL DATA

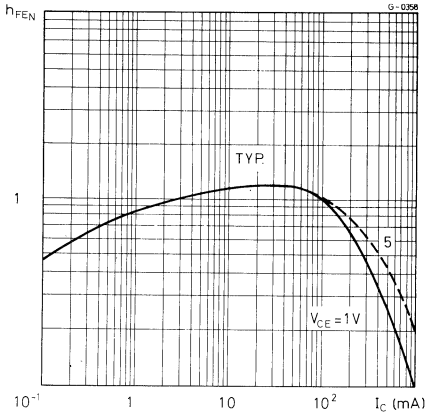
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	100	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	400	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

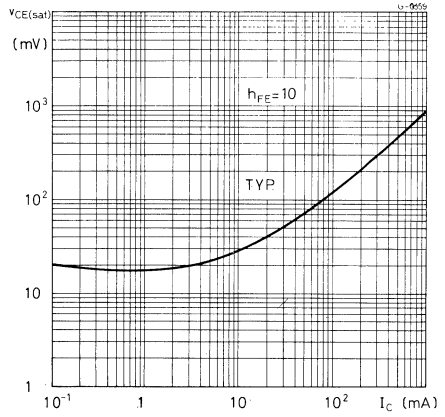
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	for <b>BC 377</b> $V_{CE} = 50\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 378</b> $V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$			15 15	nA nA
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$		6		V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 377</b> for <b>BC 378</b>		40 25		V V
$V_{CE\ (sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$			0.7	V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$		740		mV
$V_{BE\ (sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$			1.2	V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain Gr. 6 Gr. 7	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$ $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$		75 125	150 260	— — —
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ Matched pair ratio	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$			1.41	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		300		MHz
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$		8		pF
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$		30		pF

# BC 377 BC 378

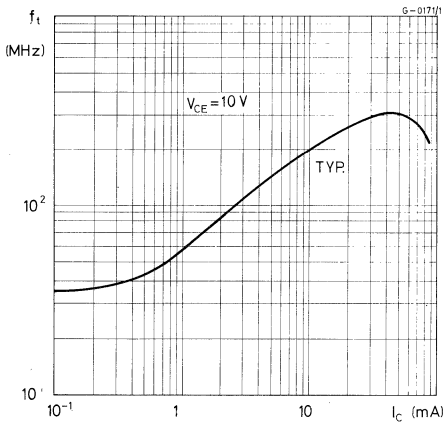
DC normalized current gain



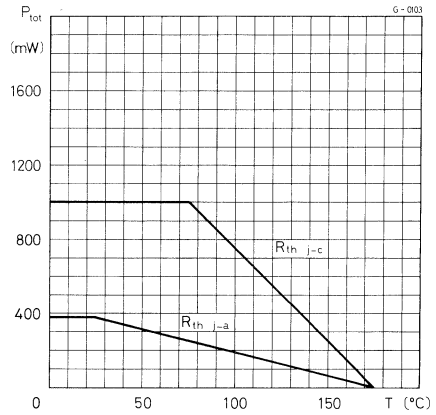
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Transition frequency



Power rating chart





# BC 393

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

The BC 393 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, designed for general purpose high-voltage and video amplifier applications.

The complementary NPN type is the BC 394.

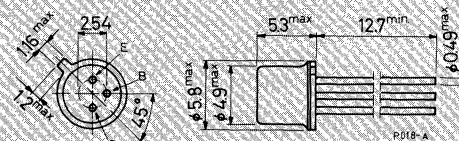
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-180	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-180	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.4	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.4	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	125	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	440	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )			50 50	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )		-180		V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )		-180		V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		-6		V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -50\text{ mA}$	$I_B = -1\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -5\text{ mA}$	-100 -300 -230	mV mV
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -50\text{ mA}$	$I_B = -1\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -5\text{ mA}$	-750 -900 -850	mV mV
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain	$I_C = -1\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -10\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$	50 140 150	- -
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$	50 120	MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = -10\text{ V}$	4 7	pF

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 394

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

The BC 394 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, designed for general purpose high-voltage and video amplifier applications.

The complementary PNP type is the BC 393.

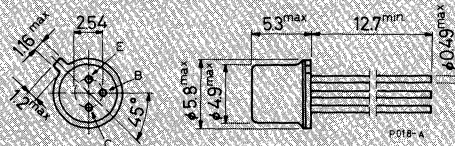
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	180	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	180	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.4	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.4	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	125	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	440	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 100\text{V}$ $V_{CB} = 100\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 150\ ^\circ\text{C}$			50 50	nA $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	180			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$	180			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 1\ \text{mA}$ $I_C = 50\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 5\ \text{mA}$		200 400	300	mV mV
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 1\ \text{mA}$ $I_C = 50\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 5\ \text{mA}$		750 850	900	mV mV
$h_{FE}$	* DC current gain $I_C = 1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	30	80 90		— —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	50	90		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$		5		pF

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 440 BC 441

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### MEDIUM POWER AMPLIFIER

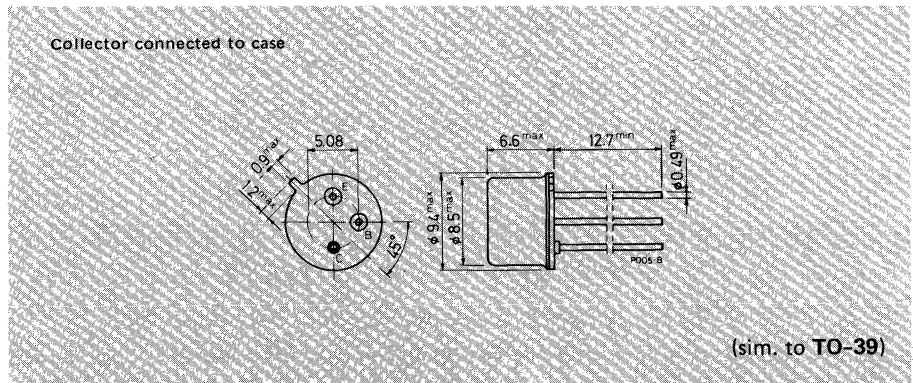
The BC 440 and BC 441 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are intended for general purpose applications, especially for driver stages.

The complementary PNP types are respectively the BC 460 and BC 461.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		BC 440	BC 441
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	50 V	75 V
$V_{CEO (sus)}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40 V	60 V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 100 \Omega$ )	50 V	75 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		5 V
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current		2 A
$I_{BM}$	Base peak current		1 A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$		1 W 10 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-65 to 200 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature		200 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BC 440 BC 441

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	17.5	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

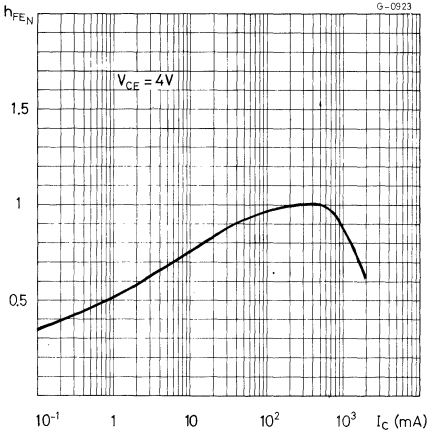
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$			100	nA
$I_{CER}$ Collector cutoff current ( $R_{BE} = 100\ \Omega$ )	for <b>BC 440</b> $V_{CE} = 50\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 441</b> $V_{CE} = 70\text{ V}$			10 10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$		5		V
$V_{CEC(sus)}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 440</b> for <b>BC 441</b>	40 60			V V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$			1	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$			1.5	V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	Gr. 4 $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$ Gr. 5 $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$ Gr. 6 $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$ $I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$ (for <b>BC 440</b> only)	40 60 115 20		70 130 250	— — — —
$h_{FE1}, h_{FE2}$ Matched pair ratio	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$			1.4	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$		50		MHz

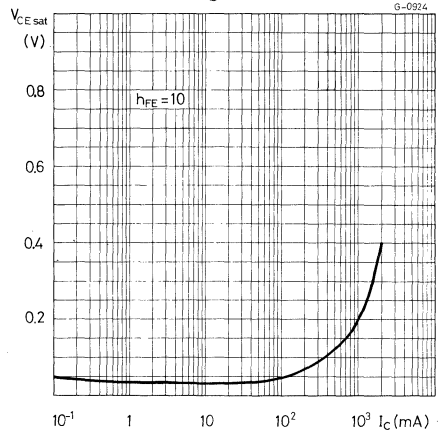
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 440 BC 441

Typical DC normalized current gain



Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage



# BC 460 BC 461

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### MEDIUM POWER AMPLIFIER

The BC 460 and BC 461 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are intended for general purpose applications, especially for driver stages.

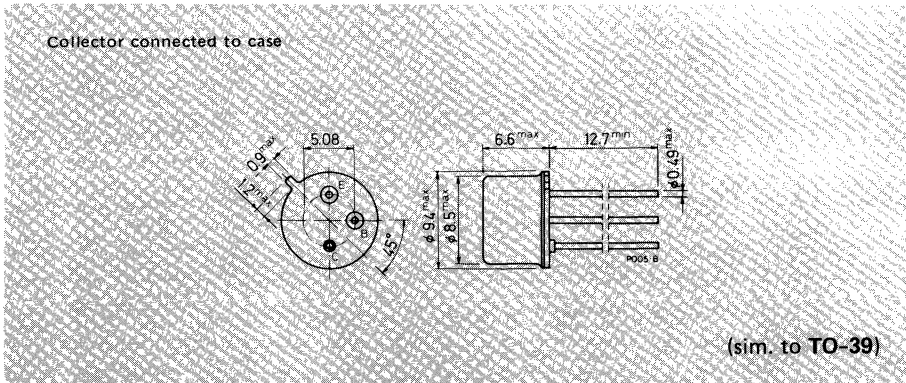
The complementary NPN types are respectively the BC 440 and BC 441.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 460	BC 461
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-50 V	-75 V
$V_{CEO}$ (sus)	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40 V	-60 V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 100 \Omega$ )	-50 V	-75 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )		-5 V
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current		-2 A
$I_{BM}$	Base peak current		-1 A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$		1 W 10 W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-65 to 200 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature		200 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# BC 460 BC 461

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	17.5	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

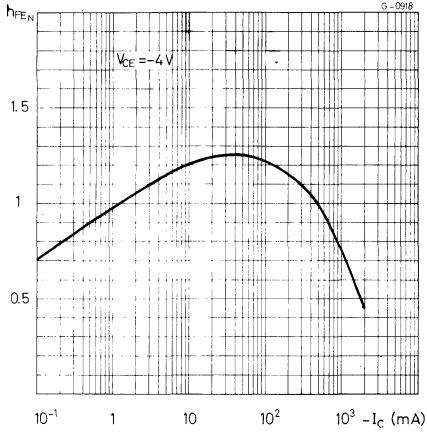
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -40\text{ V}$			-100	nA
$I_{CER}$ Collector cutoff current ( $R_{BE} = 100\ \Omega$ )	for <b>BC 460</b> $V_{CE} = -50\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 461</b> $V_{CE} = -70\text{ V}$			-10 -10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -100\ \mu\text{A}$			-5	V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 460</b> for <b>BC 461</b>	-40 -60			V V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ $I_B = -100\text{ mA}$			-1	V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ $I_B = -100\text{ mA}$			-1.5	V
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	Gr. 4 $I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -4\text{ V}$ Gr. 5 $I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -4\text{ V}$ Gr. 6 $I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -4\text{ V}$ $I_C = -1\text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$ (for <b>BC 460</b> only)		40 60 115 20	70 130 250	— — — —
$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ Matched pair ratio	$I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -4\text{ V}$			1.4	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -4\text{ V}$	50			MHz

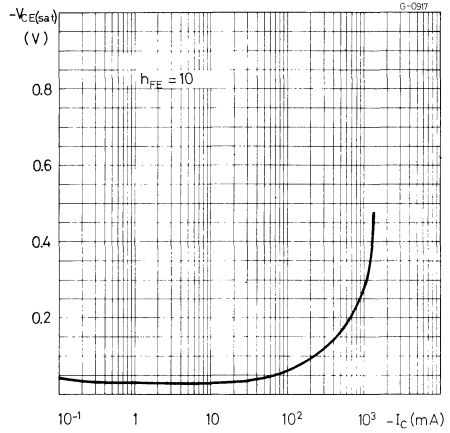
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BC 460 BC 461

Typical DC normalized current gain



Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage



**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## LOW NOISE GENERAL PURPOSE AUDIO AMPLIFIERS

The BC 477, BC 478 and BC 479 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in TO-18 metal case.

The BC 477 is a high voltage type designed for use in audio amplifiers or driver stages, and in the signal processing circuits of TV sets. The BC 478 and BC 479 are respectively low noise and very low noise types, designed for general preamplifier or amplifier applications.

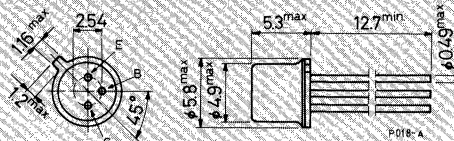
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BC 477	BC 478	BC 479
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	-90 V	-50 V	-40 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-80 V	-50 V	-40 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6 V		
$I_C$	Collector current	-150 mA		
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36 W		
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2 W		
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200 °C		
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200 °C		

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	480 °C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	for <b>BC 477</b> $V_{CE} = -70\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -70\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ for <b>BC 478</b> $V_{CE} = -40\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -40\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ for <b>BC 479</b> $V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$			-10 -10 -10 -10	nA $\mu\text{A}$ nA $\mu\text{A}$ nA $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = -4\text{ V}$			-10	nA
$V_{(BR)CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 479</b>	-90 -50 -40			V V V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$ *Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -5\text{ mA}$ for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 479</b>	-80 -50 -40			V V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-6			V

**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -0.5\text{ mA}$		-0.1	-0.25	V
	$I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -5\text{ mA}$		-0.3		V
$V_{BE}$ * Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$	-0.55	-0.65	-0.75	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -0.5\text{ mA}$		-0.75	-0.9	V
	$I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -5\text{ mA}$		-0.9		V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = -10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. VI for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 479</b> for <b>BC 479</b> Gr. B		30	115	—
			30	70	—
			50	130	—
			50	195	—
			50	130	—
			100	250	—
	$I_C = -2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. VI for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 479</b> for <b>BC 479</b> Gr. B		70	250	—
			70	130	—
			110	250	—
			110	450	—
			110	250	—
			220	450	—
	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$ for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. VI for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 479</b> for <b>BC 479</b> Gr. B		160	—	—
			100	—	—
			180	—	—
			270	—	—
		180	—	—	
		350	—	—	

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

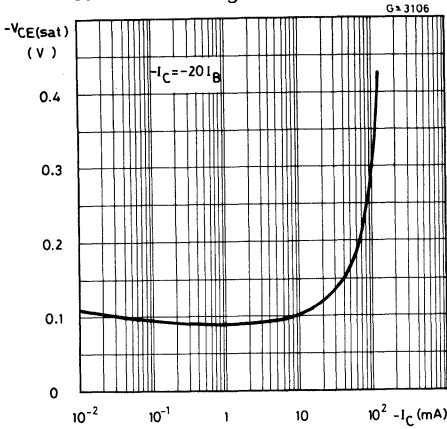
**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

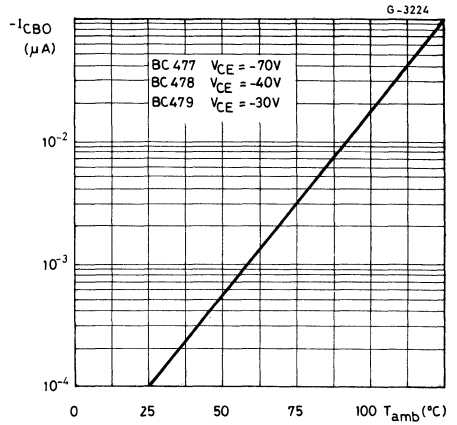
Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
		for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. VI for <b>BC 477</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. A for <b>BC 478</b> Gr. B for <b>BC 479</b> for <b>BC 479</b> Gr. B	75 75 125 125 125 240 240 240		260 150 260 500 260 500 — 500	— — — — — — — —
		$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$		7.5		—
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$		4	6	pF
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$		11	15	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = -20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 15.7 \text{ kHz}$				
		for <b>BC 479</b>	0.8	3.5	dB	
		$I_C = -200 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 15.7 \text{ kHz}$				
		for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 479</b>	1.5 1		4 dB	
		$I_C = -20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 200 \text{ Hz}$				
		for <b>BC 479</b>	0.5	2.5	dB	
		$I_C = -200 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 200 \text{ Hz}$				
		for <b>BC 477</b> for <b>BC 478</b> for <b>BC 479</b>	2 1.2 0.8	10 6 4	dB dB dB	

**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

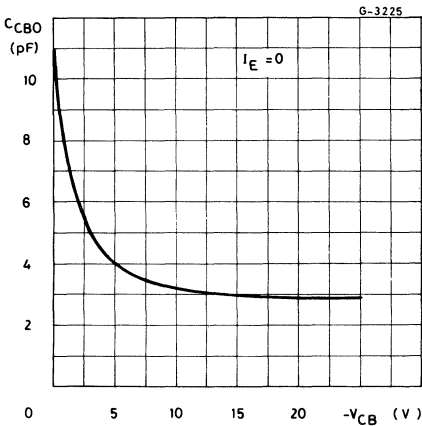
Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage



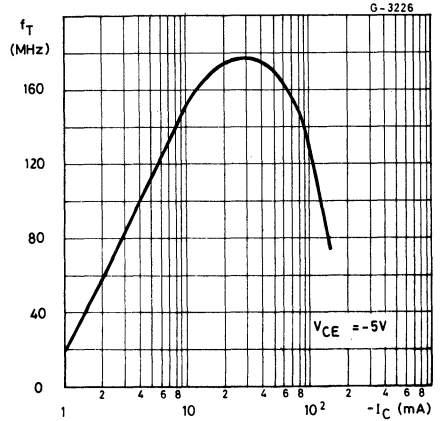
Typical collector cutoff current



Typical collector-base capacitance

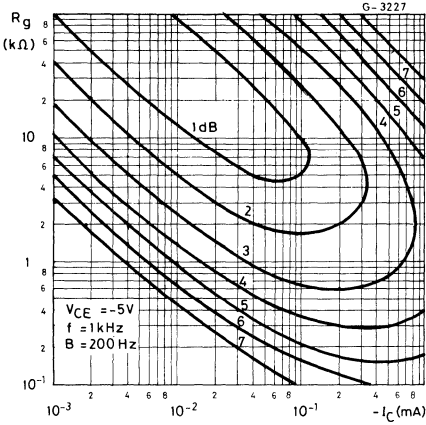


Transition frequency

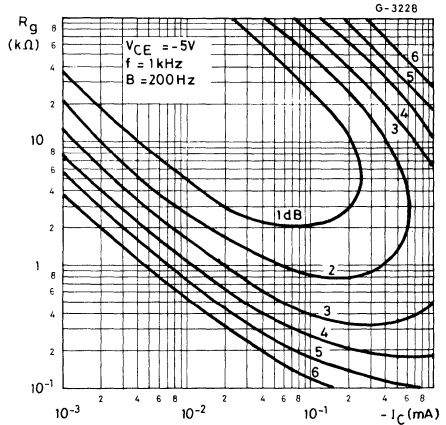


**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

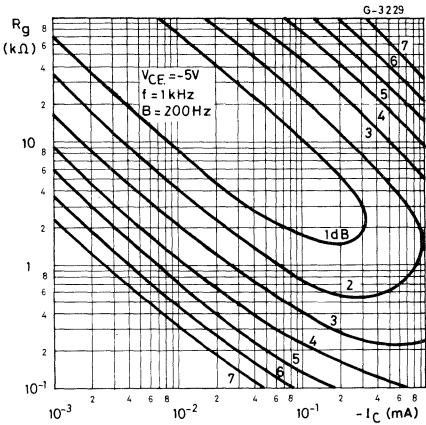
Noise figure (for **BC 477** only)



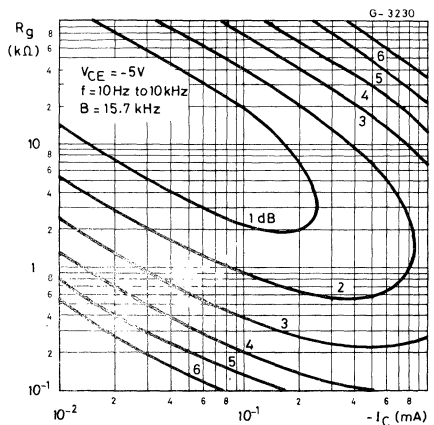
Noise figure (for **BC 478** only)



Noise figure (for **BC 479** only)



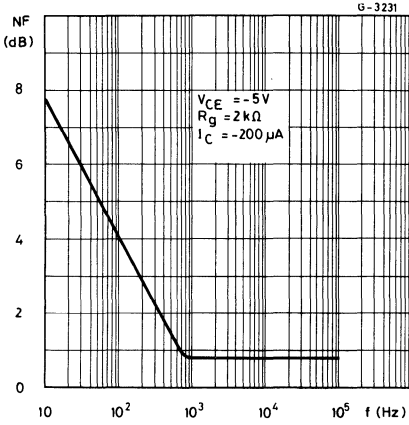
Noise figure (for **BC 479** only)



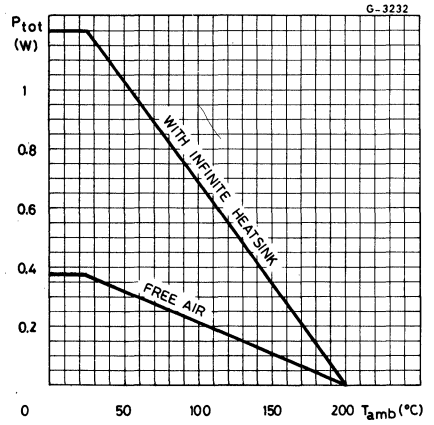


**BC 477**  
**BC 478**  
**BC 479**

Noise figure vs. frequency (for **BC 479** only)



Power rating chart



## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### LOW-NOISE AUDIO AMPLIFIERS

The BCY58 and BCY59 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case.

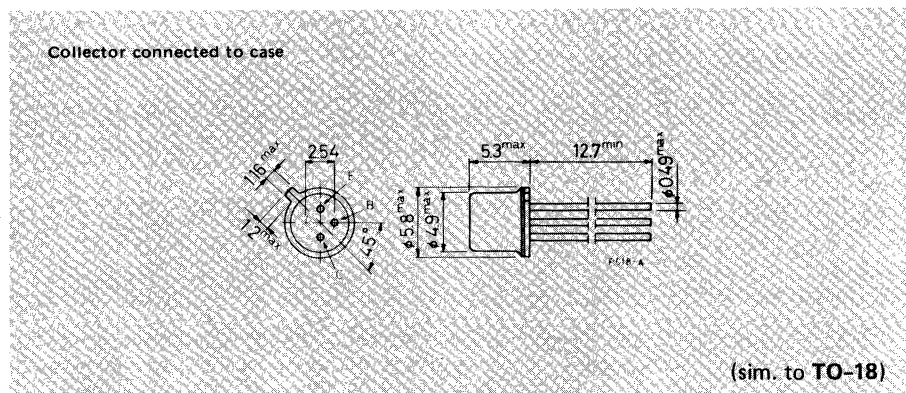
They are intended for use in audio input stages, driver stages and low-noise input stages. The complementary PNP types are respectively the BCY 78 and BCY 79.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BCY 58	BCY 59
$V_{CES}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	32 V	45 V
$V_{CEO}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	32 V	45 V
$V_{EBO}$ Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7 V	
$I_C$ Collector current	200 mA	
$I_B$ Base current	50 mA	
$P_{tot}$ Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$ Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BCY 58 BCY 59

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	for <b>BCY58</b> $V_{CE} = 32V$ $V_{CE} = 32V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$ for <b>BCY59</b> $V_{CE} = 45V$ $V_{CE} = 45V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.1	10	nA $\mu A$ nA $\mu A$
$I_{CEX}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -0.2V$ )	for <b>BCY58</b> $V_{CE} = 32V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$ for <b>BCY59</b> $V_{CE} = 45V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$			20	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$			10	nA
$V_{(BR)CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ for <b>BCY58</b> for <b>BCY59</b>	32		45	V V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5\text{ mA}$		0.12	0.35	V V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	0.55	0.65	0.7	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5\text{ mA}$	0.6	0.7	0.85	V V

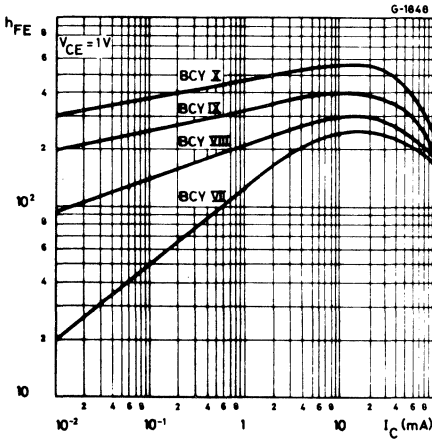
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC current gain	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 μA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V		195		—	
			Gr. VII		100		—	
			Gr. VIII	20	140		—	
		* I <sub>C</sub> = 2 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V	Gr. IX	40	195		—
				Gr. X	100	280		—
				Gr. VII	120	350	630	—
		* I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V	Gr. VIII	120	170	220	—
				Gr. IX	180	250	310	—
				Gr. X	250	350	460	—
		* I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1V	Gr. IX	380	500	630	—
				Gr. X	80	365		—
				Gr. VII	80	175		—
		* I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1V	Gr. VIII	120	260		—
Gr. IX	160			365		—		
Gr. X	240			520		—		
Gr. VII	40					—		
Gr. VIII	40					—		
Gr. IX	45					—		
h <sub>re</sub>	Small signal current gain	I <sub>C</sub> = 2 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V				—	
			Gr. VII	125			—	
			Gr. VIII	125		250	—	
			Gr. IX	175		350	—	
			Gr. X	250		500	—	
f <sub>T</sub>	Transition frequency	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA f = 100 MHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V				—	
					200		MHz	
C <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-base capacitance	I <sub>C</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz	V <sub>EB</sub> = 0.5V		11	15	pF	
C <sub>CB0</sub>	Collector-base capacitance	I <sub>E</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz	V <sub>CB</sub> = 10V		3.5	6	pF	
NF	Noise figure	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.2 mA R <sub>g</sub> = 2 kΩ	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V f = 1 kHz		2	6	dB	
t <sub>on</sub>	Turn-on time	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA I <sub>B1</sub> = 1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		85	150	ns	
			I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA I <sub>B1</sub> = 10 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		55	150	ns
t <sub>off</sub>	Turn-off time	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA I <sub>B1</sub> = -I <sub>B2</sub> = 1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		480	800	ns	
			I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA I <sub>B1</sub> = -I <sub>B2</sub> = 10 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		480	800	ns

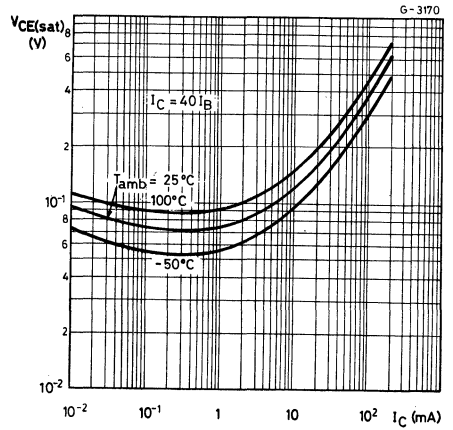
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%

# BCY 58 BCY 59

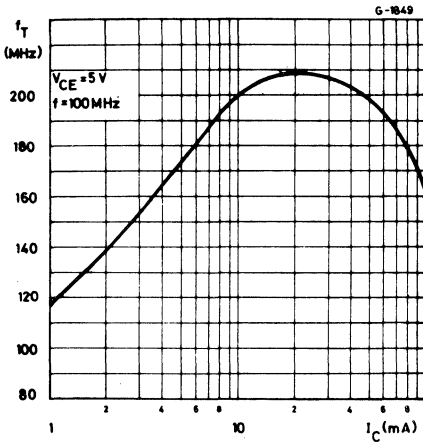
DC current gain



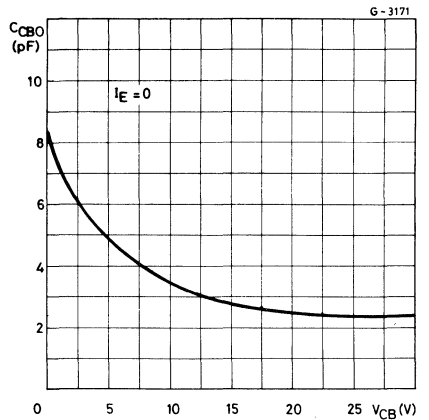
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Transition frequency

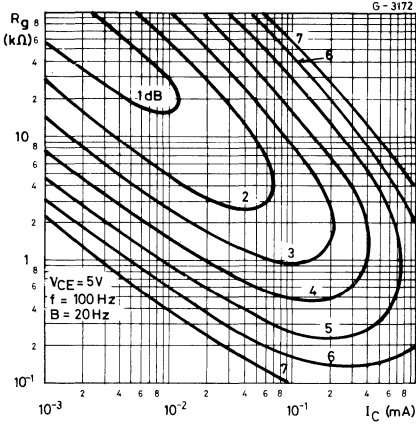


Collector-base capacitance

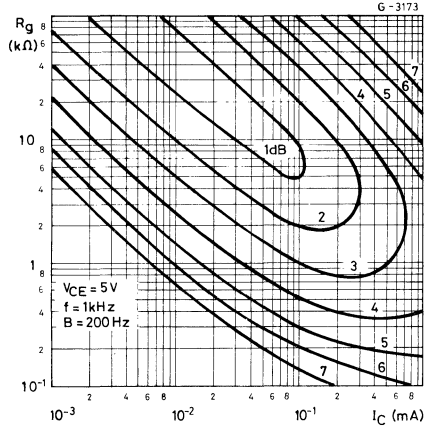


# BCY 58 BCY 59

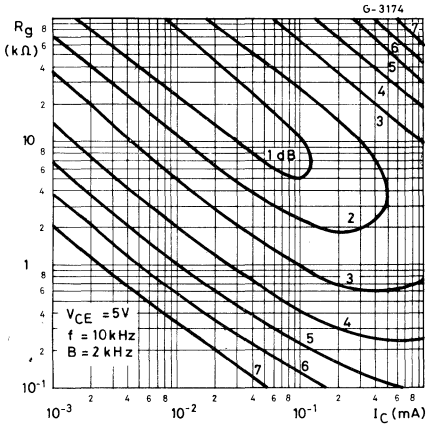
Noise figure (f = 100 Hz)



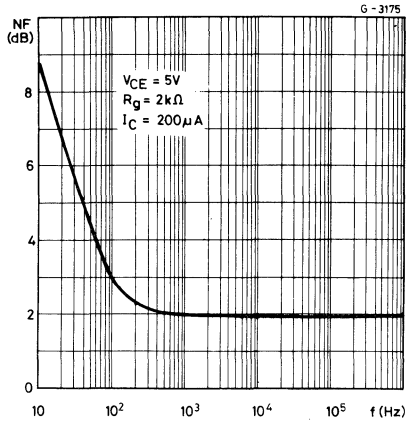
Noise figure (f = 1 kHz)



Noise figure (f = 10 kHz)



Noise figure vs. frequency



**BCY 70  
BCY 71  
BCY 72**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## GENERAL PURPOSE APPLICATIONS

The BCY 70, BCY 71 and BCY 72 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case. They are intended for general purpose amplifier and switching applications.

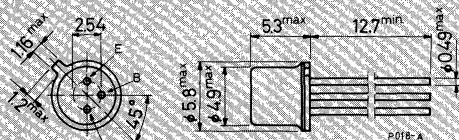
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BCY 70	BCY 71	BCY 72
$V_{CBO}$ Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-50 V	-45 V	-25 V
$V_{CEO}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40 V	-45 V	-25 V
$V_{EBO}$ Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5 V		
$I_{CM}$ Collector peak current	-200 mA		
$P_{tot}$ Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	350 mW		
$T_{stg}, T_j$ Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C		

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

**BCY 70**  
**BCY 71**  
**BCY 72**

**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	150	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	500	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	for <b>BCY 70</b>				
		$V_{CB} = -40V$		-10	nA	
		$V_{CB} = -50V$		-500	nA	
		$V_{CB} = -40V$	$T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$	-500	nA	
		for <b>BCY 71</b>				
		$V_{CB} = -40V$		-50	nA	
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 3V$ )	$V_{CE} = -50V$		-20	nA	
		for <b>BCY 71</b>				
		$V_{CB} = -45V$		-500	nA	
		$V_{CB} = -40V$	$T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$	-2	$\mu A$	
		for <b>BCY 72</b>				
		$V_{CB} = -20V$		-50	nA	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = -5V$		-500	nA	
		for <b>BCY 72</b>				
		$V_{CB} = -25V$		-500	nA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$	$I_B = -1\ mA$	-0.25	V	
		$I_C = -50\ mA$	$I_B = -5\ mA$	-0.5	V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$	$I_B = -1\ mA$	-0.6	V	
		$I_C = -50\ mA$	$I_B = -5\ mA$	-1.2	V	



**BCY 70**  
**BCY 71**  
**BCY 72**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	for <b>BCY 70</b> $I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ * for <b>BCY 71</b> $I_C = -0.01 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ for <b>BCY 72</b> $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$	40 45 50 15		600	— — — — — — — —
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain (for <b>BCY 71</b> only)	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	100		400	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>BCY 71</b> $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>BCY 70</b> for <b>BCY 71</b> and <b>BCY 72</b>	15	250	200	MHz MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -1V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			8	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			6	pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 10 \text{ to } 10\,000 \text{ Hz}$ for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> for <b>BCY 71</b>			6 2	dB dB
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance (for <b>BCY 71</b> only)	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	2		12	$\text{k}\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio (for <b>BCY 71</b> only)	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$			$20 \times 10^{-4}$	—

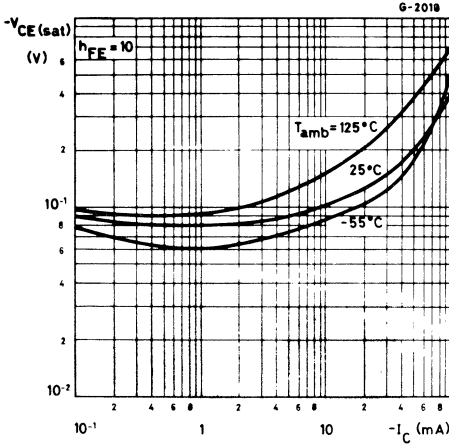
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance (for <b>BCY 71</b> only)	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	10	60	$\mu\text{S}$
$t_d$	Delay time (for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> only)	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -3\text{V}$	23	35	ns
$t_r$	Rise time (for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> only)	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -3\text{V}$	25	35	ns
$t_s$	Storage time (for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> only)	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -3\text{V}$	270	350	ns
$t_f$	Fall time (for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> only)	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -3\text{V}$	50	80	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time (for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> only)	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -3\text{V}$	48	65	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time (for <b>BCY 70</b> and <b>BCY 72</b> only)	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -3\text{V}$	320	420	ns

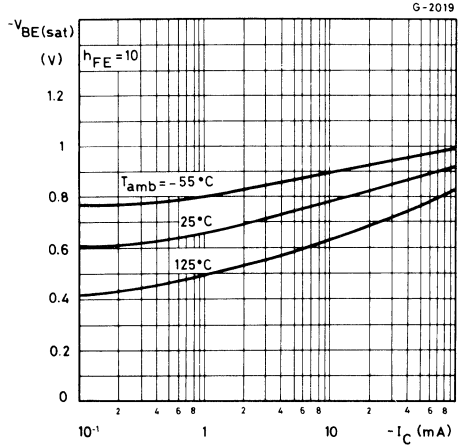
\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**BCY 70**  
**BCY 71**  
**BCY 72**

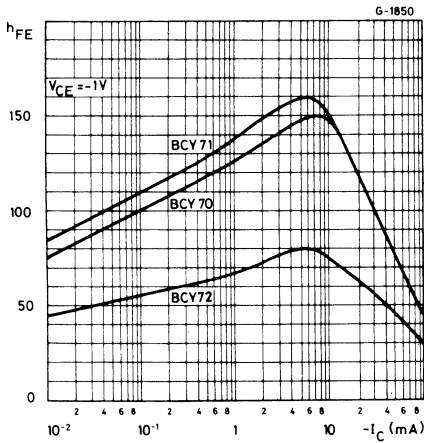
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



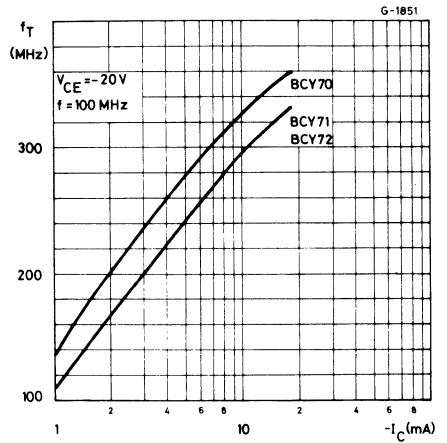
Base-emitter saturation voltage



DC current gain

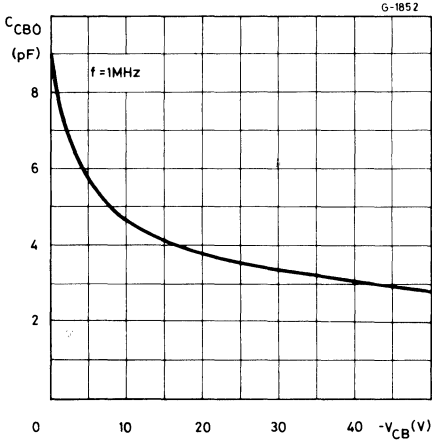


Transition frequency

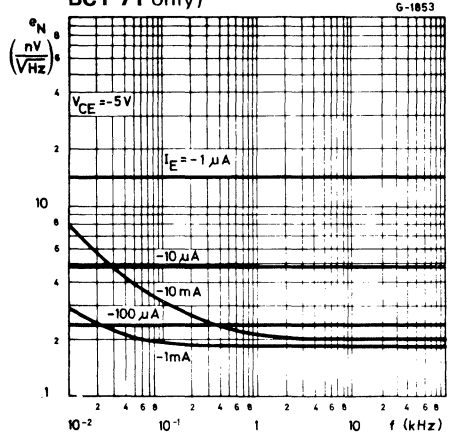


**BCY 70**  
**BCY 71**  
**BCY 72**

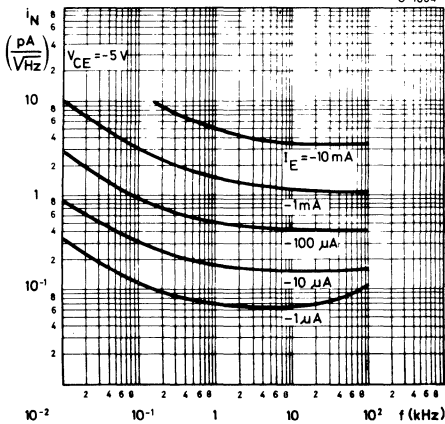
Collector-base capacitance



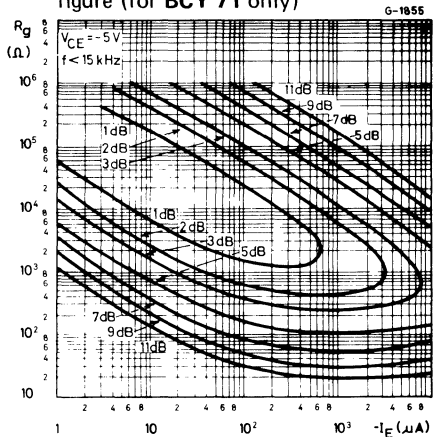
Equivalent input noise voltage (for BCY 71 only)



Equivalent input noise current (for BCY 71 only)



Contours of constant white noise figure (for BCY 71 only)



**BCY 78**  
**BCY 79**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## LOW-NOISE AUDIO AMPLIFIERS

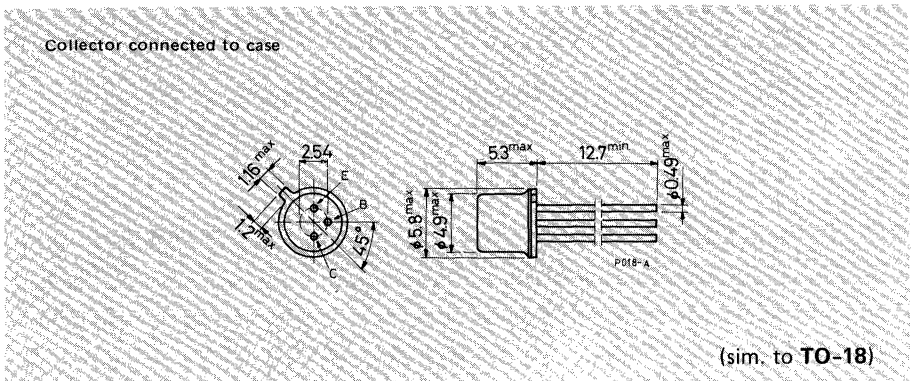
The BCY 78 and BCY 79 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case. They are designed for use in audio driver and low-noise input stages. The complementary NPN types are respectively the BCY 58 and BCY 59.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BCY 78	BCY 79
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	-32 V	-45 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-32 V	-45 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	-200 mA	
$I_B$	Base current	-20 mA	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	390 mW	
	at $T_{case} \leq 45^\circ\text{C}$	1 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BCY 78 BCY 79

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	150	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	450	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) for <b>BCY 78</b> $V_{CE} = -25V$ $V_{CE} = -32V$ $V_{CE} = -25V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$ for <b>BCY 79</b> $V_{CE} = -35V$ $V_{CE} = -45V$ $V_{CE} = -35V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			-2 -20 -100 -10 -2 -20 -100 -10	nA nA $\mu A$ $\mu A$ nA nA nA $\mu A$
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0.2V$ ) for <b>BCY 78</b> $V_{CE} = -32V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$ for <b>BCY 79</b> $V_{CE} = -45V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$			-20 -20	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = -4V$			-20	nA
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\ \mu A$ for <b>BCY 78</b> for <b>BCY 79</b>			-32 -45	V V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -2\ mA$ for <b>BCY 78</b> for <b>BCY 79</b>			-32 -45	V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -1\ \mu A$			-5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage *	$I_C = -10mA$ $I_C = -100mA$	$I_B = -0.25\ mA$ $I_B = -2.5\ mA$	-0.12 -0.25 -0.4 -0.8	V V

# BCY 78 BCY 79

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$		-0.55		V	
	$I_C = -2 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	-0.6	-0.65	-0.75	V	
	* $I_C = -10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		-0.68		V	
	$I_C = -100 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		-0.75		V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	* $I_C = -10 mA$ $I_B = -0.25 mA$	-0.6	-0.7	-0.85	V	
	$I_C = -100 mA$ $I_B = -2.5 mA$	-0.7	-0.85	-1.2	V	
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	$I_C = -10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	Gr. VII		140	-	
		Gr. VIII	30	200	-	
		Gr. IX	40	270	-	
	$I_C = -2 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	Gr. VII	120	170	220	-
		Gr. VIII	180	250	310	-
		Gr. IX	250	350	460	-
	$I_C = -10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$	Gr. VII	80	180	-	-
		Gr. VIII	120	260	400	-
		Gr. IX	160	360	630	-
	* $I_C = -100 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$	Gr. VII	40	-	-	-
		Gr. VIII	45	-	-	-
		Gr. IX	60	-	-	-
for BCY 78 only						
$I_C = -0.01 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	Gr. X	100	340	-	-	
$I_C = -2 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$		380	500	630	-	
$I_C = -10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		240	500	1000	-	
* $I_C = -100 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		60	-	-	-	
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = -2 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 kHz$	Gr. VII	125	200	250	-
		Gr. VIII	175	260	350	-
		Gr. IX	250	330	500	-
	for BCY 78 only					
	Gr. X	350	520	700	-	
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 100 MHz$		180		MHz	

# BCY 78 BCY 79

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{EB} = -0.5V$		11	15	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = -10V$		4.5	7	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = -0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $R_g = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		2	6	dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$  Gr. VII Gr. VIII Gr. IX for <b>BCY 78</b> only Gr. X		2.7 3.6 4.5 7.5		k $\Omega$ k $\Omega$ k $\Omega$ k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$  Gr. VII Gr. VIII Gr. IX for <b>BCY 78</b> only Gr. X		$1.5 \times 10^{-4}$ $2 \times 10^{-4}$ $2 \times 10^{-4}$ $3 \times 10^{-4}$		— — — —
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = -2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$  Gr. VII Gr. VIII Gr. IX for <b>BCY 78</b> only Gr. X		18 24 30 50	30 50 60 100	$\mu S$ $\mu S$ $\mu S$ $\mu S$
$t_d$	Delay time	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10V$ $I_{B1} = -1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10V$ $I_{B1} = -10 \text{ mA}$		35 5		ns ns
$t_r$	Rise time	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10V$ $I_B = -1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10V$ $I_{B1} = -10 \text{ mA}$		50 50		ns ns
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -10 \text{ mA}$		400 250		ns ns



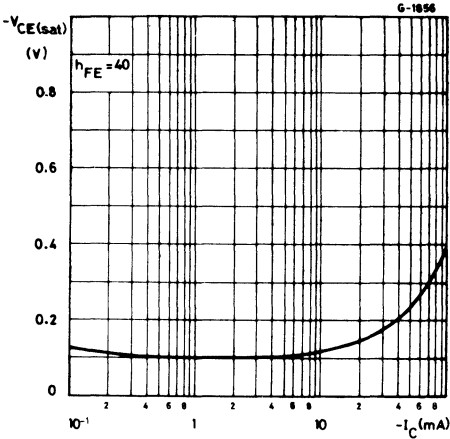


**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

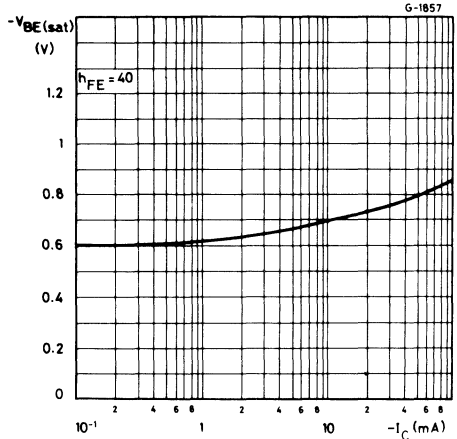
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_f$ Fall time	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1 \text{ mA}$		80		ns
	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -10 \text{ mA}$		200		ns
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -1 \text{ mA}$		85	150	ns
	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -10 \text{ mA}$		55	150	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1 \text{ mA}$		480	800	ns
	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -10 \text{ mA}$		450	800	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

Collector-emitter saturation voltage

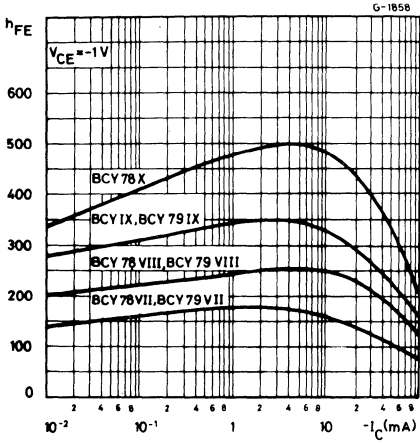


Base-emitter saturation voltage

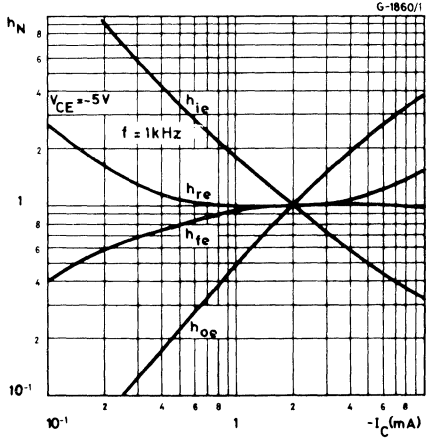


# BCY 78 BCY 79

DC current gain



Normalized h parameters -



## TV AGC IF AMPLIFIER

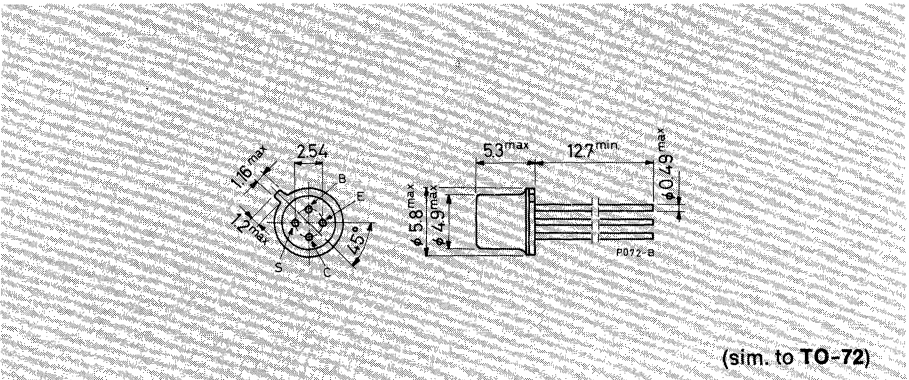
The BF 167 is a silicon planar NPN transistor in a TO-72 metal case. It is particularly designed for use in forward AGC IF amplifiers of TV receivers. It is characterized by very low feedback capacitance due to a screening diffusion under the base pad.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	30 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4 V
$I_C$	Collector current	25 mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	150 mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 175 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175 °C

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BF 167

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	1000 °C/W
-----------------	-------------------------------------	-----	-----------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$			50 5	nA μA
$V_{(BR)\ CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ μA}$	40			V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	30			V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\text{ μA}$	4			V
$V_{BE}^*$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		0.74		V
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	30	35 45 20		— — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		600		MHz
$-C_{re}$ Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.15		pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $R_g = 100\text{ Ω}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		3		dB
$G_{pe}^{**}$ Power gain	$I_E = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$	24	28		dB

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 μs, duty cycle = 1%

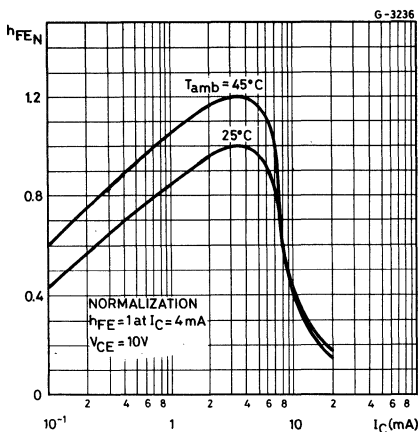
\*\* See test circuit

# BF 167

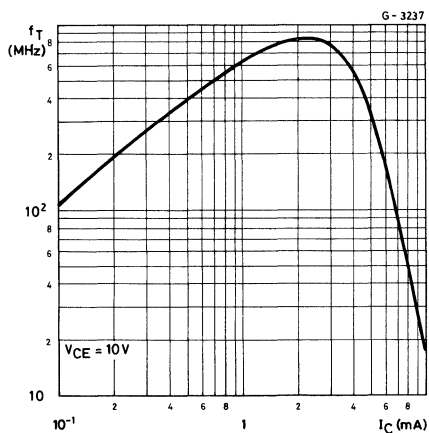
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$\Delta G_{pe}$ Power gain control	$V_{EE} = -25\text{ V}$ $R_{EE} = 3.9\text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		60		dB
$g_{ie}$ Input conductance	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		3.8		mS
$b_{ie}$ Input susceptance	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		5		mS
$g_{fe}$ Forward transconductance	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		95		mS
$b_{fe}$ Forward transsusceptance	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		34		mS
$g_{oe}$ Output conductance	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		62		$\mu\text{S}$
$b_{oe}$ Output susceptance	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		270		$\mu\text{S}$

DC normalized current gain

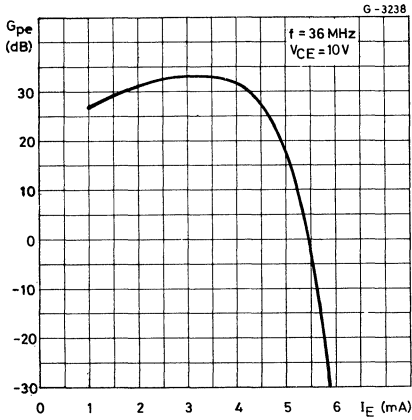


Transition frequency

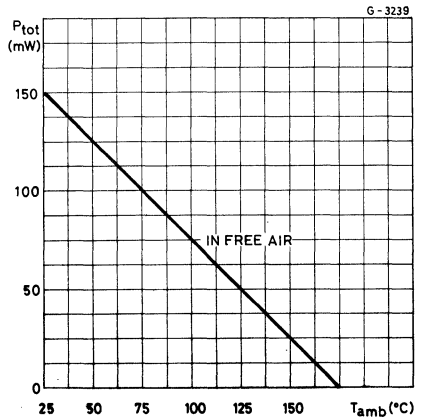


# BF 167

Power gain

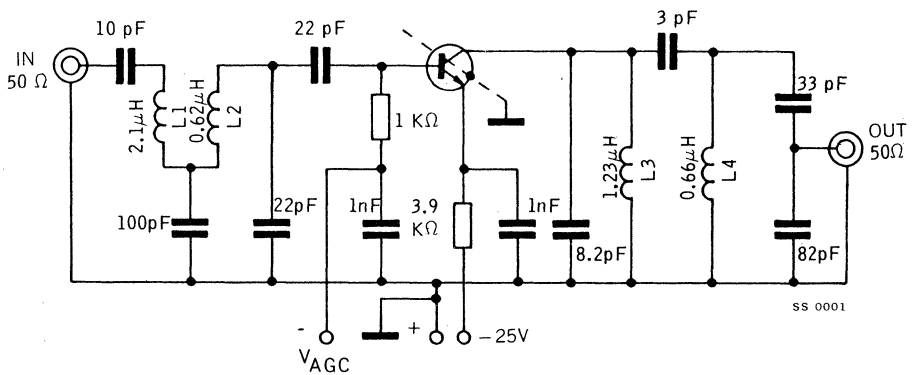


Power rating chart



## TEST CIRCUIT

Power gain ( $f = 36$  MHz)



# BF 173

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### VIDEO IF AMPLIFIER

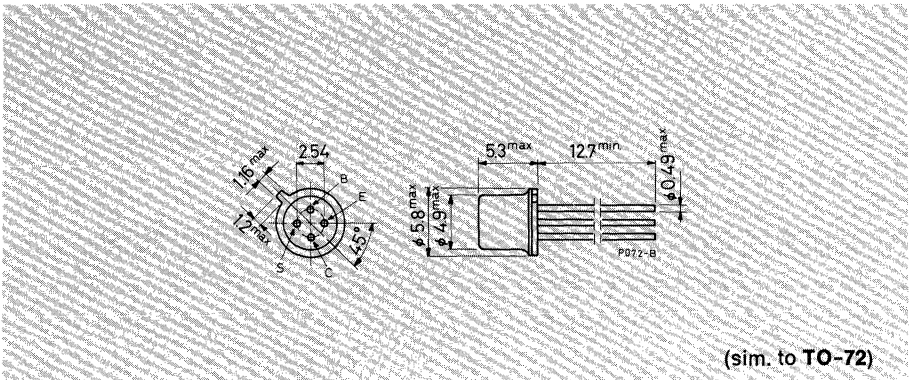
The BF 173 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in a Jedec TO-72 metal case with a very low feedback capacitance. This transistor is intended for use in video IF amplifiers, particularly for the output stage.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CB0}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40 V
$V_{CE0}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	25 V
$V_{EB0}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4 V
$I_C$	Collector current	25 mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	175 mW
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	230 mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 175 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BF 173

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	850 °C/W
-----------------	-------------------------------------	-----	----------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$			20	nA
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 4\text{ V}$			100	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	40			V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}$	25			V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 7\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$			0.9	V
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		1000		MHz
$-C_{re}$ Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 0.5\text{ MHz}$		0.23		pF
$I_B$ Base current	$I_C = 7\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		61	185	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_o^*$ Output voltage	$I_C = 7.2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 12\text{ V}$ $f = 38.9\text{ MHz}$	6	7.7		V
$G_{tr}$ Transducer power gain	$I_C = 7.2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 12\text{ V}$ $f = 36.4\text{ MHz}$		26		dB
$g_{ie}$ Input conductance	$I_C = 7\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 35\text{ MHz}$		3		mS
$C_{ie}$ Input capacitance	$I_C = 7\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 35\text{ MHz}$		22		pF

\* Voltage across the detector load  $R_L = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$  for 30% synchronisation pulse compression



# BF 173

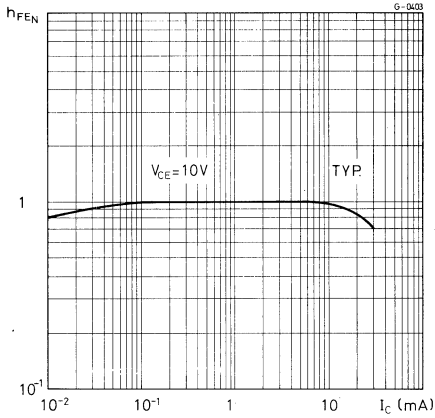
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min. Typ. Max.	Unit
$ y_{re} $ Reverse transadmittance	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	55	$\mu\text{S}$
$\phi_{re}$ Phase angle of reverse transadmittance	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	267°	—
$ y_{fe} $ Forward transadmittance	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	165	mS
$\phi_{fe}$ Phase angle of forward transadmittance	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	336°	—
$g_{oe}$ Output conductance	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	65	$\mu\text{S}$
$C_{oe}$ Output capacitance	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	1.9	pF
$G_{UM}^*$ Maximum unilateralized power gain	$I_C = 7 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 35 \text{ MHz}$	44.5	dB

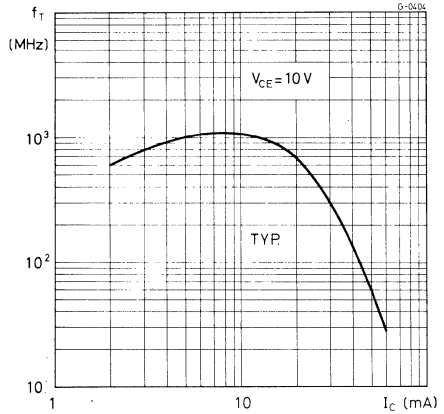
$$* G_{UM} = 10 \log \frac{|y_{fe}|^2}{4 g_{ie} g_{oe}}$$

# BF 173

DC normalized current gain

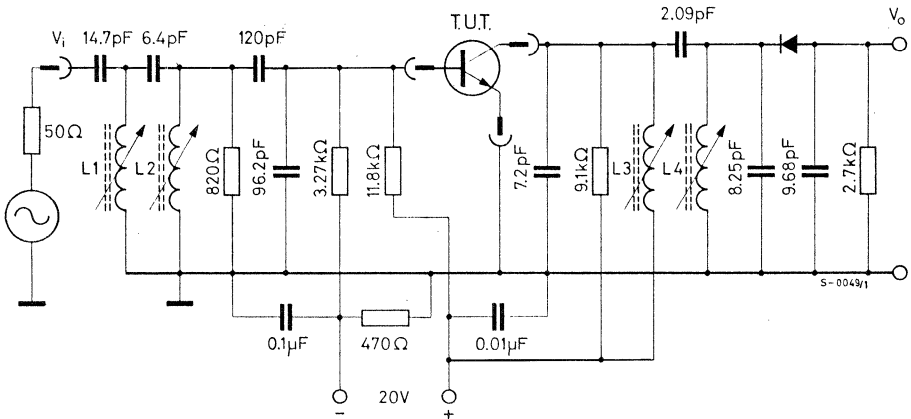


Transition frequency



## TEST CIRCUIT

$G_{tr}$  test circuit



$L_1 = 0.8 \mu\text{H}$ , 9 turns  $\varnothing 0.15$  mm. enameled silk-covered copper wire.  $L_2 = 0.25 \mu\text{H}$ , 4 turns  $\varnothing 0.15$  mm. enameled silk-covered copper wire.  $L_3 = 1.7 \mu\text{H}$ , 12.5 turns  $\varnothing 0.15$  mm. enameled silk-covered copper wire.  $L_4 = 1.3 \mu\text{H}$ , 11 turns  $\varnothing 0.15$  mm. enameled silk-covered copper wire.

**BF 257**  
**BF 258**  
**BF 259**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## HIGH VOLTAGE VIDEO AMPLIFIERS

The BF 257, BF 258 and BF 259 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are particularly designed for video output stages in CTV and MTV sets, class A audio output stages and drivers for horizontal deflection circuits.

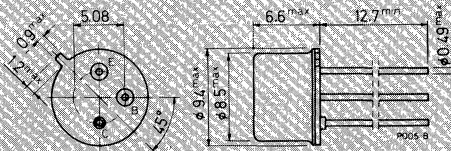
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BF 257	BF 258	BF 259
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	160 V	250 V	300 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	160 V	250 V	300 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5 V		
$I_C$	Collector current	100 mA		
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current	200 mA		
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{case} \leq 50^\circ C$	5 W		
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200 °C		
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200 °C		

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)

**BF 257**  
**BF 258**  
**BF 259**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	30	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

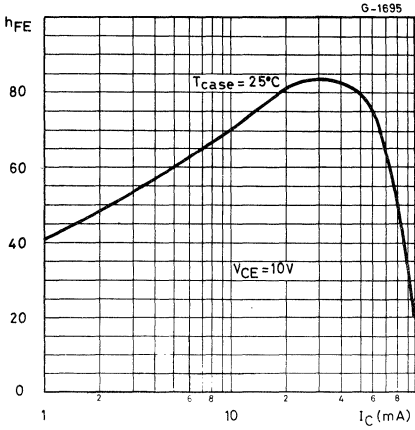
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	for <b>BF 257</b> $V_{CB} = 100\text{ V}$ for <b>BF 258</b> $V_{CB} = 200\text{ V}$ for <b>BF 259</b> $V_{CB} = 250\text{ V}$			50 50 50	nA nA nA
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ for <b>BF 257</b> for <b>BF 258</b> for <b>BF 259</b>			160 250 300	V V V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}^*$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BF 257</b> for <b>BF 258</b> for <b>BF 259</b>			160 250 300	V V V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$			5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 6\text{ mA}$			1	V
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$			25	—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 15\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$			90	MHz
$-C_{re}$ Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$			3	pF

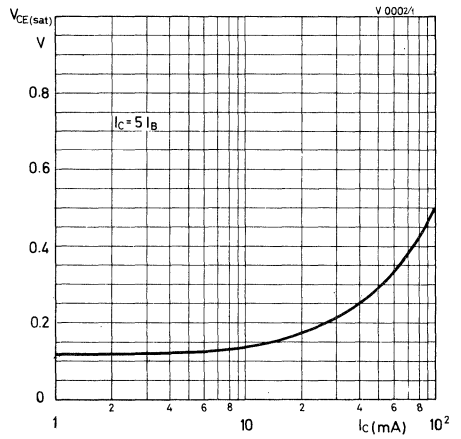
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**BF 257**  
**BF 258**  
**BF 259**

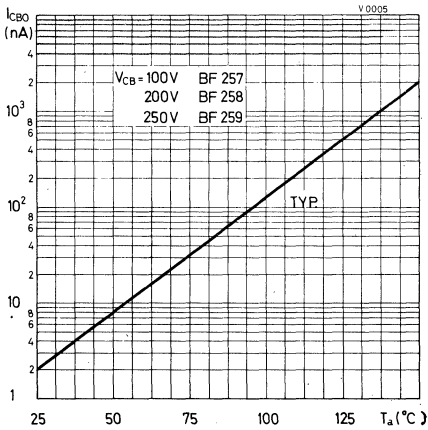
DC current gain



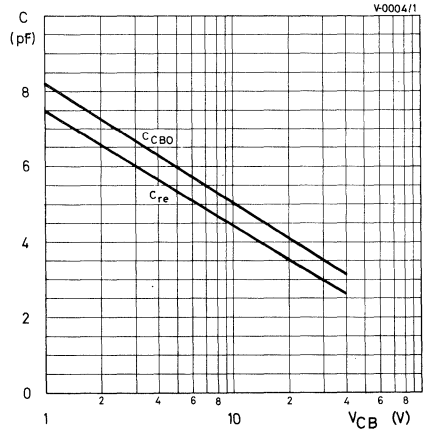
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Collector cutoff current

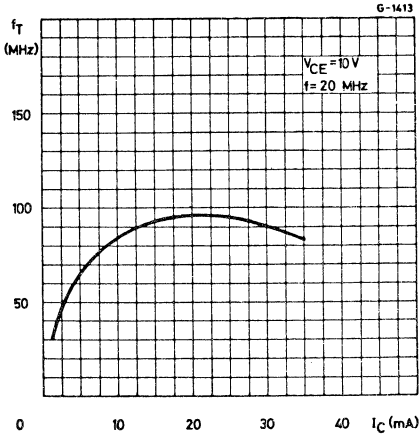


Collector-base capacitance

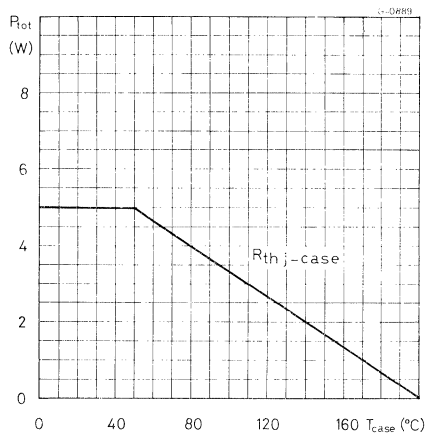


**BF 257**  
**BF 258**  
**BF 259**

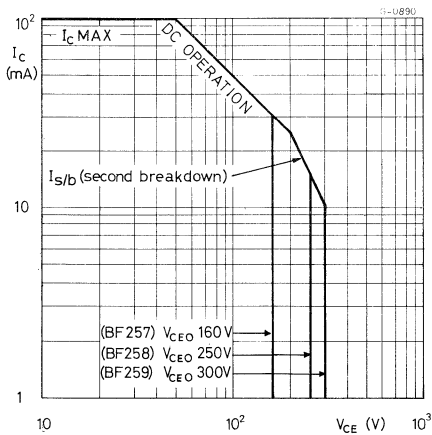
Transition frequency



Power rating chart



Safe operating area



# BF 271

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### VIDEO IF AMPLIFIER

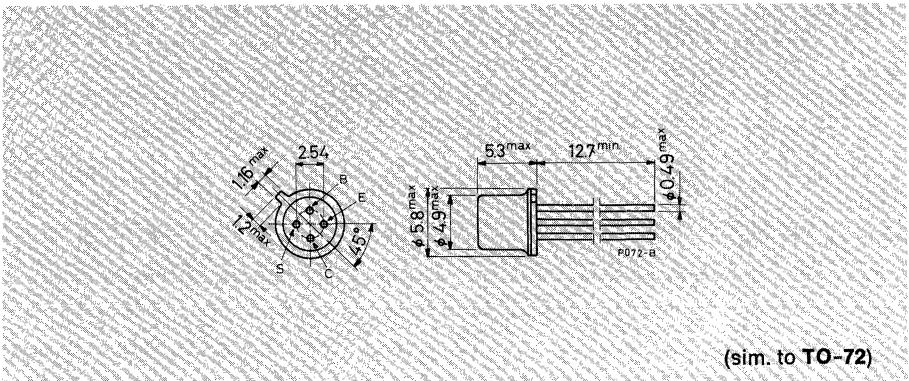
The BF 271 is a silicon planar NPN transistor in a TO-72 metal case. This device has been specifically designed for use in output stages of IF video amplifiers. It features high power gain, low feedback capacitance and excellent linearity.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	25	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4	V
$I_C$	Collector current	25	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	250 430	mW mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BF 271

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	400	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	700	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )			100	nA	
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base break-down voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$		30	V	
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter break-down voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 1\ mA$		25	V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base break-down voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$		4	V	
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 10\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	780	mV	
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $I_C = 10\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 10V$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	55 75	— —	
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 10\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	900	MHz	
$-C_{re}$	Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	0.22	pF	
$G_{pe}$	Power gain	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	24	27	dB
$g_{ie}$	Input conductance	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	4.8	mS	
$b_{ie}$	Input susceptance	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	5.2	mS	
$g_{fe}$	Forward transconductance	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	200	mS	
$b_{fe}$	Forward transsusceptance	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	80	mS	
$g_{oe}$	Output conductance	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	80	$\mu S$	
$b_{oe}$	Output susceptance	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $f = 36\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	380	$\mu S$	

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ ; duty cycle = 1%.



# BF 287

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### AM MIXER-OSCILLATOR AND AM-FM AMPLIFIER

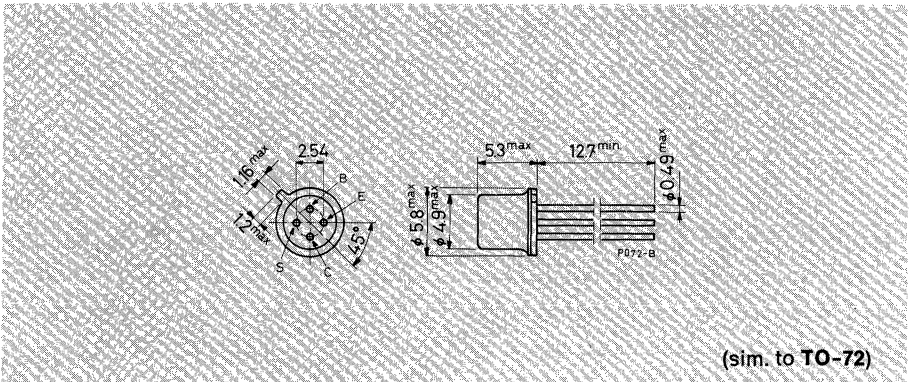
The BF 287 is a silicon planar NPN transistor in a TO-72 metal case. It is primarily intended for use in the AM mixer-oscillator stage and as IF amplifier of AM-FM radios.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4 V
$I_C$	Collector current	20 mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	250 mW
	at $T_{case} \leq 45^\circ\text{C}$	220 mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200 $^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200 $^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BF 287

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	700	°C/W
-----------------	-------------------------------------	-----	-----	------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$			100	nA
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	40			V
$V_{CEO\ (sus)}$ Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	40			V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	4			V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		710 740		mV mV
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	30 40	50 60		— —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		600 700		MHz MHz
$G_{pe}$ Power gain	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 5.5\text{ MHz}$	42 18	45 22		dB dB dB
$g_{ie}$ Input conductance	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$		0.17 0.25		mS mS
$b_{ie}$ Input susceptance	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$		24 0.52		$\mu\text{S}$ mS

# BF 287

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$g_{fe}$ Forward transconductance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$		35	35	mS mS
$-b_{fe}$ Forward transusceptance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$		40	0.96	$\mu\text{S}$ mS
$g_{oe}$ Output conductance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$		6	11	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$
$b_{oe}$ Output susceptance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$		4.5	100	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### GAIN CONTROLLED AM-FM IF AMPLIFIER

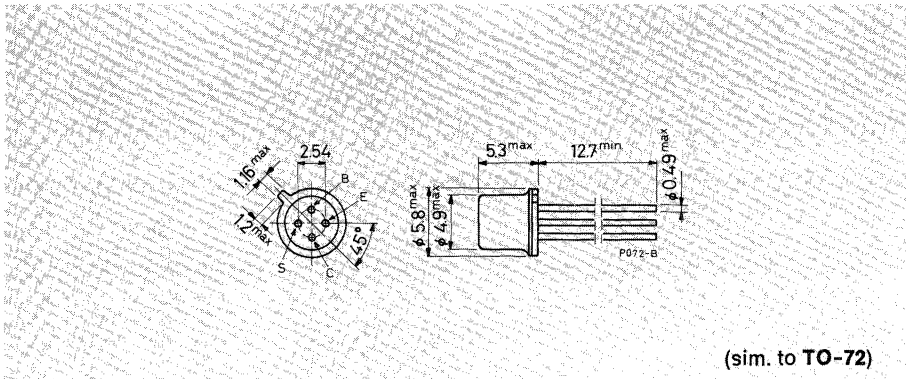
The BF 288 is a silicon planar NPN transistor in a TO-72 metal case. It is primarily intended for use in the gain controlled IF stages of AM and AM/FM radio receivers.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4 V
$I_C$	Collector current	20 mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	250 mW
	at $T_{amb} \leq 45^\circ\text{C}$	220 mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200 °C
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200 °C

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BF 288

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	700 °C/W
-----------------	-------------------------------------	-----	----------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$			100	nA
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	40			V
$V_{CEO\ (sus)}$ Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	40			V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	4			V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$		740		mV
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$	65	90		—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$		500		MHz
$-C_{re}$ Reverse capacitance	$V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.24		pF
$G_{pe}$ Power gain	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$	42 18	45 22		dB dB
$g_{ie}$ Input conductance	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$		0.17 0.25		mS mS
$b_{ie}$ Input susceptance	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$		24 0.52		$\mu\text{S}$ mS
$g_{fe}$ Forward transconductance	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7\text{ V}$ $f = 470\text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7\text{ MHz}$		35 35		mS mS

# BF 288

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min. Typ. Max.	Unit
$-b_{fe}$	Forward transusceptance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$	40 0.95	$\mu\text{S}$ $\text{mS}$
$g_{oe}$	Output conductance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$	6 11	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$
$b_{oe}$	Output susceptance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 7 \text{ V}$ $f = 470 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$	4.5 100	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$

**BF 457**  
**BF 458**  
**BF 459**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## HIGH VOLTAGE VIDEO AMPLIFIERS

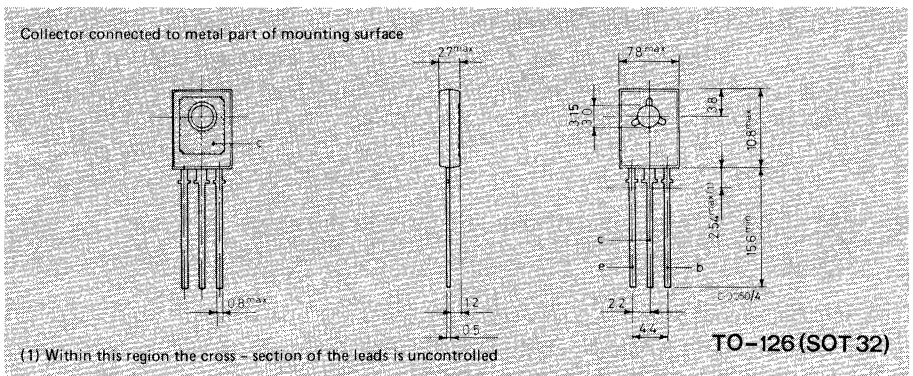
The BF 457, BF 458 and BF 459 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-126 plastic package. They are particularly intended for use as video output stages in colour and black and white TV receivers, class A output stages and drivers for horizontal deflection circuits. These transistors have been studied in order to guarantee the maximum resistance against flash over.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BF 457	BF 458	BF 459
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	160 V	250 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	160 V	250 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5 V	
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current	300 mA	
$I_{BM}$	Base peak current	50 mA	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	1.25 W	
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 150 °C	
$T_j$	Junction temperature	150 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**BF 457**  
**BF 458**  
**BF 459**

## THERMAL DATA

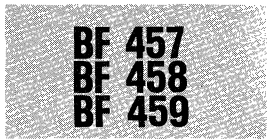
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	10 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	100 °C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

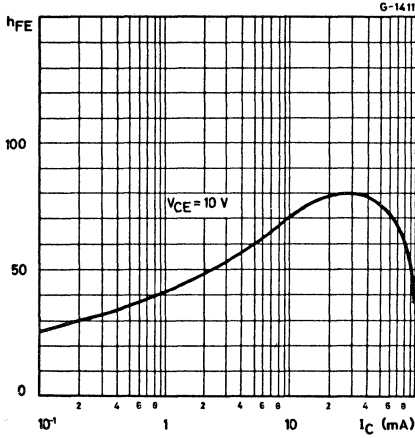
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	for <b>BF 457</b> for <b>BF 458</b> for <b>BF 459</b>	$V_{CB} = 100V$ $V_{CB} = 200V$ $V_{CB} = 250V$	50 50 50	nA nA nA
$V_{(BR)CEO}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	for <b>BF 457</b> for <b>BF 458</b> for <b>BF 459</b>	160 250 300	V V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 10\text{ mA}$	1	V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	30 80	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	90	MHz
$-C_{re}$	Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 30V$	4	pF
$C_{oe}$	Output capacitance	$I_C \equiv 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 30V$	5	pF

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle 1%

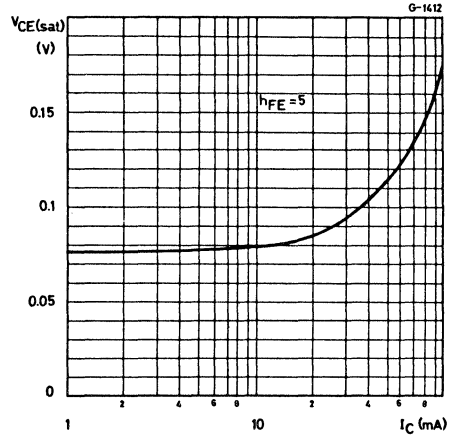




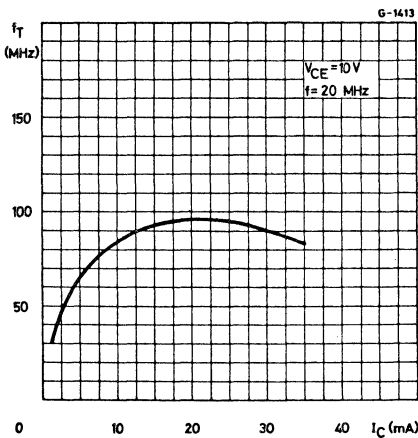
Typical DC current gain



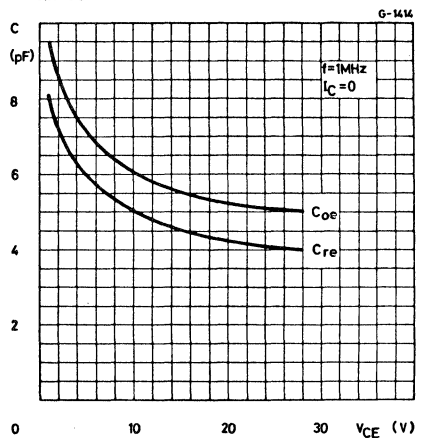
Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage



Typical transition frequency



Typical output and reverse capacitance



**BF 657**  
**BF 658**  
**BF 659**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## PRELIMINARY DATA

### MEDIUM POWER VIDEO AMPLIFIERS

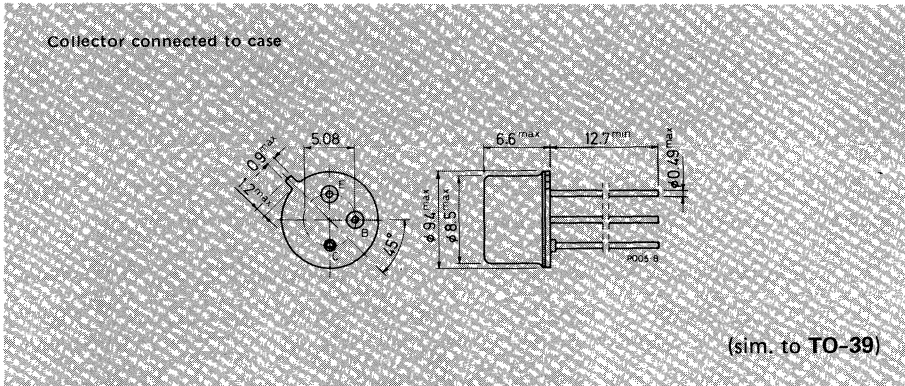
The BF 657, BF 658 and BF 659 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in TO-39 metal case. They are particularly designed for application with precision "IN-LINE" large screen CRT (thermal resistance  $\leq 20^\circ\text{C/W}$ ).

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BF 657	BF 658	BF 659	
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	160 V	250 V	300 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	160 V	250 V	300 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5 V		
$I_C$	Collector current	100 mA		
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current	200 mA		
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{case} \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 140^\circ\text{C}$	7 W		
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 200 °C		
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200 °C		

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**BF 657**  
**BF 658**  
**BF 659**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j\text{-case}}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	20	°C/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-amb}}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

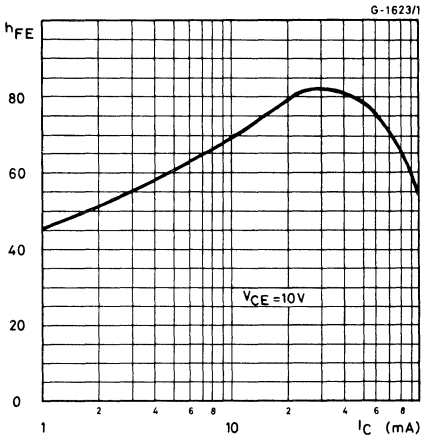
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	for <b>BF 657</b> $V_{CB} = 100\text{V}$ for <b>BF 658</b> $V_{CB} = 200\text{V}$ for <b>BF 659</b> $V_{CB} = 250\text{V}$			50 50 50	nA nA nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ for <b>BF 657</b> for <b>BF 658</b> for <b>BF 659</b>		160 250 300		V V V
$V_{(BR)CEO}^*$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ for <b>BF 657</b> for <b>BF 658</b> for <b>BF 659</b>		160 250 300		V V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$		5		V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 30\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 6\ \text{mA}$			1	V
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	$I_C = 30\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$		25		—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 15\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$		90		MHz
$-C_{re}$ Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{CE} = 30\text{V}$ $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$		3		pF

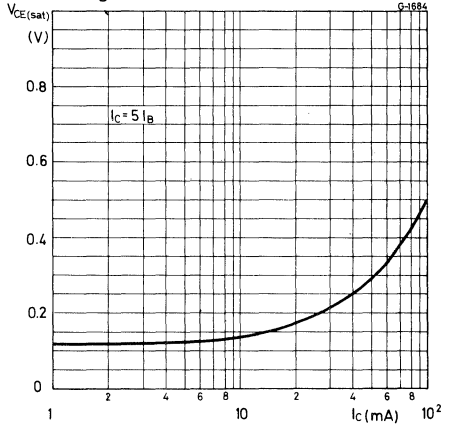
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**BF 657**  
**BF 658**  
**BF 659**

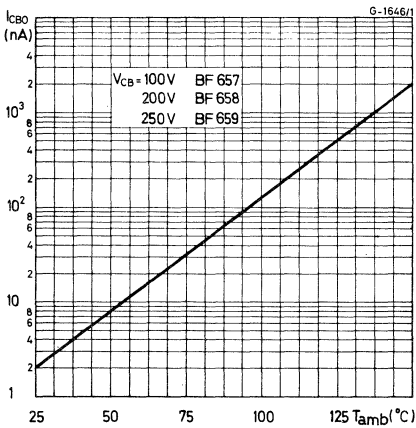
Typical DC current gain



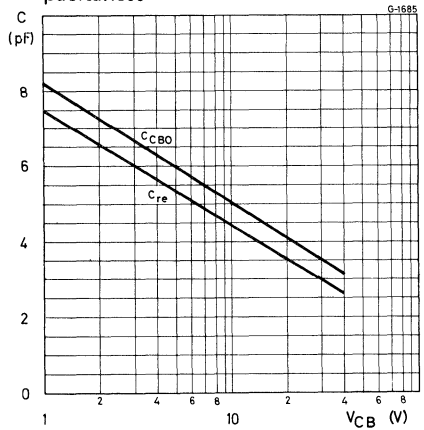
Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage



Typical collector cutoff current

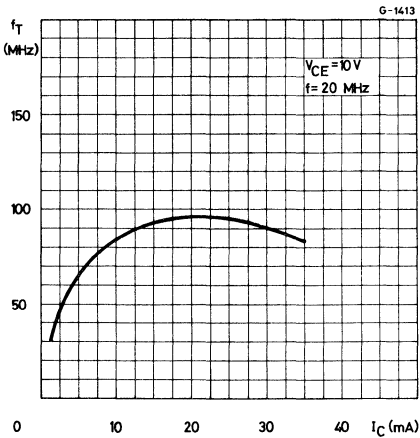


Typical collector-base and reverse capacitances

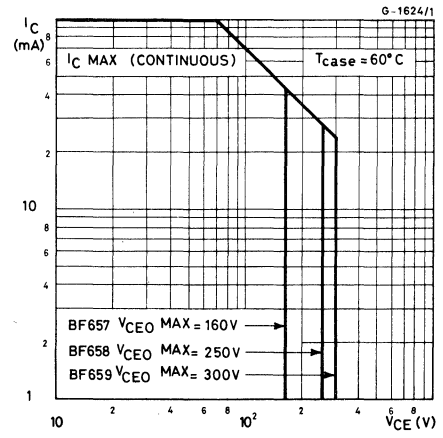


**BF 657**  
**BF 658**  
**BF 659**

Typical transition frequency



Safe operating areas



**SILICON PLANAR NPN****LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE HIGH GAIN AMPLIFIER**

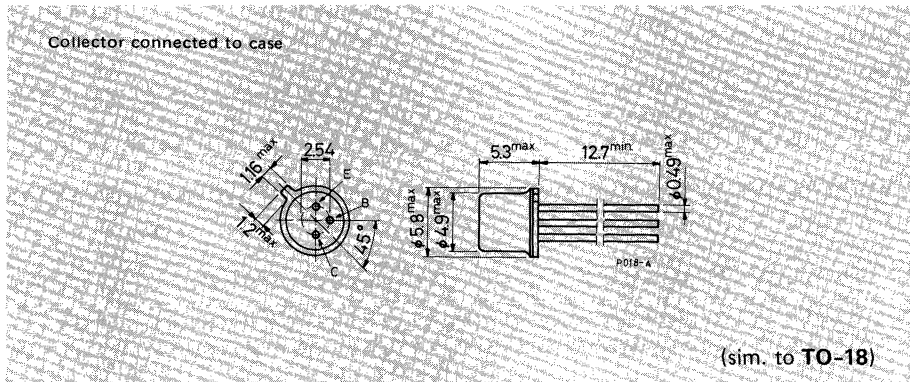
The BFR 16 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal-case designed for use in high performance, low-level, low-noise amplifier applications.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

$V_{CE0}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	8	V
$I_C$	Collector current	50	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	$T_{case} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

**MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



# BFR 16

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{EB} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 50V$ $V_{CE} = 50V$	$T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	0.1	10	10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		0.1	10		nA
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		60			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{EB} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$		60			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$		8			V
$h_{FE}$	* DC current gain	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $I_C = 100\ \mu A$ $I_C = 1\ mA$ $I_C = 10\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 5V$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	80	150	490	— — — —
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		350		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $f = 20\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	70	100		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5V$	3.5	6		pF
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5V$	3.5	6		pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $R_g = 10\ k\Omega$ $f = 10\ Hz\ to\ 10\ kHz$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	1.5	4	4	dB dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	10			k $\Omega$
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance			17			$\mu S$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio			$4.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$			—

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

**SILICON PLANAR NPN****LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE, VERY HIGH GAIN AMPLIFIER**

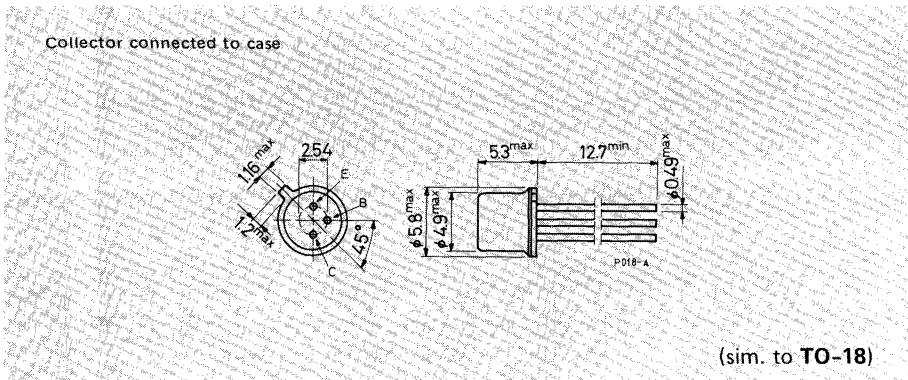
The BFR 17 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, designed for use in high performance low level, low noise amplifier applications.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	8	V
$I_C$	Collector current	50	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	$T_{case} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

**MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm





# BFR 17

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 50V$	0.1	20	nA	
	$V_{CE} = 50V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	0.1	20	$\mu A$	
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$	0.1	20	nA	
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	60		V	
$V_{(BR)CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$	60		V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$	8		V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $I_B = 0.1\ mA$	0.15	0.35	V	
$V_{BE}$ * Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	0.64		V	
	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	0.58	0.70	V	
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	130	220	—	
	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	220	300	—	
	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	450	530	—	
	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$		530	—	
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$		530	—	
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 20\ MHz$	70	100	MHz	
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacit.	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5V$	3.5	6	pF	
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacit.	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$	3.5	6	pF	
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $R_g = 10\ k\Omega$ $f = 10\ Hz\ to\ 10\ kHz$	$f = 1\ kHz$	1.5	4	dB
		$f = 1\ kHz$	1	3	dB
		$f = 10\ kHz$	1	3	dB
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$	10		k $\Omega$	
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance		20		$\mu S$	
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio		$4.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$		—	

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT AMPLIFIER

The BFR 18 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. This device is designed for amplifier applications over a wide range of voltage and current.

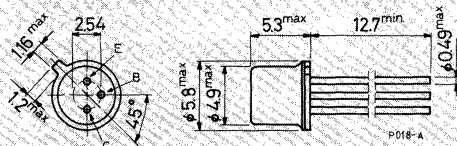
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	85	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	55	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.8	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BFR 18

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	97	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	350	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 60V$ $V_{CE} = 60V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	0.2	10	10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 5V$	0.1			nA
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\mu A$	85			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10mA$	55			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\mu A$	7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150mA$ $I_B = 15mA$ $I_C = 500mA$ $I_B = 50mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 0.1A$	0.13	0.25	1	V V V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	0.66			V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150mA$ $I_B = 15mA$ $I_C = 500mA$ $I_B = 50mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 0.1A$	0.85	1	1.6	V V V

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain $I_C = 100\mu A$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 150mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 500mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 150mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ C$	30	75	—	—
		70	120	180	—
		60	90	180	—
		30	45	—	—
		15	—	—	—
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain $I_C = 1mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1kHz$	—	120	—	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 20MHz$	60	90	—	MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter - base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$ $f = 1MHz$	—	50	80	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector - base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10V$ $f = 1MHz$	—	12	20	pF
NF	Noise figure $I_C = 30\mu A$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $R_g = 1k\Omega$ $f = 1kHz$	—	2	7	dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance $I_C = 1mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1kHz$	—	2.2	—	$k\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio $I_C = 1mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1kHz$	—	$2.4 \times 10^{-4}$	—	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance $I_C = 1mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1kHz$	—	8.5	—	$\mu S$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration =  $300\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%



## THERMAL DATA

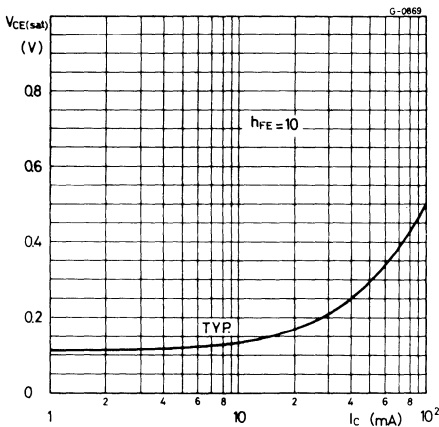
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max 30 °C/W
------------------	----------------------------------	-------------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

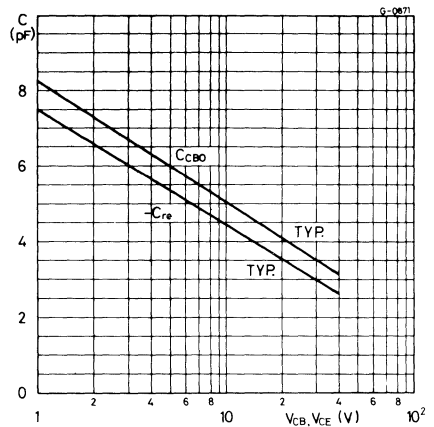
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )			50	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	300			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	300			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 6\text{ mA}$	1	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	25	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	90	MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$	3.5	pF
$-C_{re}$	Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$	3	pF

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1%

Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Collector-base and reverse capacitances



# BFW 43 BFW 44

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

The BFW 43 and BFW 44 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 (BFW43) and Jedec TO-39 (BFW 44) metal cases.

Both devices are designed for use in amplifiers where high voltage and high gain are necessary. In particular, they feature a  $V_{CE0(sus)}$  of 150V and are specified over a wide range of currents.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

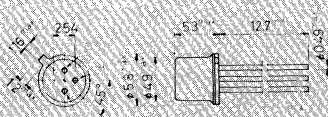
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-150	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-150	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for BFW 43	0.4	W
	for BFW 44	0.7	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for BFW 43	1.4	W
	for BFW 44	2.5	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)



(sim. to TO-39)

# BFW 43

# BFW 44

## THERMAL DATA

			BFW 43	BFW 44
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	125 °C/W	70 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	438 °C/W	250 °C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

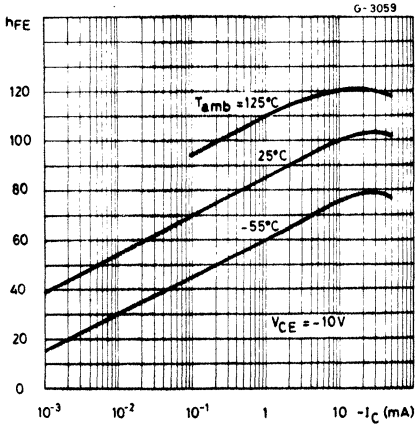
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -100V$ $V_{CB} = -100V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$		-0.2 -10	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\mu A$		-150	V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -2mA$		-150	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\mu A$		-6	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10mA$	$I_B = -1mA$	-0.1	-0.5 V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10mA$	$I_B = -1mA$	-0.74	-0.9 V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -1mA$ $I_C = -10mA$ $I_C = -10\mu A$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	$V_{CE} = -10V$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $V_{CE} = -10V$	40 85 40 100 30	- - - -
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$V_{CE} = -10V$	$f = 20MHz$ $I_C = -1mA$ $I_C = -10mA$	60 50	MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1MHz$	$V_{EB} = -0.5V$	20 25	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1MHz$	$V_{CB} = -5V$	5 7	pF

\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

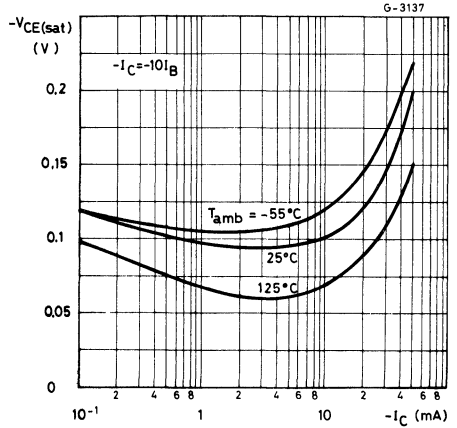


# BFW 43 BFW 44

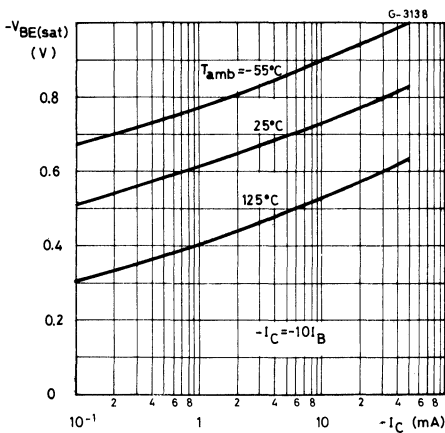
DC current gain



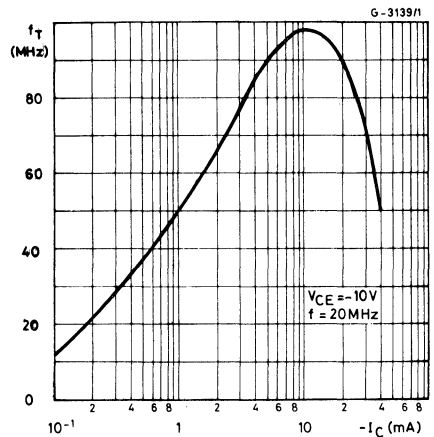
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Base-emitter saturation voltage



Transition frequency



## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE AMPLIFIER

The BFX37 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, designed for use in high performance, low-level, low-noise amplifiers over a wide frequency range. It features high current gain over the range from  $1\mu\text{A}$  to  $100\text{mA}$  and excellent NF at low frequency.

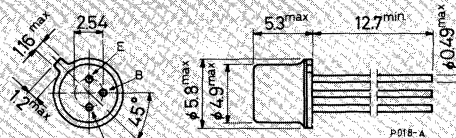
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	-90	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-80	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BFX 37

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = -70V$ $V_{CE} = -70V$ $T_{amb}=150^{\circ}C$	-0.1	-10	-10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = -4V$	-0.1	-10		nA
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\mu A$	-90			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -5mA$	-80			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -10\mu A$	-6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -10mA$ $I_B = -0.5mA$ $I_C = -50mA$ $I_B = -5mA$	-0.1	-0.25	-0.4	V V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = -1mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	-0.65			V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -10mA$ $I_B = -0.5mA$ $I_C = -50mA$ $I_B = -5mA$	-0.73	-0.9	-0.95	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain $I_C = -1\mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -10\mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -100\mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -1mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -10mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	70	130	230	— — — — —
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain $I_C = -1mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$		250		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = -0.5mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 20\ MHz$	40	70		MHz

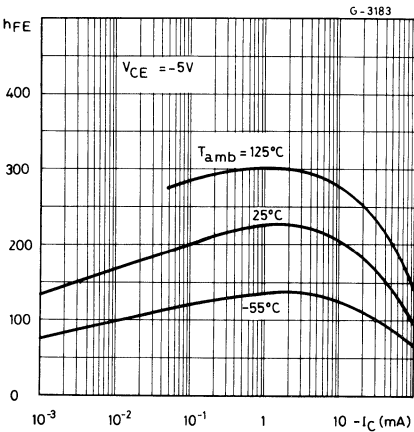
# BFX 37

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

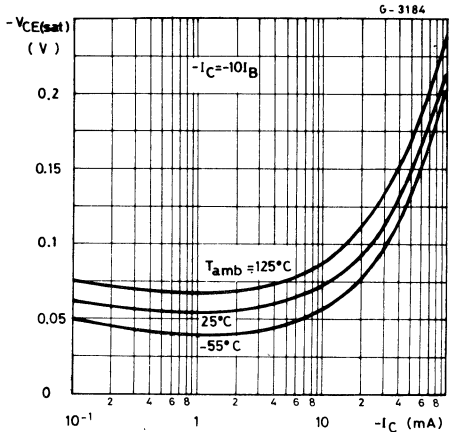
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{V}$		12	15	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{CB} = -5\text{V}$		4.5	6	pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = -20\mu\text{A}$ $R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $f = 10\text{ to }10\,000\text{Hz}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$		0.8 1	2.5 3.5	dB dB
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = -1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$		6.5		$\text{k}\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$		$2.5 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = -1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$		15		$\mu\text{S}$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

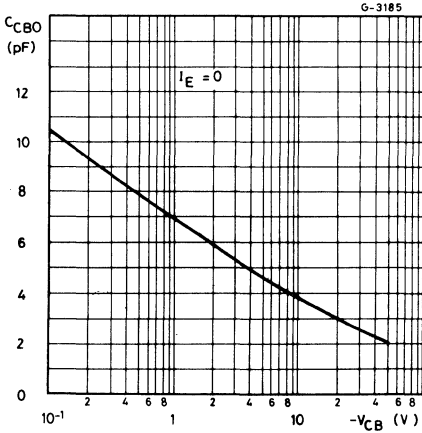


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

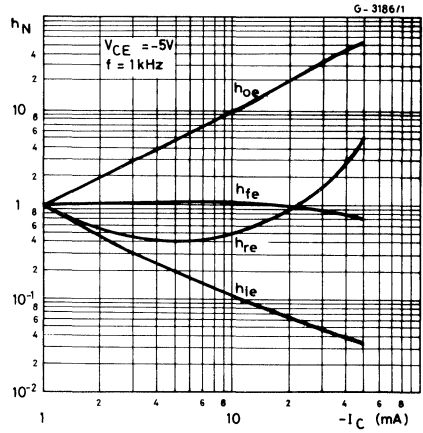


# BFX 37

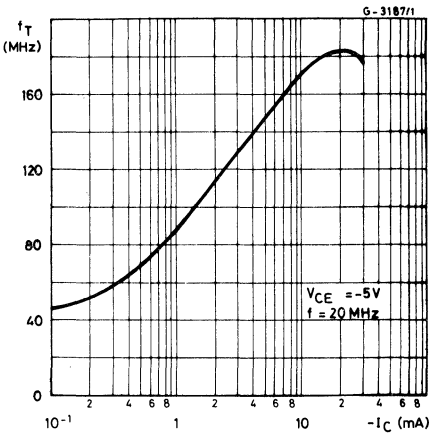
Collector-base capacitance



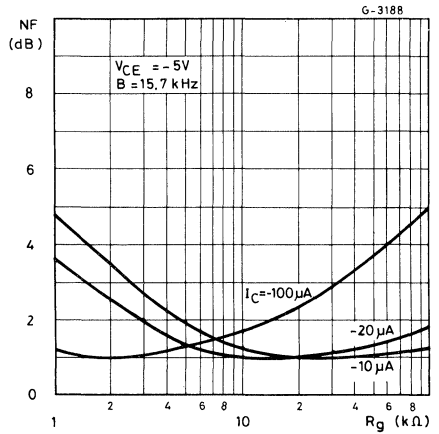
Normalized h parameters



Transition frequency

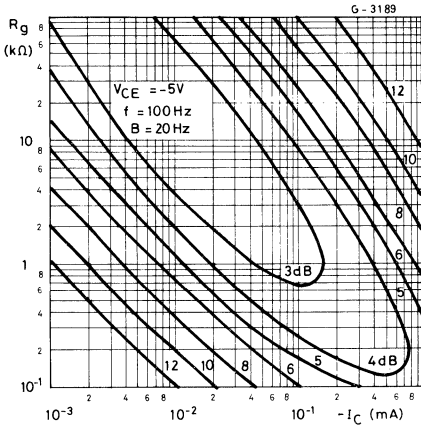


Noise figure vs. source resistance

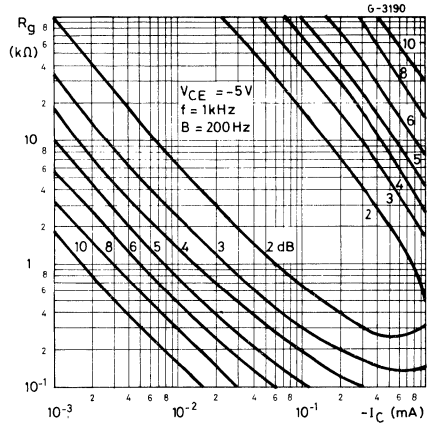


# BFX 37

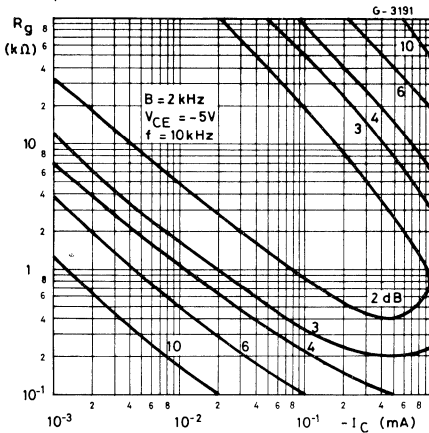
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ )



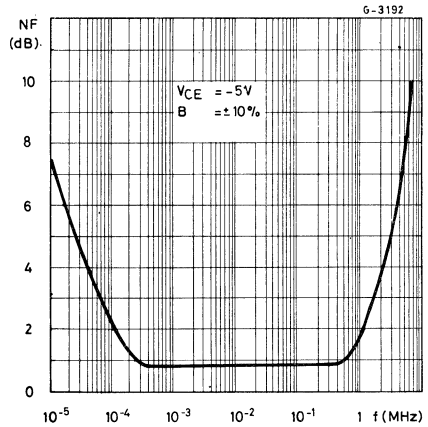
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ )



Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ )



Noise figure vs. frequency



**BFX 38**  
**BFX 39**  
**BFX 40**  
**BFX 41**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## HIGH-VOLTAGE, GENERAL PURPOSE TYPES

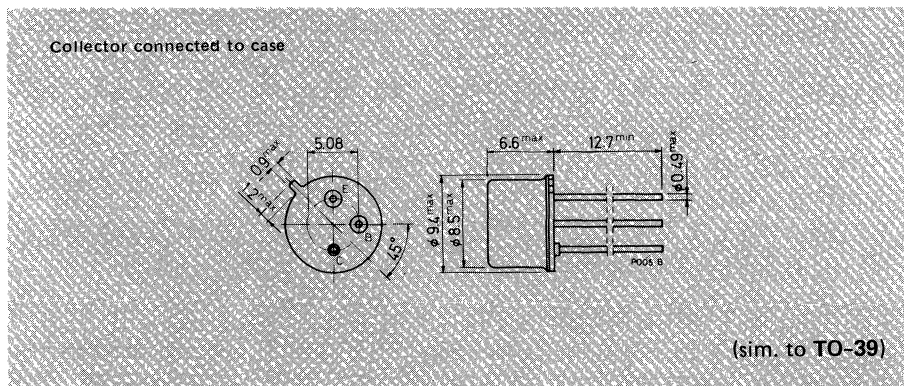
The BFX38, BFX39, BFX40 and BFX41 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case, designed for a wide variety of applications. They are particularly useful as complementary drivers (BFY56A is a good complement) in output and switching applications where high voltage and high current are required.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BFX38 BFX39	BFX40 BFX41
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-55 V	-75 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-55 V	-75 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	-1 A	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	4 W	
		-55 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**BFX 38**  
**BFX 39**  
**BFX 40**  
**BFX 41**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	44	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) for <b>BFX 38 - BFX 39</b> $V_{CB} = -40V$ $V_{CB} = -40V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$ for <b>BFX 40 - BFX 41</b> $V_{CB} = -50V$ $V_{CB} = -50V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$		-0.2	-50	nA $\mu A$ nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\mu A$ for <b>BFX 38 - BFX 39</b> for <b>BFX 40 - BFX 41</b>	-55		-75	V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -10mA$ for <b>BFX 38 - BFX 39</b> for <b>BFX 40 - BFX 41</b>	-55		-75	V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -10\mu A$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -150mA$ $I_B = -15mA$ $I_C = -500mA$ $I_B = -50mA$	-0.12	-0.15	-0.5	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -150mA$ $I_B = -15mA$ $I_C = -500mA$ $I_B = -50mA$	-0.8	-0.9	-1.1	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain for <b>BFX 38 - BFX 40</b> $I_C = -100\mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -100mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -500mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ for <b>BFX 39 - BFX 41</b> $I_C = -100\mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -100mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -500mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$	60	90		- - - - - -



**BFX 38**  
**BFX 39**  
**BFX 40**  
**BFX 41**

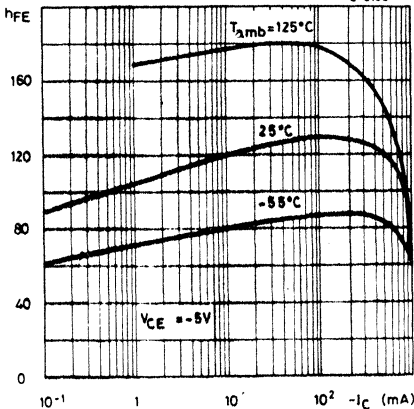
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain *	$I_C = -1$ A $V_{CE} = -5$ V for <b>BFX38</b> for <b>BFX39</b> for <b>BFX40</b> for <b>BFX41</b>	30	15	—	—
		* $I_C = -100$ mA $V_{CE} = -5$ V $T_{amb} = -55^\circ$ C for <b>BFX38 - BFX40</b> for <b>BFX39 - BFX41</b>	25	10	—	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V $f = 100$ MHz	100	150	—	MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5$ V $f = 1$ MHz	—	75	120	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V $f = 1$ MHz	—	15	20	pF
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -500$ mA $V_{CC} = -30$ V $I_{B1} = -50$ mA	—	33	100	ns
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = -500$ mA $V_{CC} = -30$ V $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -50$ mA	—	160	350	ns
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = -500$ mA $V_{CC} = -30$ V $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -50$ mA	—	27	50	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1%

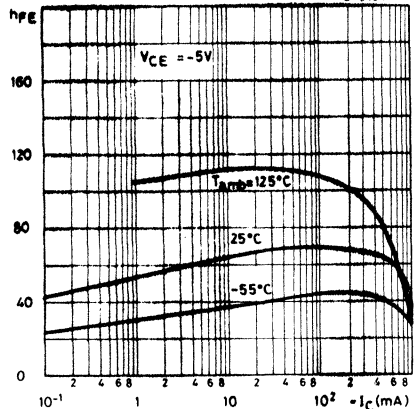
DC current gain (for BFX38 and BFX40 only)

G-3193



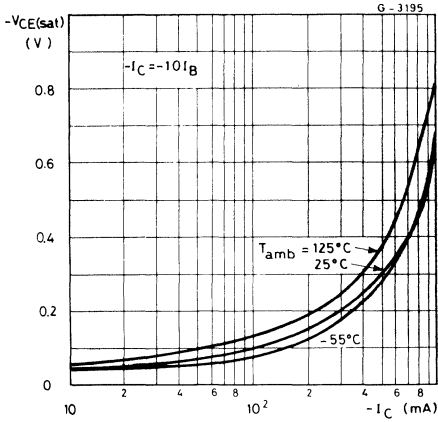
DC current gain (for BFX39 and BFX41 only)

G-3194

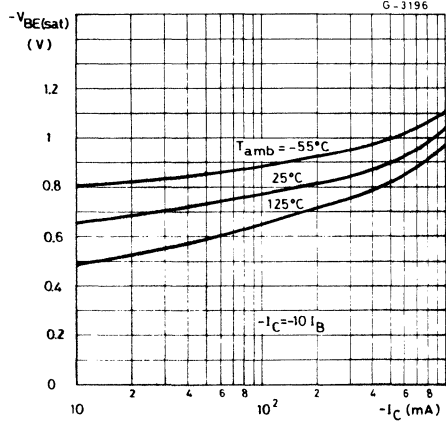


**BFX 38**  
**BFX 39**  
**BFX 40**  
**BFX 41**

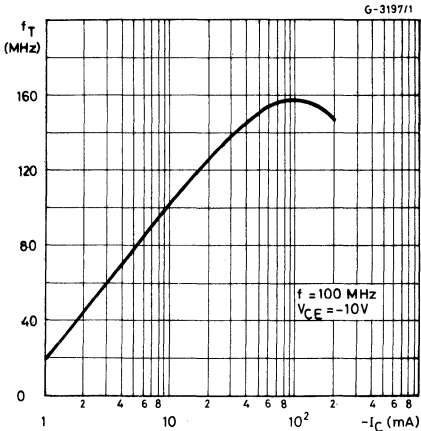
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



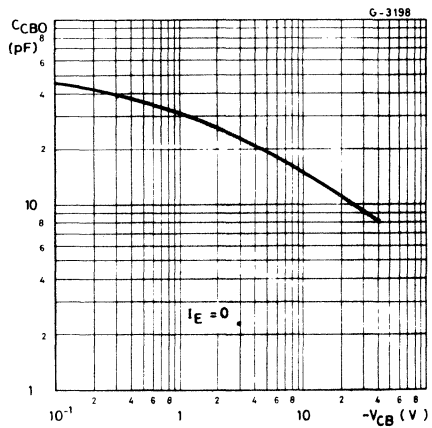
Base-emitter saturation voltage



Transition frequency



Collector-base capacitance



## HIGH-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER

The BFX 48 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is suitable for a wide range of applications including low noise, low current high gain RF and wide band pulse amplifiers.

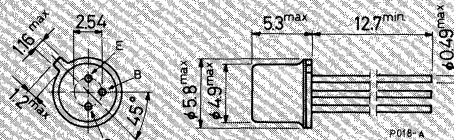
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-30	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-30	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	175	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = -20V$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$			-15 -15	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$	-30			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$	-30			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu A$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -1\ mA$ $I_B = -0.1\ mA$ $I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_B = -1\ mA$ $I_C = -50\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$			-0.13 -0.1 -0.3	V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -1\ mA$ $I_B = -0.1\ mA$ $I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_B = -1\ mA$ $I_C = -50\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$			-0.75 -0.77 -1.1	V V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ * $I_C = -50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ * $I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	40 70 90 20 30	80 130 160 40		- - - - -
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $f = 100\ MHz$	400	550		MHz

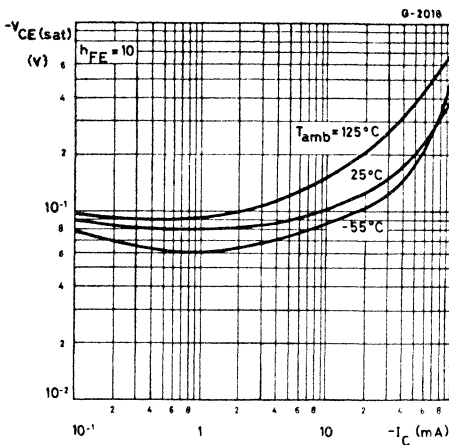
# BFX 48

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

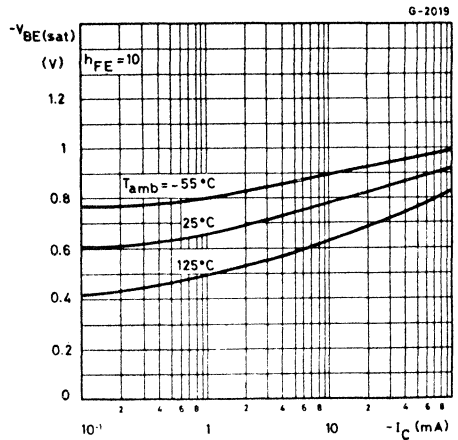
Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{EB} = -0.5V$		4	5.5	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = -10V$		2.2	3.5	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $R_g = 100 \Omega$		3.5	6	dB
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -5 \text{ mA}$		20	50	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -5 \text{ mA}$		95	160	ns
$r_{bb}'C_{bc}$	Feedback time constant	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $f = 80 \text{ MHz}$			40	ps

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1%

Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Base-emitter saturation voltage



# BFX 69 BFX 69A

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS

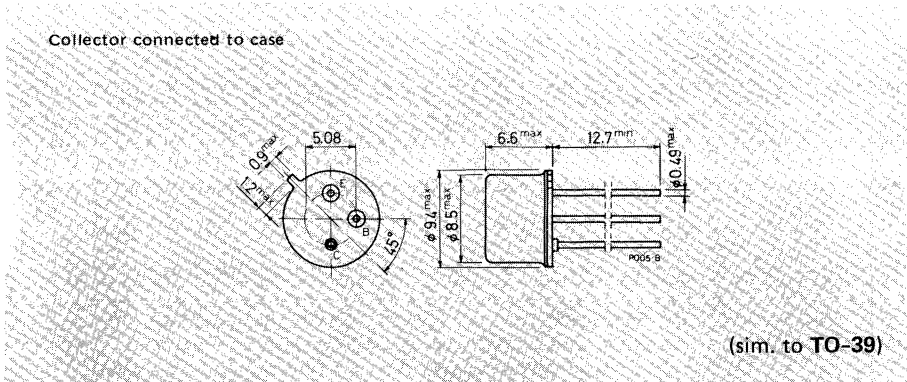
The BFX 69 and BFX 69A are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jeduc TO-39 metal case. They are designed for amplifier applications over a wide range of voltage and current.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		BFX 69	BFX 69A
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	75 V	80 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	30 V	40 V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{Be} \leq 10\Omega$ )	50 V	—
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	1 A	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8 W	
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for BFX 69	3 W	
	for BFX 69A	5 W	
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$		
	for BFX 69	1.7 W	
	for BFX 69A	2.8 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BFX 69 BFX 69A

## THERMAL DATA

			BFX 69	BFX 69 A
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58.3 °C/W	35 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219 °C/W	219 °C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 60\ V$		0.3	10	nA
	$V_{CB} = 60\ V$		0.4	10	nA
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5\ V$		0.05	10	nA
	$V_{CB} = 60\ V$		0.4	10	$\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 0.1\ mA$		75		V
			80		V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\ \Omega$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		50		V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		30		V
			40		V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 0.1\ mA$		7		V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$	0.6	1.5	V
		$I_B = 50\ mA$	0.4	0.8	V
	$I_C = 500\ mA$			1.2	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$	0.95	1.3	V
		$I_B = 50\ mA$	0.86	1.1	V
	$I_C = 500\ mA$			1.8	V

# BFX 69

# BFX 69A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC current gain	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 μA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V for <b>BFX 69</b>		35		—
			for <b>BFX 69A</b>		40		—
		I <sub>C</sub> = 0.1 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V for <b>BFX 69</b>	20	50		—
			for <b>BFX 69A</b>	30	60		—
		* I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V for <b>BFX 69</b>	35	80		—
			for <b>BFX 69A</b>	40	95		—
		* I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V for <b>BFX 69</b>	40	80	120	—
			for <b>BFX 69A</b>	40	90		—
* I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V for <b>BFX 69</b>	20	55		—		
	for <b>BFX 69A</b>	25	60		—		
* I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA T <sub>amb</sub> = -55°C	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	for <b>BFX 69</b>	20	35		—	
		for <b>BFX 69A</b>	20	40		—	
	I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA T <sub>amb</sub> = -55°C	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V					
		for <b>BFX 69A</b>					
h <sub>fe</sub>	Small signal current gain	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V				
			for <b>BFX 69</b>	30	55	100	—
		for <b>BFX 69A</b>		70		—	
		I <sub>C</sub> = 5 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V				
for <b>BFX 69</b>	35	70	150	—			
f <sub>T</sub>	Transition frequency	I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA f = 20 MHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	60	80		MHz
C <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-base capacitance	I <sub>C</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz	V <sub>EB</sub> = 0.5V		50	80	pF
C <sub>CB0</sub>	Collector-base capacitance	I <sub>E</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz	V <sub>CB</sub> = 10V				
			for <b>BFX 69</b>	18	25	pF	
for <b>BFX 69A</b>	13	20	pF				



# BFX 69

# BFX 69A

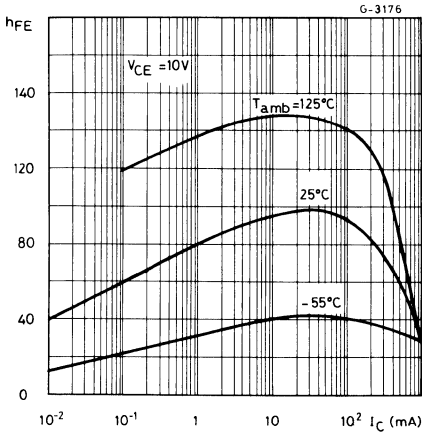
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 0.3 \text{ mA}$ $R_g = 510 \Omega$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>BFX 69A</b>	6	12		dB
		3.5	7		dB
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> for <b>BFX 69A</b>	2.2			k $\Omega$
		1.8			k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> for <b>BFX 69A</b>	$3.6 \times 10^{-4}$			—
		$2.1 \times 10^{-4}$			—
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> for <b>BFX 69A</b>	12.5			$\mu\text{S}$
		8			$\mu\text{S}$
$h_{ib}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> for <b>BFX 69A</b> $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b>	24	27	34	$\Omega$
			27		$\Omega$
		4	6.3	8	$\Omega$
$h_{rb}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> for <b>BFX 69A</b> $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b>	$0.7 \times 10^{-4}$	$3 \times 10^{-4}$		—
		$0.5 \times 10^{-4}$			—
		$0.8 \times 10^{-4}$	$3 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{ob}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b> for <b>BFX 69A</b> $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>BFX 69</b>	0.1	0.16	0.5	$\mu\text{S}$
			0.12		$\mu\text{S}$
		0.1	0.19	1	$\mu\text{S}$

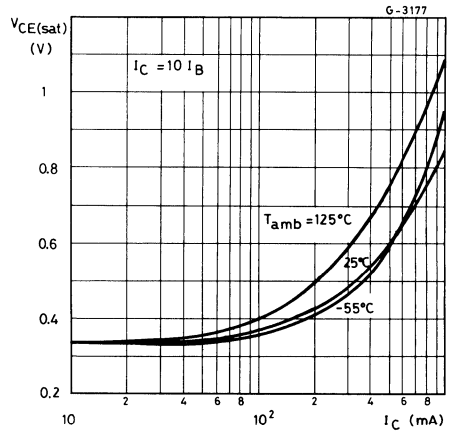
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BFX 69 BFX 69A

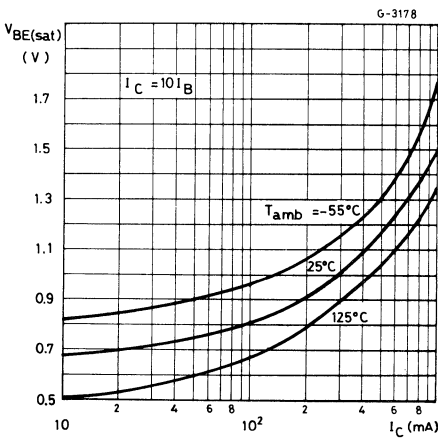
DC current gain



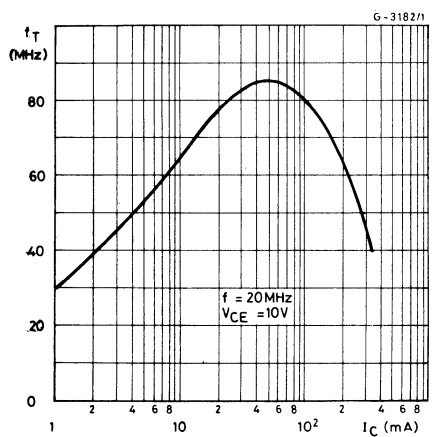
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Base-emitter saturation voltage

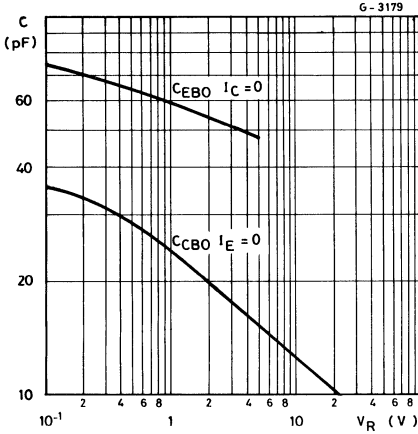


Transition frequency

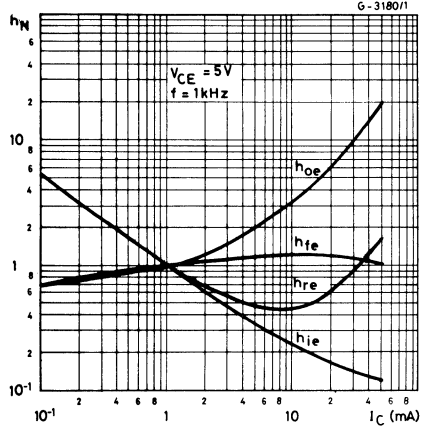


# BFX 69 BFX 69A

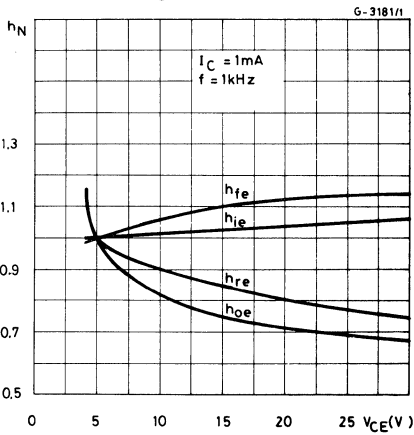
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



Normalized h parameters vs. collector current



Normalized h parameters vs. collector-emitter voltage



# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## BFX 90 BFX 91

### HIGH-VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS

The BFX 90 and BFX 91 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 (BFX 90) and Jedec TO-39 (BFX 91) metal cases.

Both devices feature high voltage, high gain, low noise and excellent current gain linearity from 10  $\mu$ A to 50 mA.

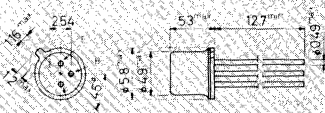
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-180	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-180	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	for BFX 90	0.4 W
		for BFX 91	0.7 W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	for BFX 90	1.4 W
		for BFX 91	2.5 W
			-55 to 200
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature		

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)

# BFX 90

# BFX 91

## THERMAL DATA

THERMAL DATA			BFX 90	BFX 91
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	125 °C/W	70 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	438 °C/W	250 °C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

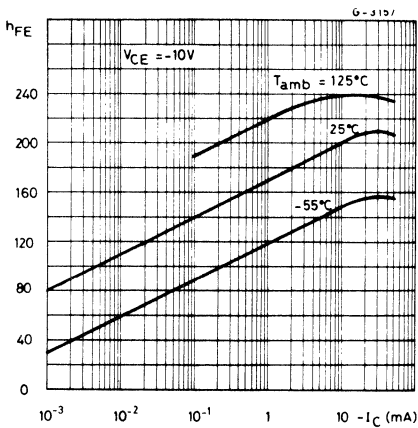
Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -100V$ $V_{CB} = -100V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$	-0.2	-10	-10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = -4V$	-0.2	-10	-10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$	-180			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -2\ mA$	-180			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu A$	-6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_B = -1\ mA$	-0.1	-0.25	-0.25	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_B = -1\ mA$	-0.74	-0.9	-0.9	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$ $I_C = -100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	60	110	300	- - - - - -
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1\ kHz$	100		400	-
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 20\ MHz$	40	60	160	MHz

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

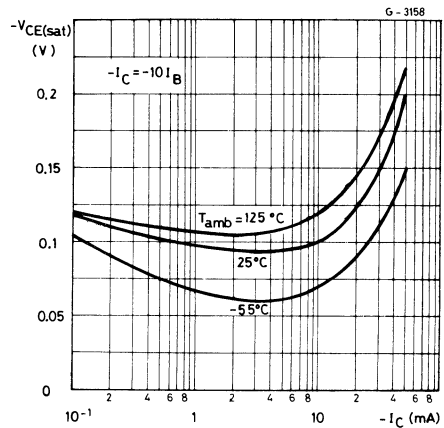
Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$				
		$V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$				
			20		25	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$				
		$V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$				
			5		7	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = -10 \mu\text{A}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$				
		$V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $B = 2 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 200 \text{ Hz}$ $B = 20 \text{ Hz}$				
			1		3	dB
			1		3	dB
			2		10	dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
		$V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$	2.5		12	$\text{k}\Omega$
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
		$V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$	5		25	$\mu\text{S}$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

### DC current gain

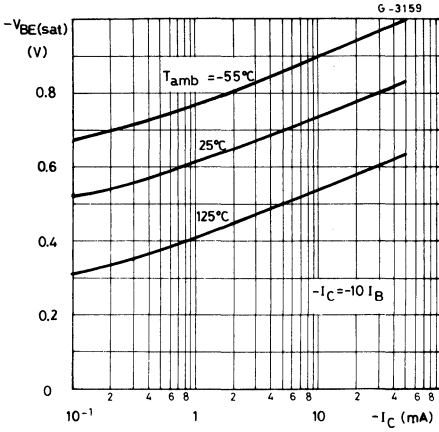


### Collector-emitter saturation voltage

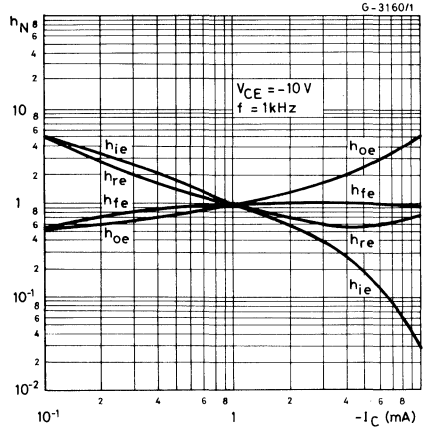


# BFX 90 BFX 91

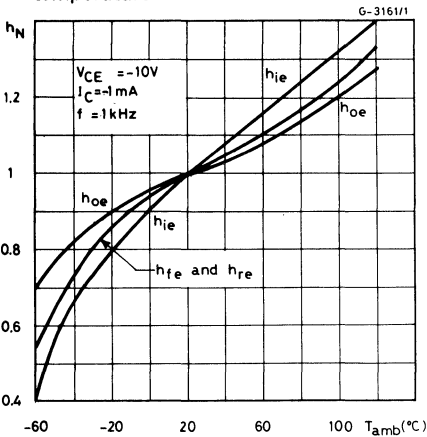
Base-emitter saturation voltage



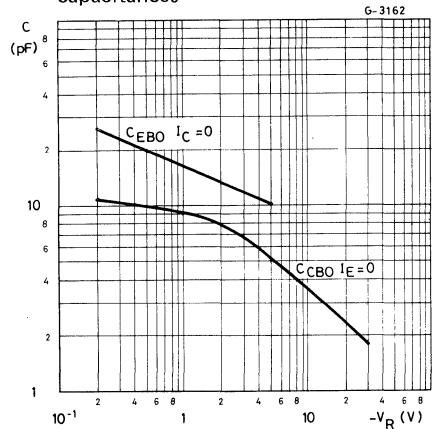
Normalized h parameters vs. collector current



Normalized h parameters vs. ambient temperature

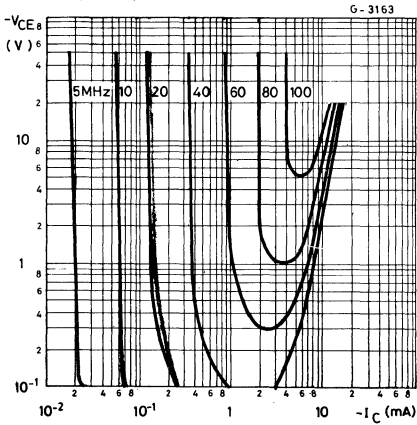


Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances

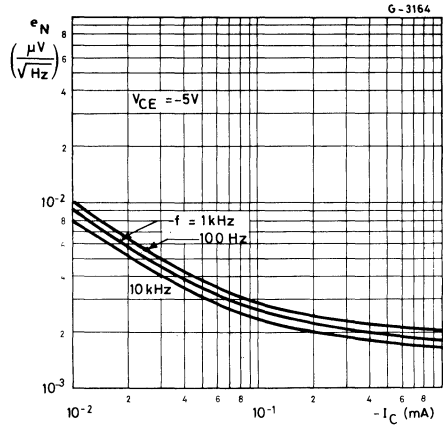


# BFX 90 BFX 91

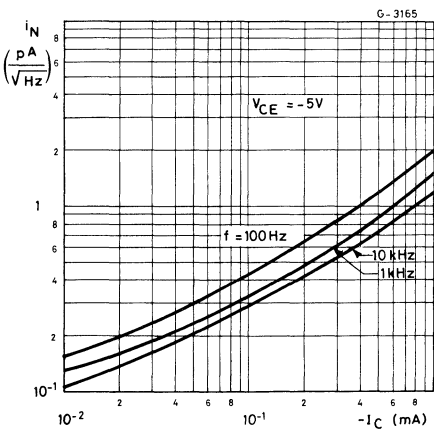
Contours of constant transition frequency



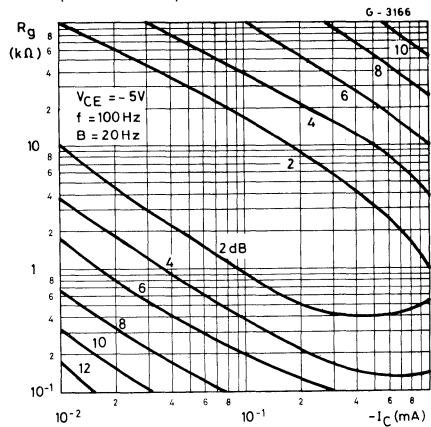
Equivalent input noise voltage



Equivalent input noise current



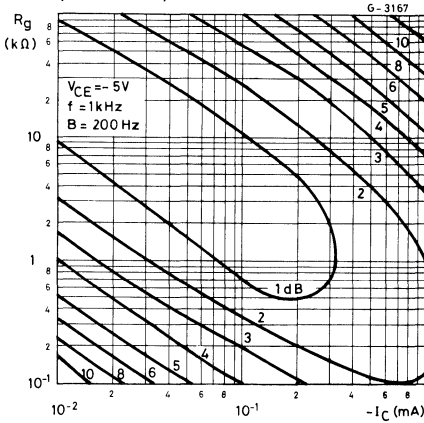
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 100$  Hz)



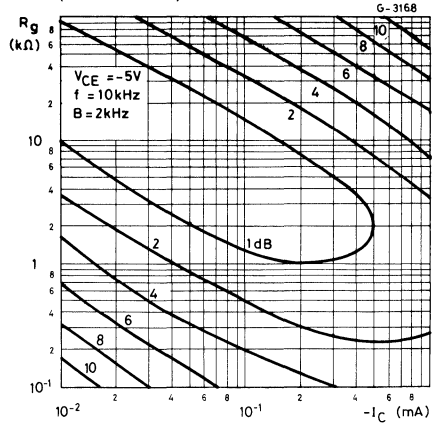


# BFX 90 BFX 91

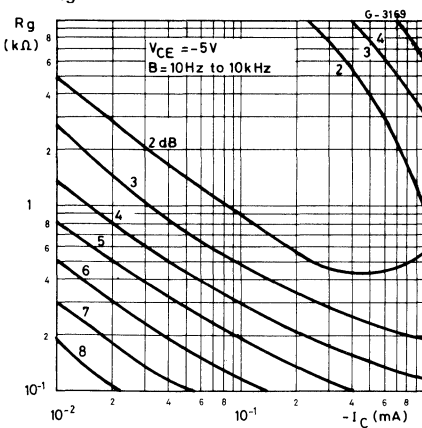
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ )



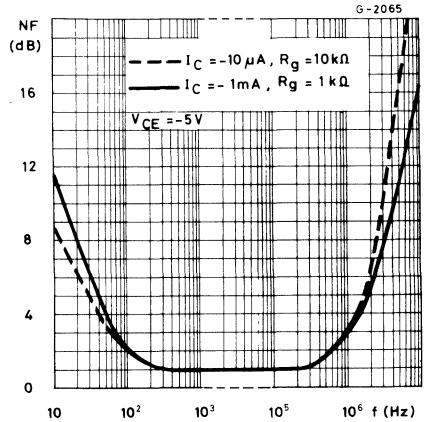
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ )



Contours of constant wide band noise figure



Noise figure vs. frequency





**BFY 50**  
**BFY 51**  
**BFY 52**

**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	218	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) for <b>BFY 50</b> $V_{CB} = 60V$ $V_{CB} = 60V$ $T_{case} = 100^{\circ}C$ for <b>BFY 51</b> $V_{CB} = 40V$ $V_{CB} = 40V$ $T_{case} = 100^{\circ}C$ for <b>BFY 52</b> $V_{CB} = 30V$ $V_{CB} = 30V$ $T_{case} = 100^{\circ}C$	2	50	nA	
		0.055	2.5	$\mu A$	
		2	50	nA	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 5V$ $V_{EB} = 5V$ $T_{case} = 100^{\circ}C$	50	nA		
		2.8	$\mu A$		
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\ \mu A$ for <b>BFY 50</b> for <b>BFY 51</b> for <b>BFY 52</b>	80	V		
		60	V		
		40	V		
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ mA$ for <b>BFY 50</b> for <b>BFY 51</b> for <b>BFY 52</b>	35	V		
		30	V		
		20	V		
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\ \mu A$	6	V		
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ for <b>BFY 50</b> for <b>BFY 51</b> and <b>BFY 52</b> $I_C = 1\ A$ $I_B = 0.1\ A$ for <b>BFY 50</b> for <b>BFY 51</b> and <b>BFY 52</b>	0.14	0.2	V	
		0.14	0.35	V	
		0.7	1	V	
		0.7	1.6	V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 1\ A$ $I_B = 0.1\ A$	0.95	V		
		1.5	2	V	
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain for <b>BFY 50</b> $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 1\ A$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ for <b>BFY 51</b> $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 1\ A$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ for <b>BFY 52</b> $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 1\ A$ $V_{CE} = 6V$	20	40	—	
		30	55	—	
		15	30	—	
		30	55	—	
		40	70	—	
		15	40	—	
		30	80	—	
		60	130	—	
		15	60	—	

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$V_{CE} = 6V$ $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	f = 1 kHz				
				for <b>BFY 51</b>	30	42	—
		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	for <b>BFY 52</b>	30	84	—	
			for <b>BFY 50</b>	45	—	—	
	for <b>BFY 51</b>	60	—	—			
	for <b>BFY 52</b>	120	—	—			
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 6V$	for <b>BFY 50</b>	60	100	MHz
				for <b>BFY 51</b>	50	110	MHz
				for <b>BFY 52</b>	50	120	MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ f = 1 MHz	$V_{CB} = 12V$		7	12	pF
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ f = 1 kHz	$V_{CE} = 6V$	for <b>BFY 50</b>	180	—	$\Omega$
				for <b>BFY 51</b>	220	—	$\Omega$
				for <b>BFY 52</b>	400	—	$\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reserve voltage ratio	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ f = 1 kHz	$V_{CE} = 6V$	for <b>BFY 50</b>	$55 \times 10^{-6}$	—	—
				for <b>BFY 51</b>	$70 \times 10^{-6}$	—	—
				for <b>BFY 52</b>	$130 \times 10^{-6}$	—	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ f = 1 kHz	$V_{CE} = 6V$	for <b>BFY 50</b>	30	—	$\mu S$
				for <b>BFY 51</b>	35	—	$\mu S$
				for <b>BFY 52</b>	70	—	$\mu S$
$t_d$	Delay time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 10V$ $V_{BE} = -2V$		25	—	ns
$t_r$	Rise time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 10V$ $V_{BE} = -2V$		30	—	ns
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 10V$	for <b>BFY 50</b>	140	—	ns
				for <b>BFY 51</b>	160	—	ns
				for <b>BFY 52</b>	220	—	ns
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 10V$	for <b>BFY 50 and BFY 51</b>	35	—	ns
				for <b>BFY 52</b>	40	—	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BFY 56 BFY 56A

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

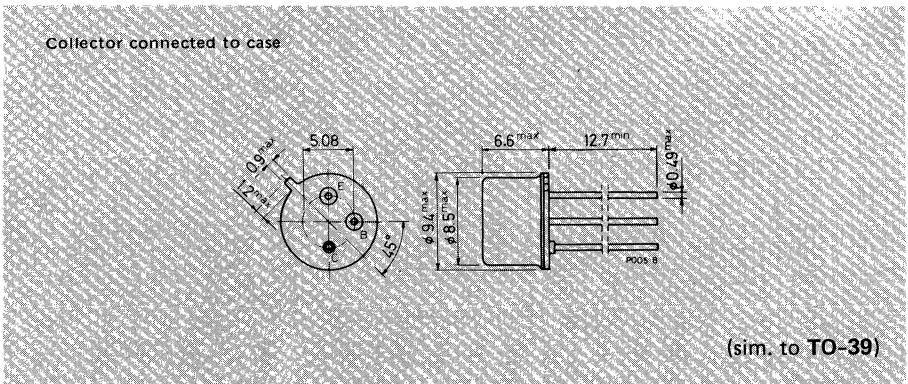
The BFY 56 and BFY 56A are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case. They are designed for amplifier and switching applications over a wide range of voltage and current.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BFY 56	BFY 56A
$V_{CES}$	85 V	85 V
$V_{CEO}$	45 V	55 V
$V_{EBO}$	7 V	
$I_C$	1 A	
$P_{tot}$	0.8 W	
	5 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	-55 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BFY 56 BFY 56A

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 50V$ $V_{CE} = 50V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	0.2	20	20	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 5V$	0.1	20		nA
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = 100 \mu A$	85			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage $I_C = 10 mA$ for <b>BFY 56</b> for <b>BFY 56A</b>	45 55			V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100 \mu A$	7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage for <b>BFY 56</b> $I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$ $I_C = 1 A$ $I_B = 0.1 A$ for <b>BFY 56A</b> $I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$ $I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$ $I_C = 1 A$ $I_B = 0.1 mA$	0.13 0.65	0.3 1.2		V V V V V

# BFY 56 BFY 56A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	for <b>BFY 56</b> $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ A}$ for <b>BFY 56A</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ A}$	0.85 1.5	1.5 2.3		V V V V V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	for <b>BFY 56</b> $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ for <b>BFY 56A</b> $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ * $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ * $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ * $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	15 20 30	50 55 70	150	— — — — — — —
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>BFY 56</b> for <b>BFY 56A</b>		60 80		— —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>BFY 56</b> for <b>BFY 56A</b>	40 60	90 90		MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		50	80	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		14	25	pF
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>BFY 56</b> for <b>BFY 56A</b>		1.8 2		k $\Omega$ k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		$2.1 \times 10^{-4}$		—

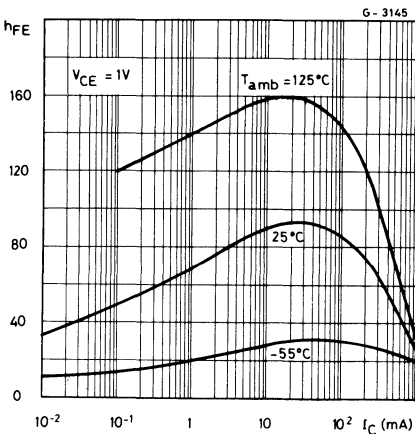
# BFY 56 BFY 56A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

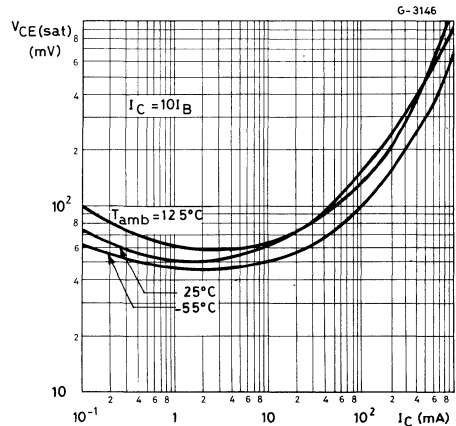
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$		8		$\mu\text{S}$
$h_{ib}$	Input impedance $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		27		$\Omega$
$h_{rb}$	Reverse voltage ratio $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		$0.5 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{ob}$	Output admittance $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		0.12		$\mu\text{S}$
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 7.5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$		150	225	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 7.5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$		350	800	ns

\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain



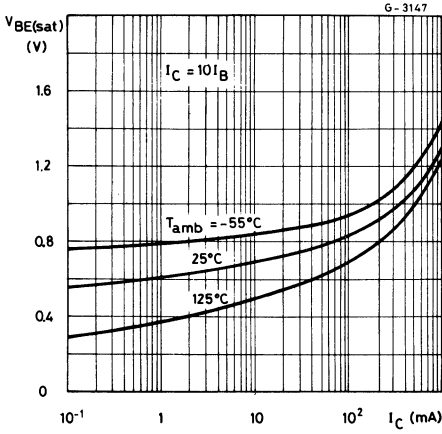
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



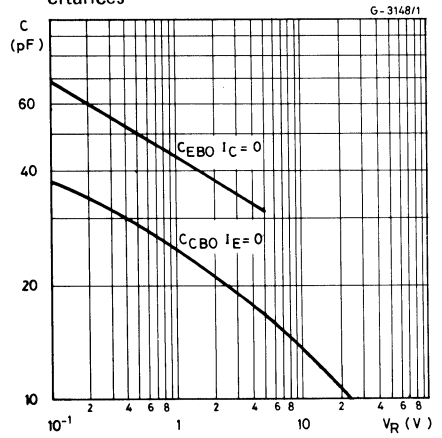


# BFY 56 BFY 56A

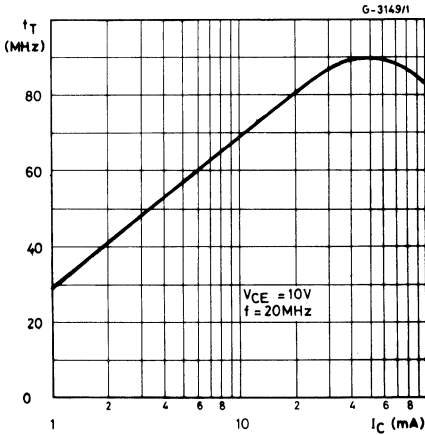
Base-emitter saturation voltage



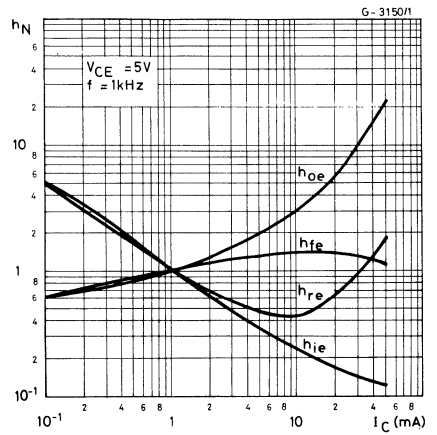
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



Transition frequency



Normalized h parameters



# BFY 64

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### HIGH-CURRENT GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSISTOR

The BFY 64 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case. It is designed for digital and analog applications at current levels up to 500 mA, line driver, memory applications and in low-noise amplifiers.

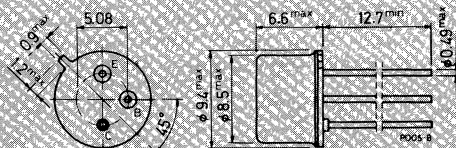
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	- 5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.7	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	3	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)

# BFY 64

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	250	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = -25V$	-0.2		-30	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$	-40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$ Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$	-40			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu A$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -50\ mA\ I_B = -2.5\ mA$	-0.08		-0.3	V
	$I_C = -150\ mA\ I_B = -15\ mA$	-0.18		-0.5	V
	$I_C = -500\ mA\ I_B = -50\ mA$	-0.6		-1.8	V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -50\ mA\ I_B = -2.5\ mA$	-0.92		-1.1	V
	$I_C = -150\ mA\ I_B = -15\ mA$	-1		-1.4	V
	$I_C = -500\ mA\ I_B = -50\ mA$			-2.2	V

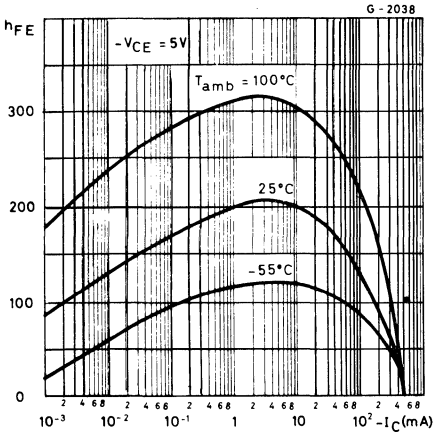
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10V$		130		—
		$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$		200		—
		* $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$	80	200		—
		* $I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		150		—
		* $I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$		130		—
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		200		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	200	250		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		15	25	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector - base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6	10	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = -30 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		1		dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		1		k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		$2.4 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		110		$\mu S$
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30V$ $I_{B1} = -30 \text{ mA}$		35	50	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = -300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -30 \text{ mA}$		70	120	ns

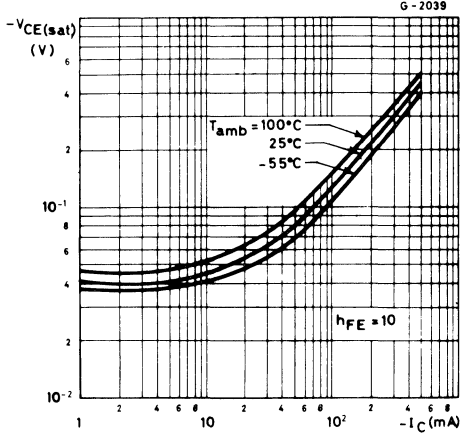
\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BFY 64

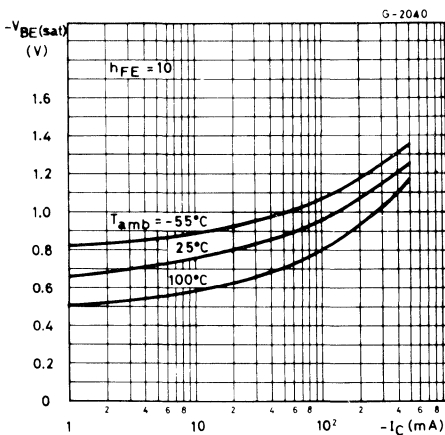
DC current gain



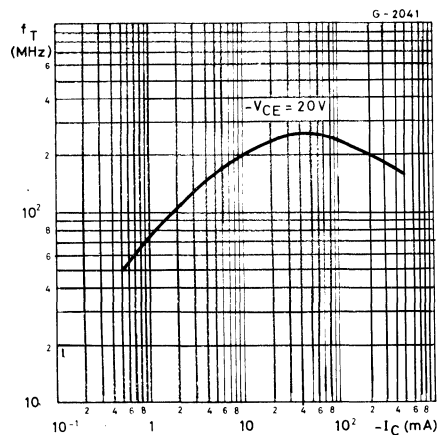
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Base-emitter saturation voltage

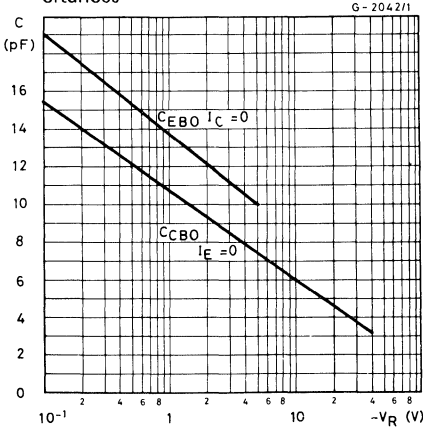


Transition frequency

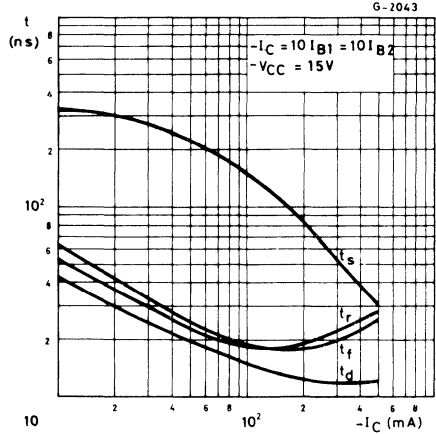


# BFY 64

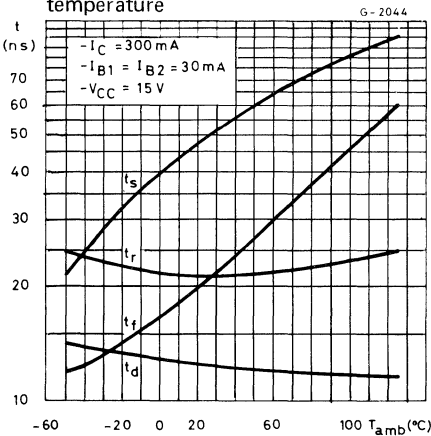
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



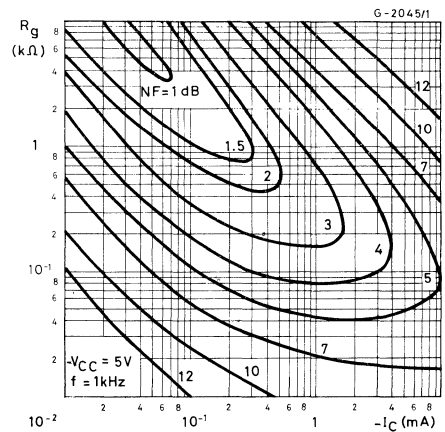
Switching characteristics



Switching characteristics vs. ambient temperature



Contours of constant noise figure



# BFY 76

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE AMPLIFIER

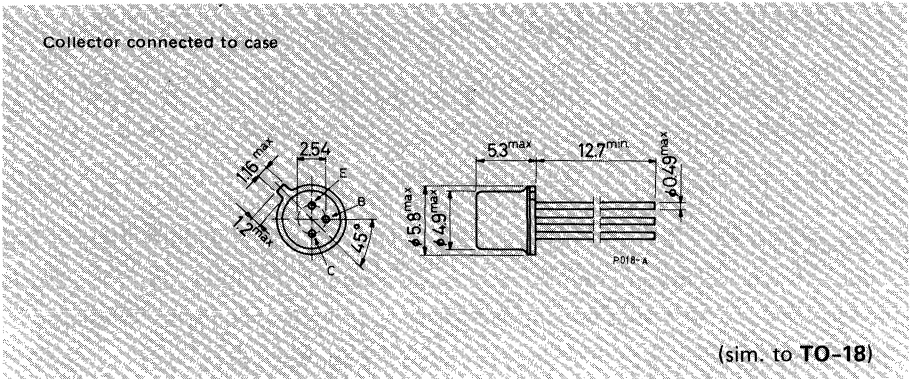
The BFY 76 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed for use in high-performance, low level, low noise amplifier circuits from audio to high frequencies.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	8	V
$I_C$	Collector current	50	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
$T_{stg}, T_J$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 50V$		0.1	20	nA
		$V_{CE} = 50V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.1	20	$\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$	$\cap$	0.1	20	nA
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$	60			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	60			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$	8			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $I_B = 0.1\ mA$		0.15	0.35	V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	0.5	0.58	0.7	V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	30	70		—
		$I_C = 100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$		120		—
		$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	150	190	300	—
		$I_C = 5\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$		220		—
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$	80	220	300	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 20\ MHz$	70	100		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$ $f = 1\ MHz$		3.5	6	pF



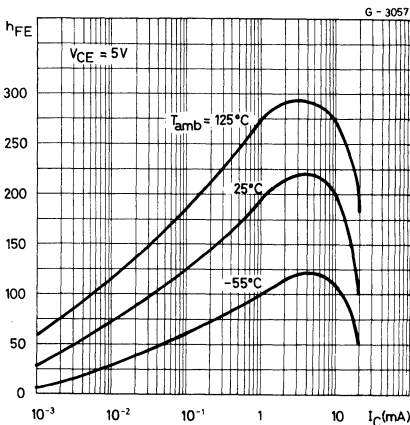
# BFY 76

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

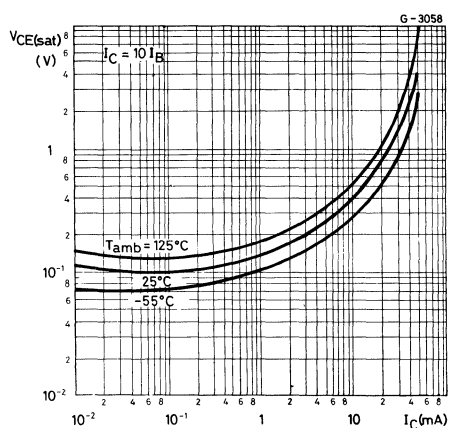
Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = 5V$		3.5	6	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		4	15	dB
			$f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		1.5	4	dB
			$f = 10 \text{ to } 10\,000 \text{ Hz}$		1.9	4	dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	1.5	8	15	$\text{k}\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	$3 \times 10^{-4}$		$8 \times 10^{-4}$	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		11	35	$\mu S$
$h_{ib}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CB} = 5V$	25	27	32	$\Omega$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

### DC current gain

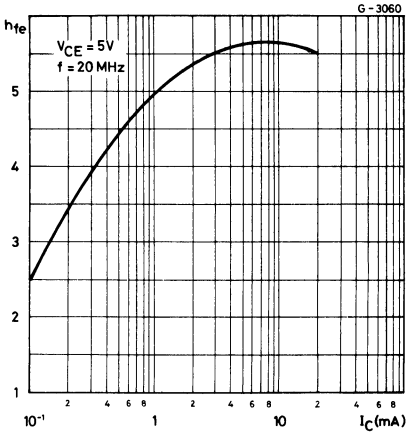


### Collector-emitter saturation voltage

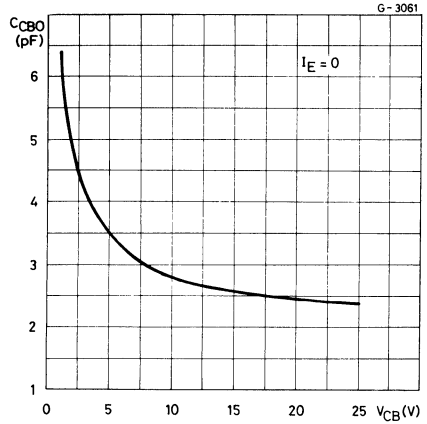


# BFY 76

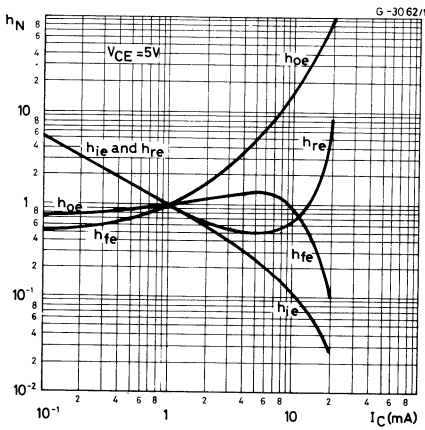
High frequency current gain



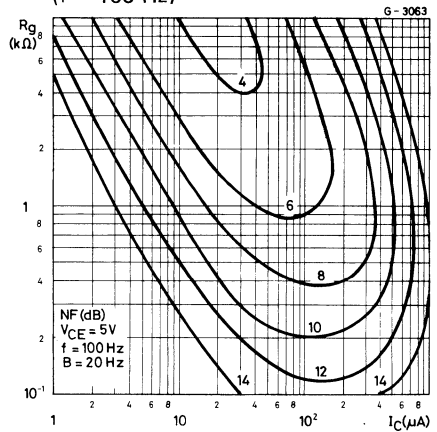
Collector-base capacitance



Normalized h parameters

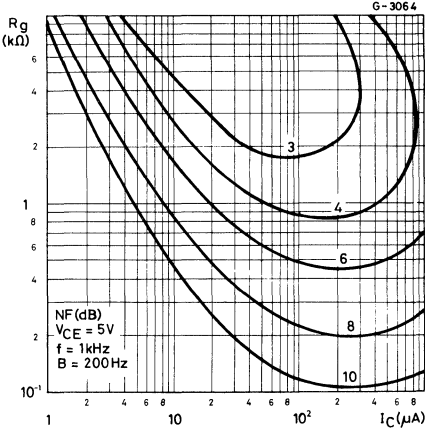


Contours of constant noise figure (f = 100 Hz)

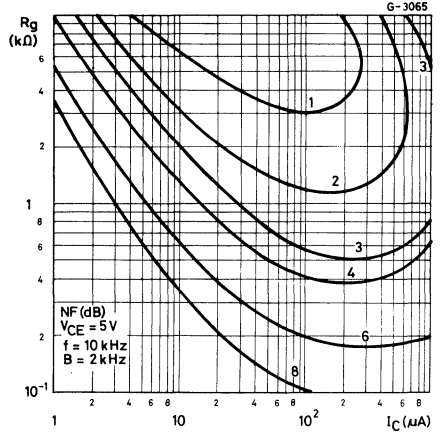


# BFY 76

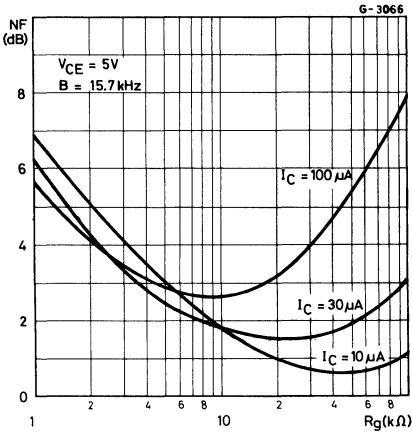
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ )



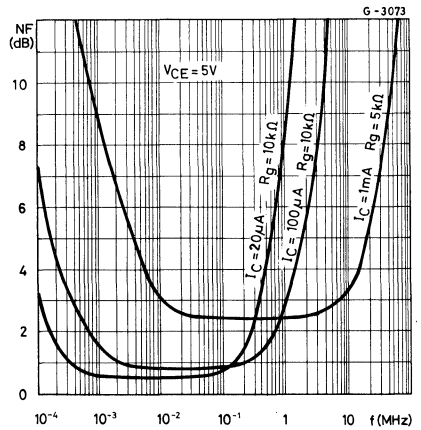
Contours of constant noise figure  
( $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ )



Noise figure vs. source resistance



Noise figure vs. frequency



# BSS 26

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

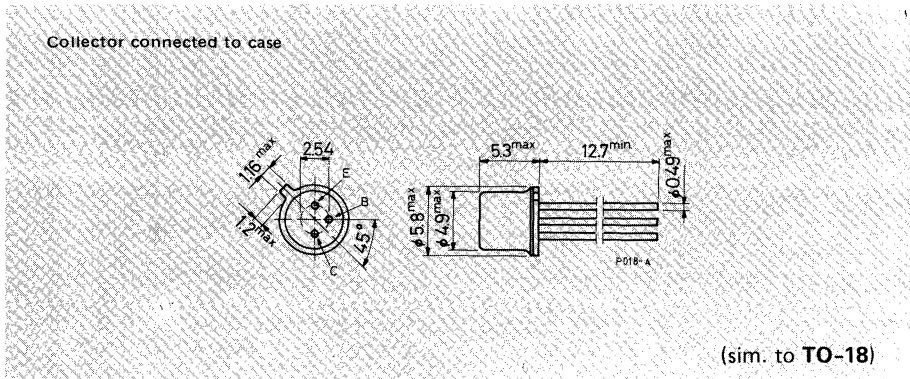
The BSS 26 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is intended for high voltage, high current switching applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BSS 26

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

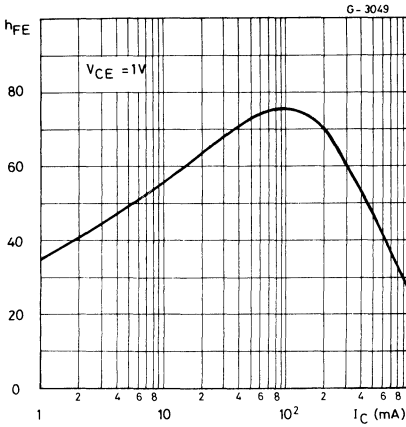
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 40V$ $V_{CB} = 40$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$	0.1	1.7	20	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 \mu A$	60			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 \mu A$	60			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 mA$	40			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 10 \mu A$	6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 100 mA$ $I_B = 10 mA$ $I_C = 500 mA$ $I_B = 50 mA$ $I_C = 1 A$ $I_B = 0.1 A$		0.17	0.3	V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 100 mA$ $I_B = 10 mA$ $I_C = 500 mA$ $I_B = 50 mA$ $I_C = 1 A$ $I_B = 0.1 A$	0.8	0.78	0.9	V V V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain $I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 100 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 500 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 1 A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	25	55		— — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 100 MHz$	250	400		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$ $f = 1 MHz$		40	55	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10V$ $f = 1 MHz$		4.8	12	pF
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 500 mA$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $I_{B1} = 50 mA$		15	35	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 500 mA$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 50 mA$		40	60	ns

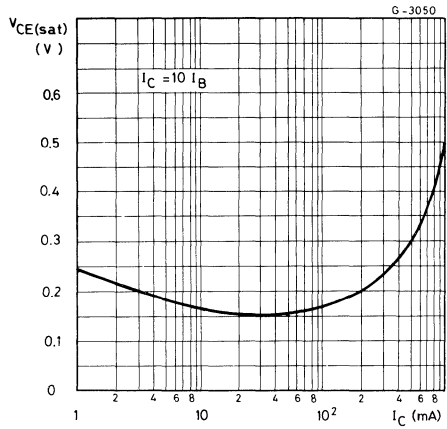
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# BSS 26

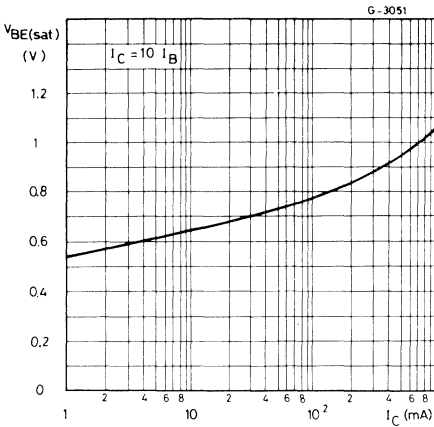
DC current gain



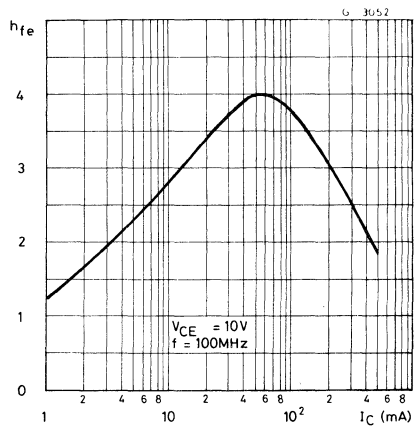
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Base-emitter saturation voltage

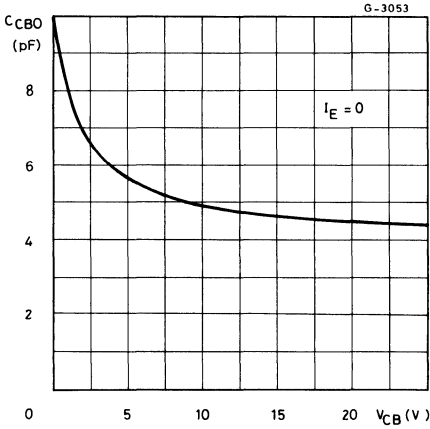


High frequency current gain

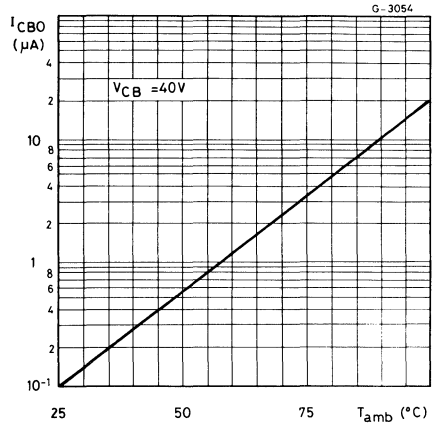


# BSS 26

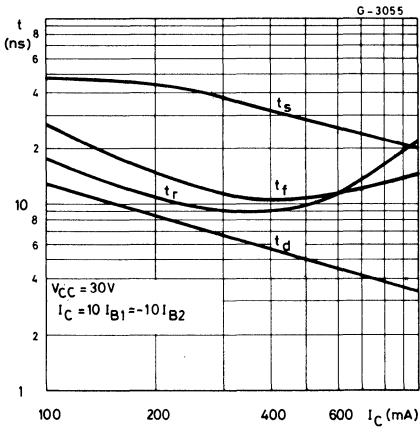
Collector-base capacitance



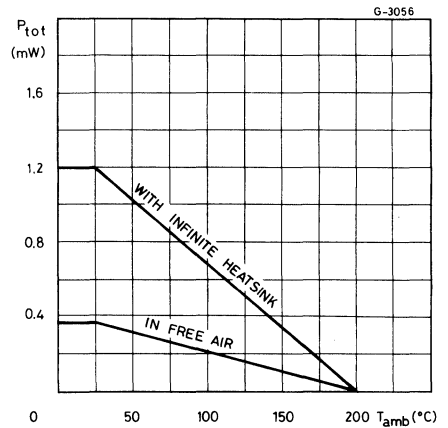
Collector cutoff current



Switching characteristics



Power rating chart



**BSV 15**  
**BSV 16**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## MEDIUM POWER AMPLIFIERS

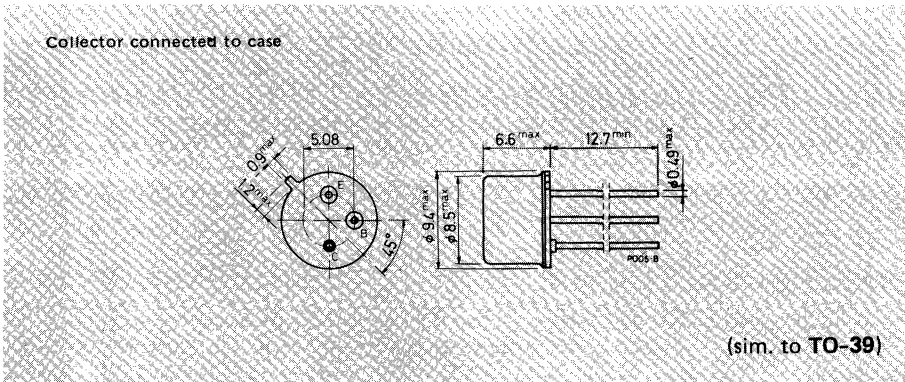
The BSV 15 and BSV 16 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for use in medium power general industrial applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BSV15	BSV16
$V_{CES}$	-40 V	-60 V
$V_{CEO}$	-40 V	-60 V
$V_{EBO}$	-5 V	
$I_C$	-1 A	
$I_B$	-0.2 A	
$P_{tot}$	5 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	-65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# BSV 15 BSV 16

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	200	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

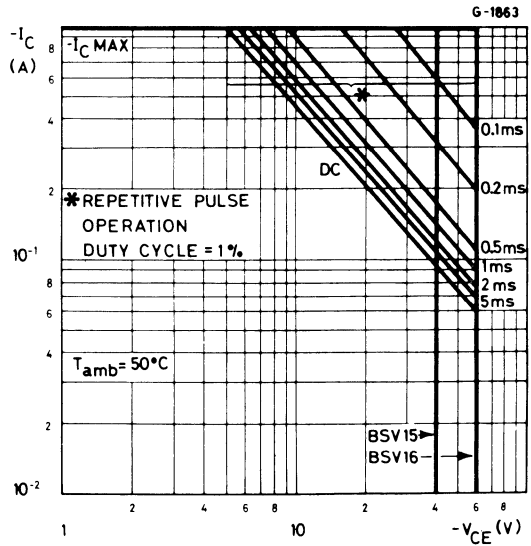
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) for <b>BSV 15</b> $V_{CE} = -40V$ $V_{CE} = -40V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$ for <b>BSV 16</b> $V_{CE} = -60V$ $V_{CE} = -60V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			-0.1 -50 -0.1 -50	$\mu A$ $\mu A$ $\mu A$ $\mu A$	
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0.2 V$ ) for <b>BSV 15</b> $V_{CE} = -40V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$ for <b>BSV 16</b> $V_{CE} = -60V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$			-50 -50	$\mu A$ $\mu A$	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = -4V$			-50	nA	
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = -10 \mu A$ for <b>BSV 15</b> for <b>BSV 16</b>			-40 -60	V V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -10 mA$ for <b>BSV 15</b> for <b>BSV 16</b>			-40 -60	V V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -10 \mu A$			-5	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -500 mA$ $I_B = -25 mA$			-0.25	-1	V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = -100 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -500 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$			-0.7	-0.85 -1.4	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain $I_C = -0.1 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ Gr. 6 Gr. 10 Gr. 16 $I_C = -100 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ Gr. 6 Gr. 10 Gr. 16			15 20 30 40 63 100	44 75 120 63 100 160 250	— — — — — — —

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -1 \text{ V}$		
		Gr. 6	20	40	—
		Gr. 10	25	55	—
		Gr. 16	35	85	—
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$		
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	20		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -1 \text{ V}$		
		$f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	50		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$		
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	180		pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$		
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	20	30	pF
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -20 \text{ V}$		
		$I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -5 \text{ mA}$		500	ns
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -20 \text{ V}$		
		$I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -5 \text{ mA}$		150	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -20 \text{ V}$		
		$I_{B1} = -5 \text{ mA}$		500	ns

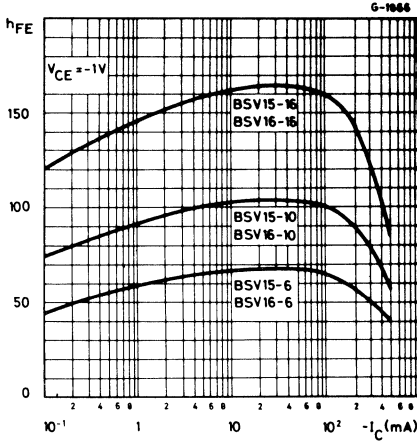
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

### Safe operating areas

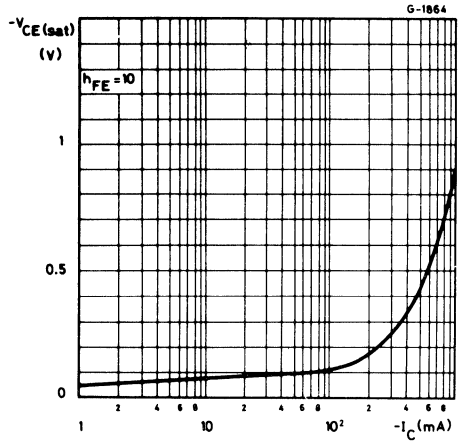


# BSV 15 BSV 16

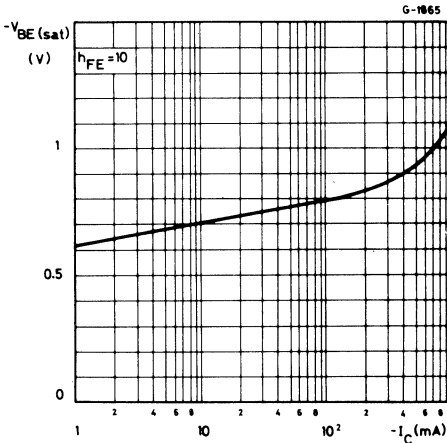
DC current gain



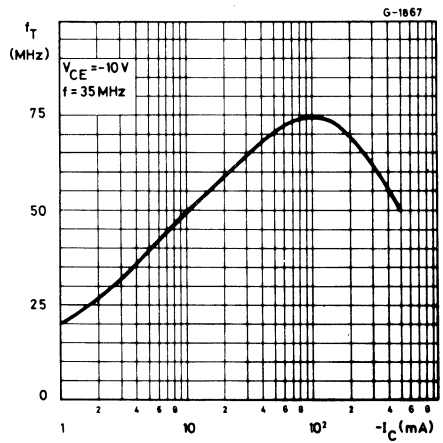
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Base-emitter saturation voltage



Transition frequency



# BSV 59

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The BSV 59 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is intended for high speed switching applications at collector currents up to 500 mA.

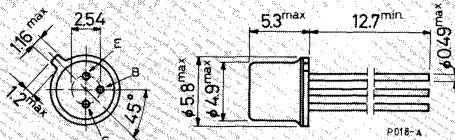
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BSV 59

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 30V$ $V_{CB} = 30V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$		40 20	200 200	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 0.1\ mA$	60			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ mA$	30			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 0.1\ mA$	5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 50\ mA$ $I_B = 5\ mA$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $I_B = 50\ mA$		0.16 0.22 0.48		V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 50\ mA$ $I_B = 5\ mA$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $I_B = 50\ mA$		0.78 0.85 1.12		V V V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain $I_C = 50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$		60 30 20 50 10		— — — — —

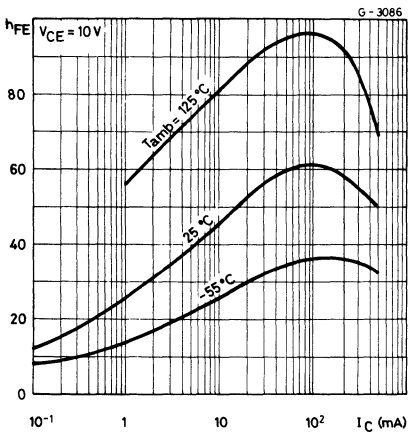
# BSV 59

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

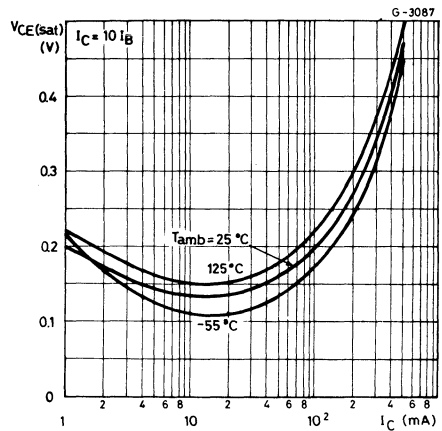
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	250	350		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		38		pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6	8	pF
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$		18	40	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$		25	40	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

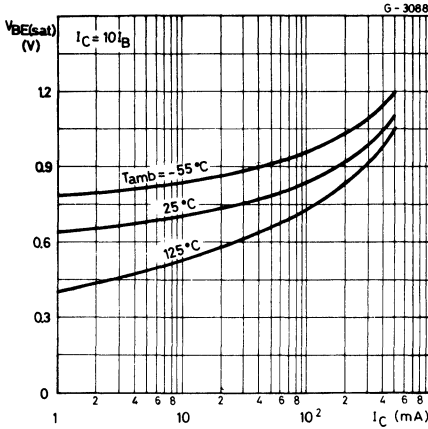


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

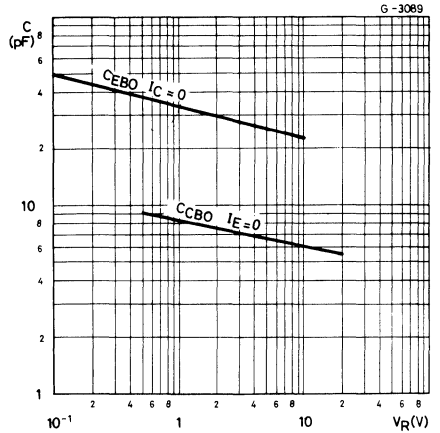


# BSV 59

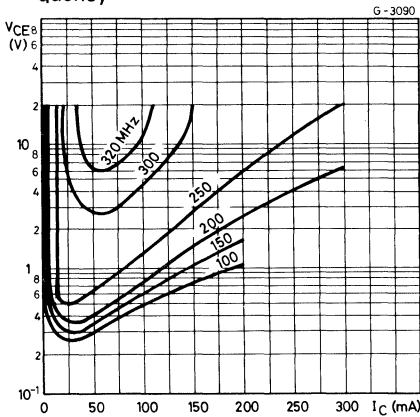
Base-emitter saturation voltage



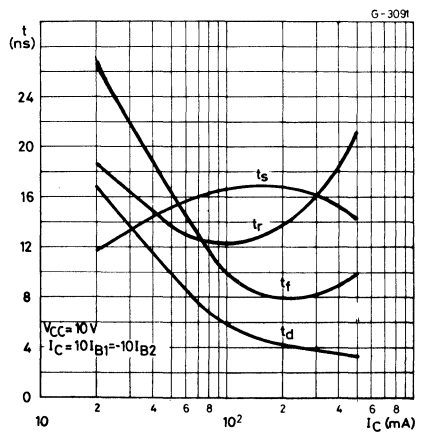
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



# BSX 12

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

The BSX12 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in low profile TO-39 metal case, with very high speed switching capability at high currents.

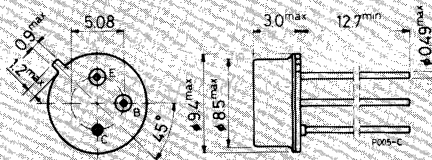
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	25	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	12	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.6	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	3	W
		-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)



# BSX 12

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58.3	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	292	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

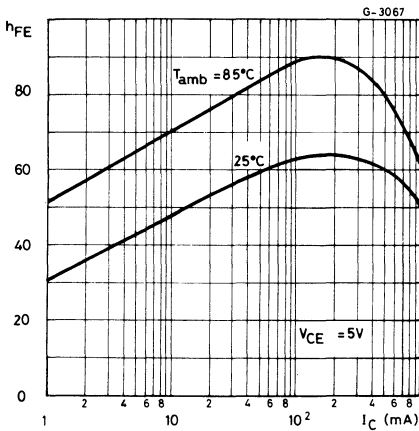
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 15V$	1.5	100		$\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 500\ \mu A$	25			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ mA$	12			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\ \mu A$	4			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage * * * * * $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$			0.17 0.25	V
	$I_C = 10mA$	$I_B = 1\ mA$		0.18 0.23	V
	$I_C = 100mA$	$I_B = 10mA$		0.24 0.33	V
	$I_C = 300mA$	$I_B = 30mA$		0.51 0.7	V
	$I_C = 1A$	$I_B = 100mA$		0.25 0.5	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage * * * *			0.68 0.78	V
	$I_C = 10mA$	$I_B = 1mA$		0.84 1.1	V
	$I_C = 100mA$	$I_B = 10mA$		1 1.3	V
	$I_C = 300mA$	$I_B = 30mA$	0.9	1.36 2.1	V
	$I_C = 1A$	$I_B = 100mA$			V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain	$I_C = 10\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 0.5V$	20 45	—
		$I_C = 100mA$	$V_{CE} = 0.5V$	30	—
		$I_C = 300mA$	$V_{CE} = 0.5V$	30 60 120	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 100mA$	$f = 100MHz$		
			$V_{CE} = 5V$	450 650	MHz
			$V_{CB} = 0$	200	MHz

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

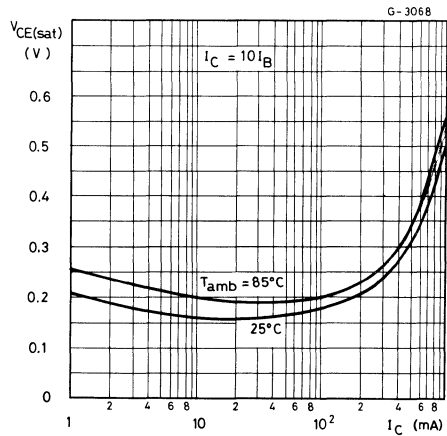
Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$	14.8	25		pF
$C_{EBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$ $V_{CB} = 0$	6.2	15	25	pF pF
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 100\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	13	15		ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 100\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$	10	15		ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 100\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$	15	25		ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

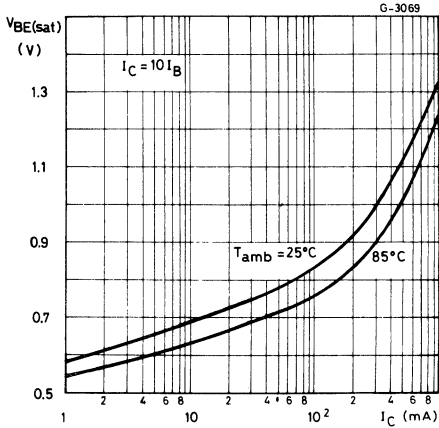


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

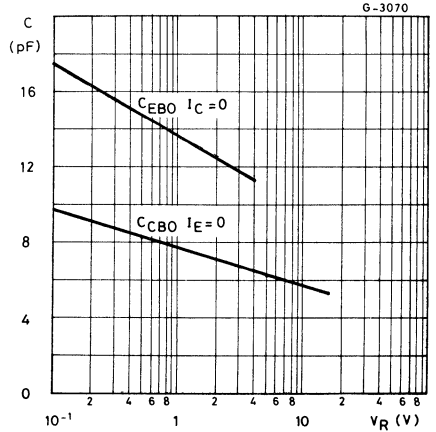


# BSX 12

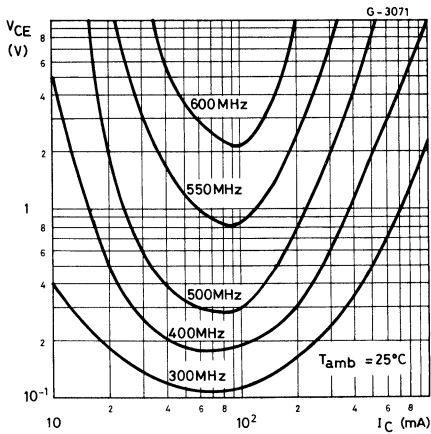
Base-emitter saturation voltage



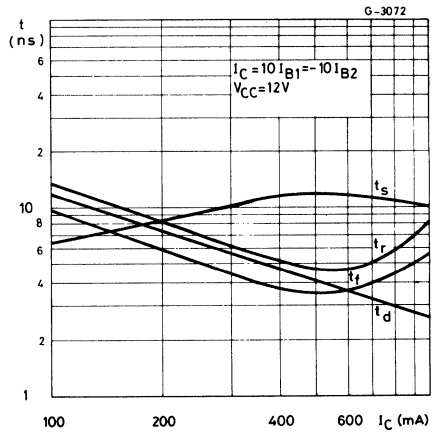
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



**BSX 19**  
**BSX 20**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

The BSX 19 and BSX 20 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jeduc TO-18 metal case. They are primarily intended for very high speed saturated switching applications.

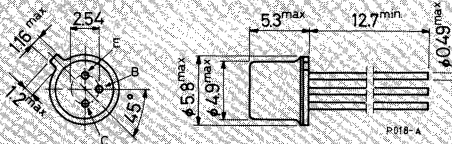
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4.5	V
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current ( $t = 10 \mu s$ )	0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	0.36	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ C$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BSX 19 BSX 20

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 20V$ $V_{CB} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			0.4 30	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 40V$ $T_{amb} = 55^{\circ}C$			0.4 1	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -3V$ ) $V_{CE} = 15V$ $T_{amb} = 55^{\circ}C$			0.6	$\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 4.5V$			10	$\mu A$
$I_{BEX}$	Base cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -3V$ ) $V_{CE} = 15V$ $T_{amb} = 55^{\circ}C$			0.6	$\mu A$
$V_{CER(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} = 10\Omega$ ) $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	20			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	15			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage * $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$ for <b>BSX 19</b> $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.6\text{ mA}$ for <b>BSX 20</b> $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.3\text{ mA}$			0.25 0.6 0.3 0.3	V V V V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 30\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$	0.35			V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage * $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$	0.7		0.85 1.5	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain * for <b>BSX 19</b> $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2V$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$ for <b>BSX 20</b> $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2V$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	20 10 10		60	— — —
		40 20 20		120	— — —
		20			—

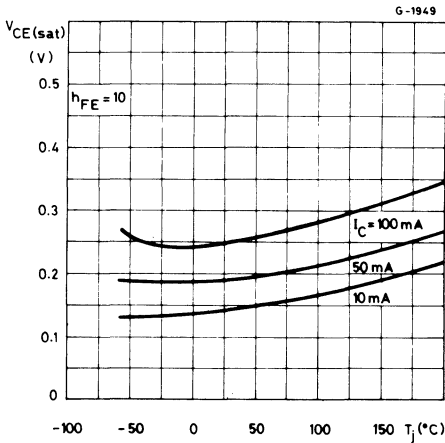
# BSX 19 BSX 20

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

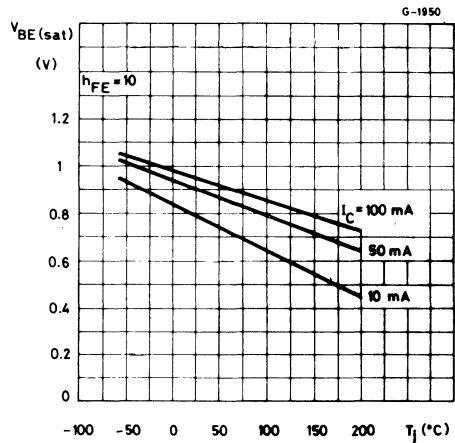
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ for <b>BSX 19</b> for <b>BSX 20</b>	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	400 500	500 600	MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 1 \text{ V}$		4.5	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		4	pF
$t_s$	Storage time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSX 19</b> for <b>BSX 20</b>	5 6	10 13	ns ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 6 \text{ V}$		12 7	ns ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ $I_{B2} = -1.5 \text{ mA}$ for <b>BSX 19</b> for <b>BSX 20</b> $V_{CC} = 6 \text{ V}$ $I_{B2} = -20 \text{ mA}$ for <b>BSX 19</b> for <b>BSX 20</b>		15 18 18 21	ns ns ns ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

Collector-emitter saturation voltage

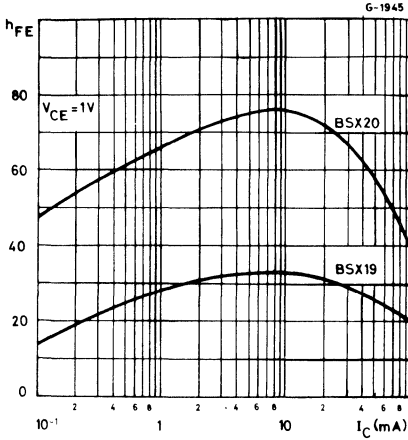


Base-emitter saturation voltage

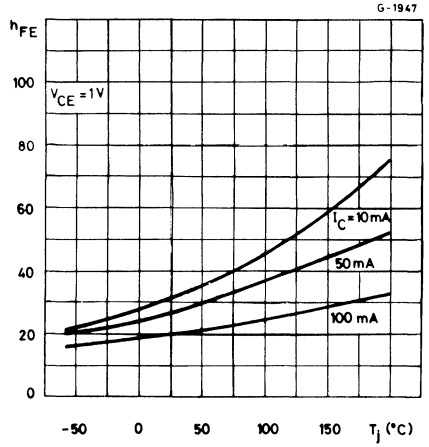


# BSX 19 BSX 20

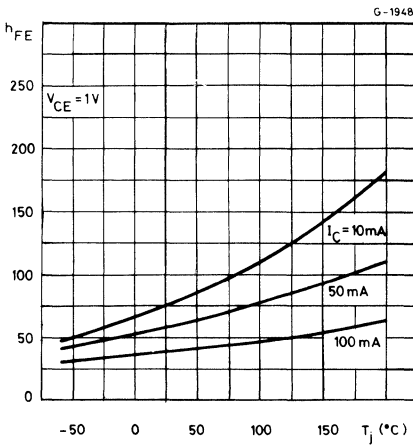
DC current gain



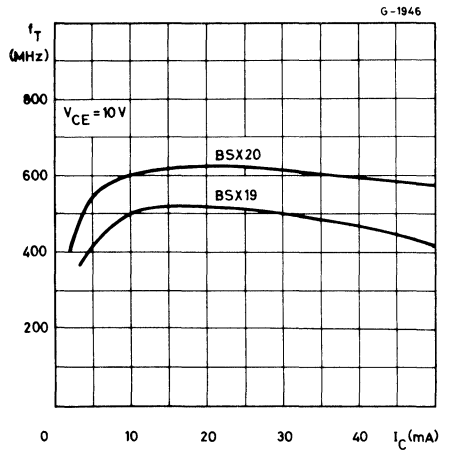
DC current gain (for BSX 19 only)



DC current gain (for BSX 20 only)



Transition frequency



# BSX 26

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

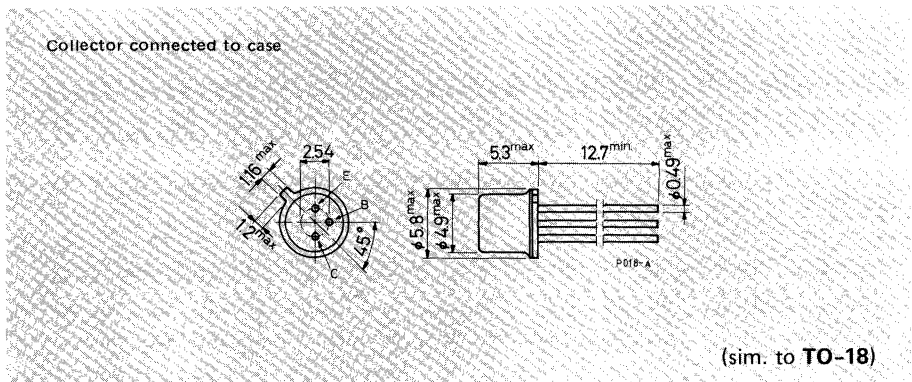
The BSX 26 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed for switching applications up to 500mA.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# BSX 26

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 20V$ $V_{CE} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$			0.5 15	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\mu A$	40			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\mu A$	40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10mA$	15			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\mu A$	4			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 30\ mA$ $I_B = 3mA$		0.16	0.18	V
	* $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$		0.18	0.28	V
	* $I_C = 300mA$ $I_B = 30mA$		0.39	0.5	V
	$I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$		0.18	0.3	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$	0.75	0.82	0.95	V
	* $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$		0.97	1.2	V
	* $I_C = 300mA$ $I_B = 30mA$		1.3	1.7	V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain $I_C = 30mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.4V$	30	60	120	—
	$I_C = 100mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.5V$	25	55		—
	$I_C = 300mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	15			—

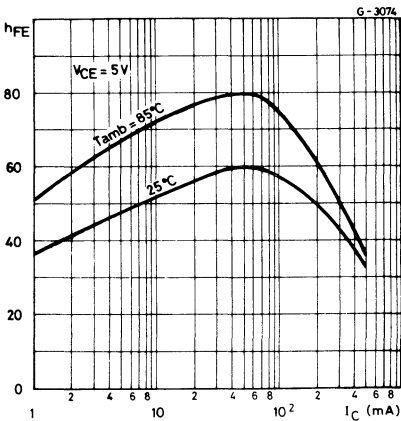
# BSX 26

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

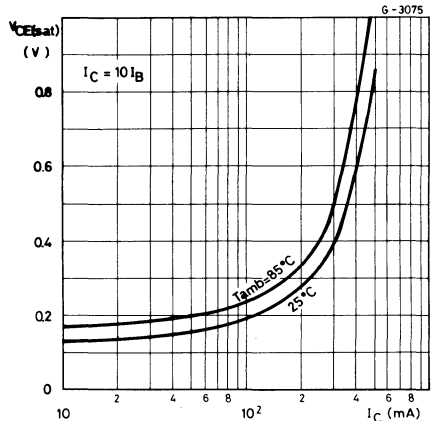
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 30\text{mA}$ $f = 100\text{MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	350	550	MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$	6.5	8	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$	$V_{CB} = 5\text{V}$	3.3	5	pF
$t_s$	Storage time $I_C = 10\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10\text{mA}$	$V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$	8	18	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 300\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = 30\text{mA}$	$V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$	9	15	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 300\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 30\text{mA}$	$V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$	15	25	ns

\*Pulsed: pulse duration =  $300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

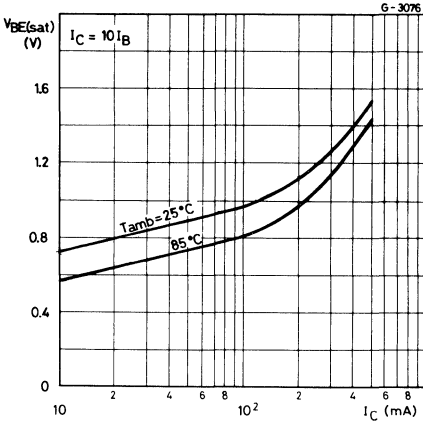


Collector - emitter saturation voltage

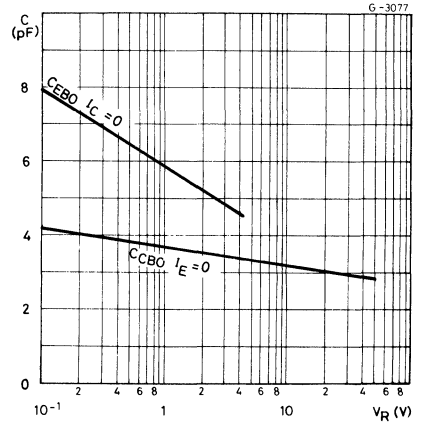


# BSX 26

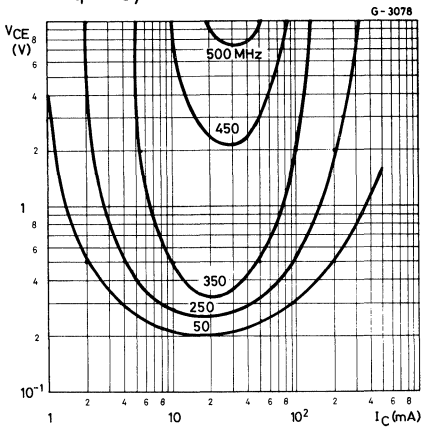
Base - emitter saturation voltage



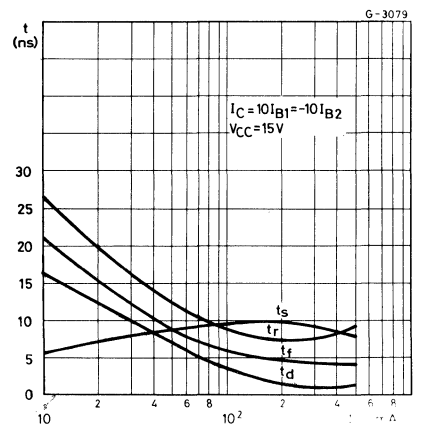
Emitter - base and collector - base capacitances



Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



# BSX 27

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The BSX 27 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jecdec TO-18 metal case. It is designed specifically for high speed saturated switching applications.

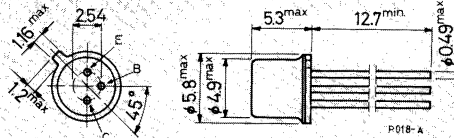
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	11	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	6	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4	V
$I_C$	Collector current	150	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.3	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BSX 27

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$ Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max 583 °C/W
---	--------------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 11\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$			100 10 5	nA $\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\mu\text{A}$	15			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\mu\text{A}$	11			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{mA}$	6			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}$	4			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $I_B = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 30\text{mA}$ $I_B = 3\text{mA}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{mA}$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.18 0.19 0.23 0.2	0.25 0.25 0.38 0.4	V V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $I_B = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 30\text{mA}$ $I_B = 3\text{mA}$	0.68 0.75 0.93	0.74 0.84 1.3	0.85 0.95 1.3	V V V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4\text{V}$ $I_C = 30\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4\text{V}$	15 25 15	80 80 60	125 125 —	— — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 4\text{V}$ $f = 100\text{MHz}$	600	800		MHz

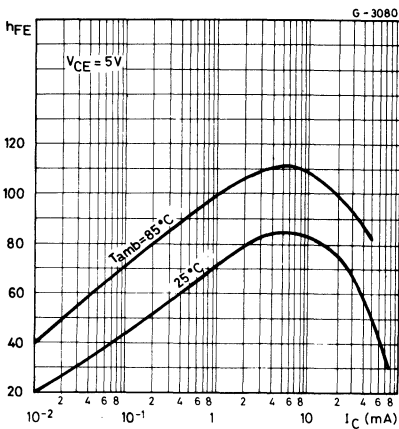
# BSX 27

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

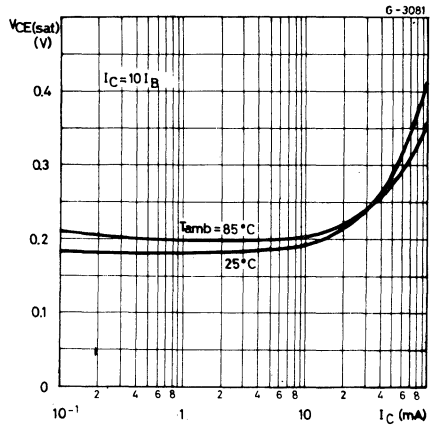
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$		1.7	2	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		2.3	3	pF
$t_s$ Storage time	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		3	6	ns
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 1 \text{ V}$			12	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 1 \text{ V}$			12	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

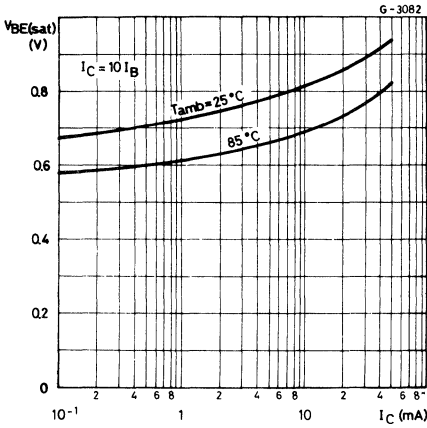


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

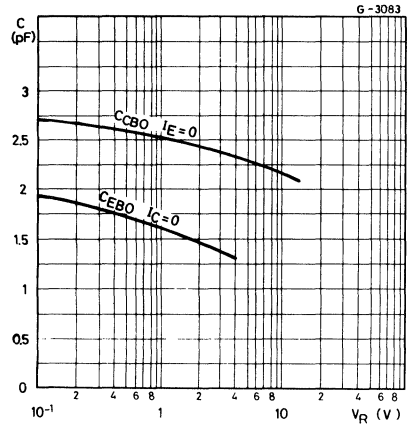


# BSX 27

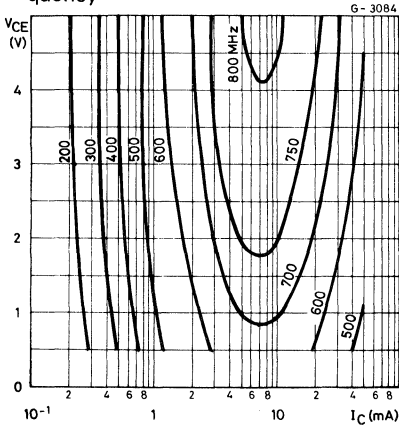
Base-emitter saturation voltage



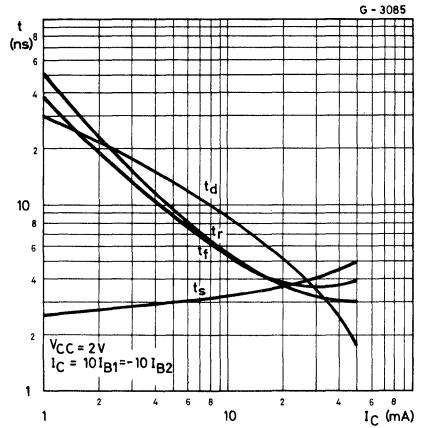
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



# BSX 28

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The BSX 28 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal-case. It is designed specifically for high speed saturated switching applications.

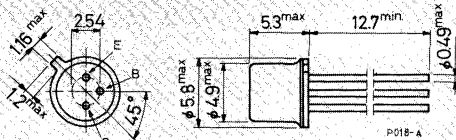
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	12	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4.5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)



# BSX 28

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 20V$ $V_{CE} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$			0.4 10	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\mu A$	30			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\mu A$	30			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10mA$	12			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\mu A$	4.5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10mA$ $I_B = 1mA$ $I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$ * $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$ $I_C = 10mA$ $I_B = 1mA$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$		0.15 0.18 0.3 0.17	0.2 0.25 0.5 0.3	V V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10mA$ $I_B = 1mA$ $I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$ * $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$	0.72	0.8 0.9 1.1	0.87 1.15 1.6	V V V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.35V$ $I_C = 30mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.4V$ $I_C = 100mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	30	70 70 50	120	— — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 20mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 100MHz$	400	650		MHz

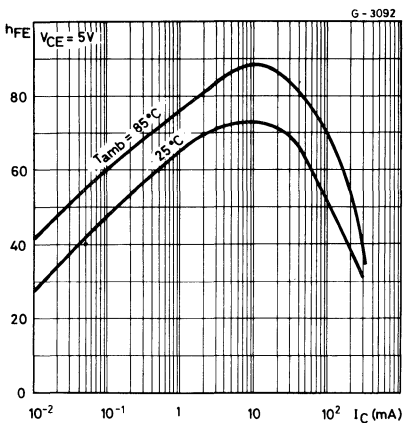
# BSX 28

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

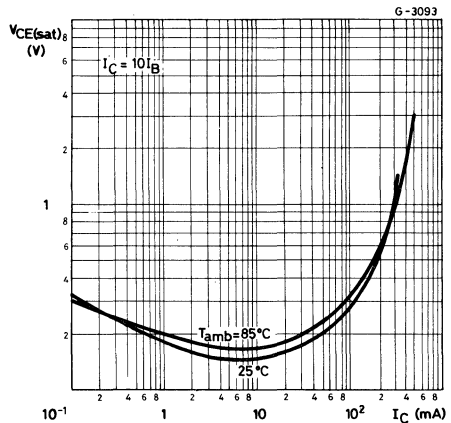
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{CB0}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		2.3	4	pF
$t_s$	Storage time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$		6.5	13	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}$		9	15	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}$		13	20	ns

\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

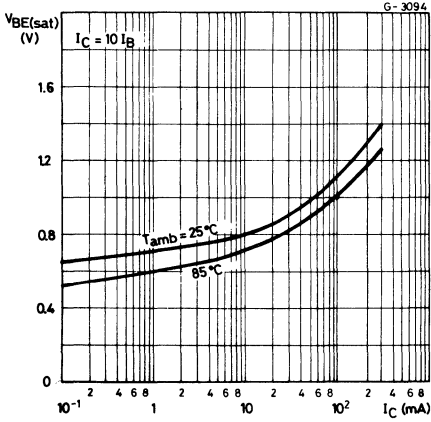


Collector - emitter saturation voltage

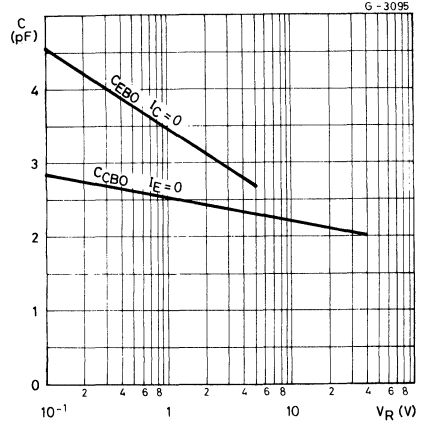


# BSX 28

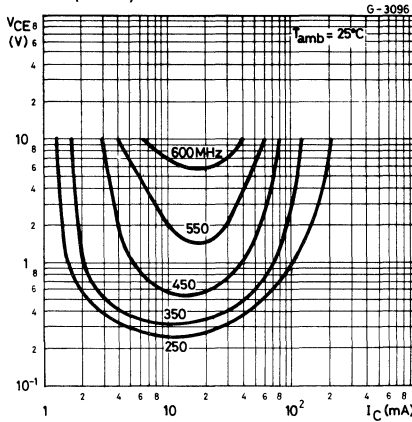
Base - emitter saturation voltage



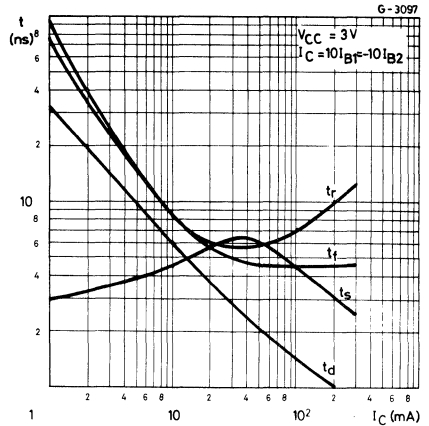
Emitter - base and collector - base capacitances



Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



# BSX 29

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

The BSX 29 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed for saturated and nonsaturated switching circuits requiring up to 200 mA of collector current.

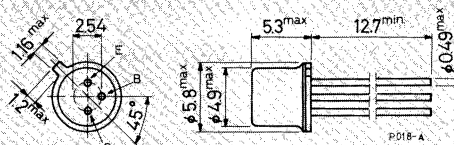
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-12	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	-12	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-12	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-4	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-200	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BSX 29

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction - case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction - ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = -6V$ $V_{CE} = -6V$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$			-80 -5	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\mu A$	-12			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\mu A$	-12			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -10mA$	-12			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -100\mu A$	-4			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -10mA$ $I_B = -1mA$ $I_C = -30mA$ $I_B = -3mA$ $I_C = -100mA$ $I_B = -10mA$ $I_C = -30mA$ $I_B = -3mA$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$			-0.07 -0.15 -0.1 -0.2 -0.25 -0.5 -0.15 -0.4	V V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -10mA$ $I_B = -1mA$ $I_C = -30mA$ $I_B = -3mA$ $I_C = -100mA$ $I_B = -10mA$			-0.78 -0.96 -0.98 -0.85 -1.12 -1.2 -1.4 -1.7	V V V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain $I_C = -10mA$ $V_{CE} = -0.3V$ $I_C = -30mA$ $V_{CE} = -0.5V$ $I_C = -100mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$	25	50		- - -
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = -30mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 100MHz$	400	700		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1MHz$		3.8	6	pF

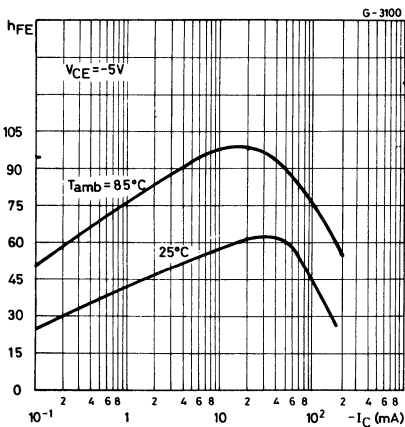
# BSX 29

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

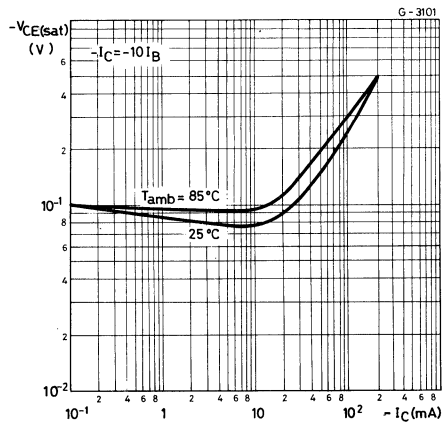
Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$	$V_{CB} = -5\text{V}$		3.3	6	pF
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -30\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -1.5\text{mA}$	$V_{CC} = -2\text{V}$		25	60	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = -30\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1.5\text{mA}$	$V_{CC} = -2\text{V}$		35	90	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

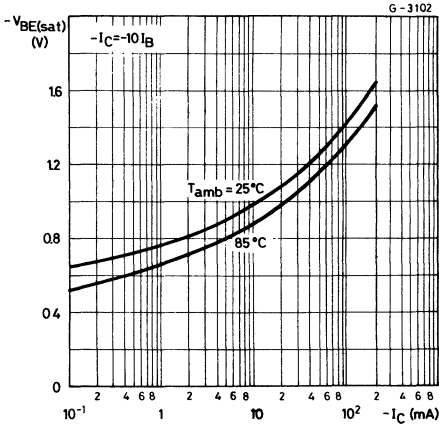


Collector - emitter saturation voltage

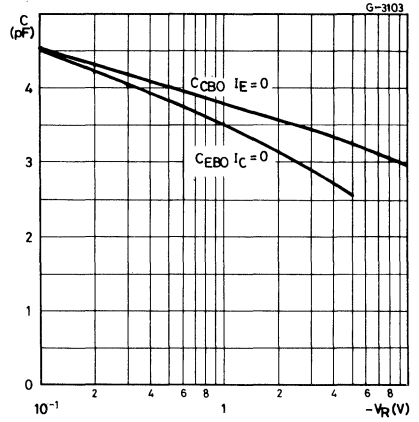


# BSX 29

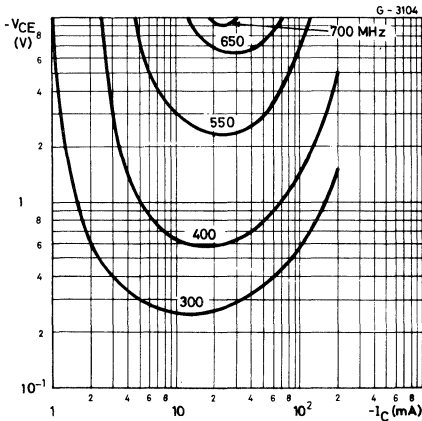
Base - emitter saturation voltage



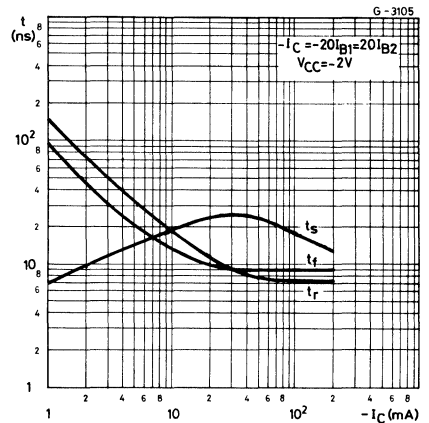
Emitter - base and collector - base capacitances



Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



# BSX 32

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

The BSX 32 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case. It is designed for high voltage, high current switching applications.

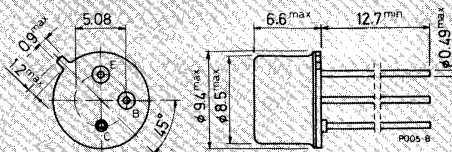
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	65	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.5	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)



# BSX 32

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	50	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 50V$			4	$\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\mu A$	65			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10mA$	40			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\mu A$	6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$ $I_C = 500mA$ $I_B = 50mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 100mA$		0.17	0.25	V
			0.36	0.5	V
			0.6	0.85	V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$ $I_C = 500mA$ $I_B = 50mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 100mA$		0.8	0.9	V
				1.5	V
				2	V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain $I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 100mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 500mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 1A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$ $I_C = 100mA$ $I_C = 500mA$	30	60	150	—
		60	90		—
		25	60		—
		20	60		—
		30	45		—
		15	35		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50mA$ $f = 100MHz$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	300			MHz

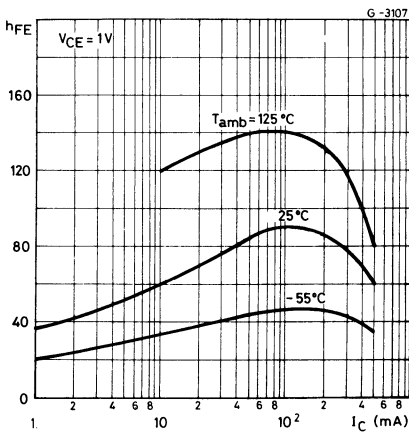
# BSX 32

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

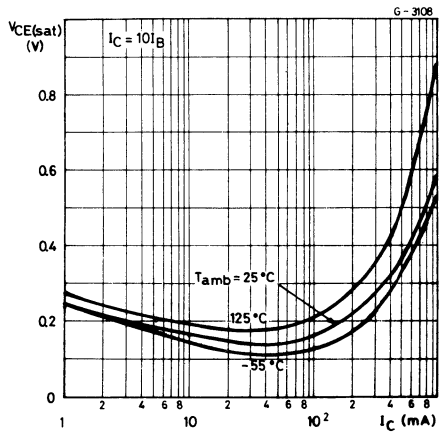
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$		40	55	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$		6	10	pF
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 500\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = 50\text{mA}$		22	35	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 500\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 50\text{mA}$		40	60	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

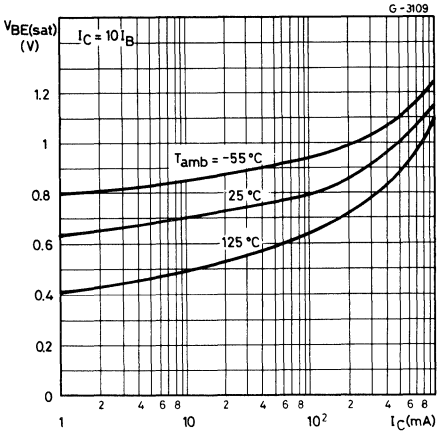


Collector - emitter saturation voltage

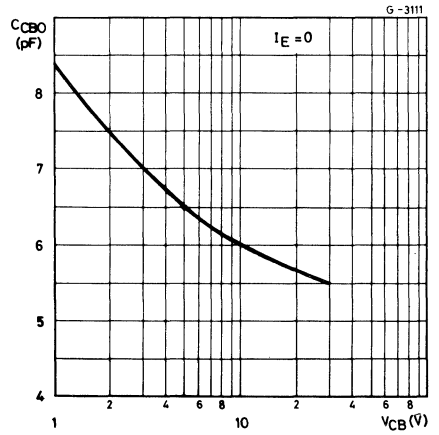


# BSX 32

Base - emitter saturation voltage



Collector - base capacitance



# BSX 33

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

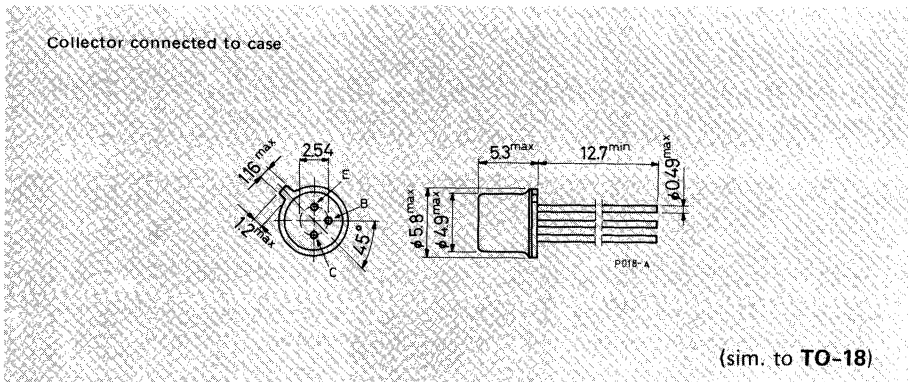
The BSX 33 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, designed for high voltage and high current switching applications. It features useful current gain from 100  $\mu$ A to 500 mA and a low saturation voltage allowing switching operation at 1 A.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CB0}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	85	V
$V_{CE0}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	55	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# BSX 33

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	97	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	350	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 60V$ $V_{CB} = 60V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			10 10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 5V$			10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\mu A$	85			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10mA$	55			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\mu A$	7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 50mA$ $I_B = 5mA$ $I_C = 150mA$ $I_B = 15mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 0.1A$		0.08 0.15 0.6	0.3 1	V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 50mA$ $I_B = 5mA$ $I_C = 150mA$ $I_B = 15mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 0.1A$		0.76 0.85 1.2	1.1 1.6	V V V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain $I_C = 100\mu A$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 5mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 50mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 150mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 500mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	20 50 50 40 20	50 85 95 80 45		— — — — —
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain $I_C = 1mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1kHz$		85		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 20MHz$	60	90		MHz

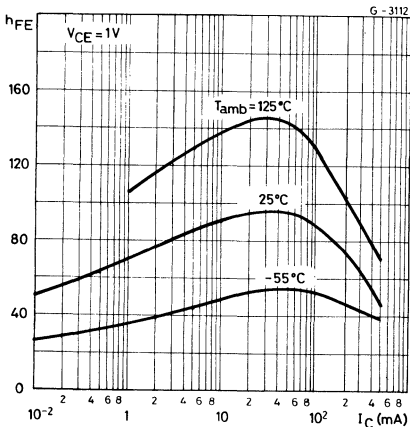
# BSX 33

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

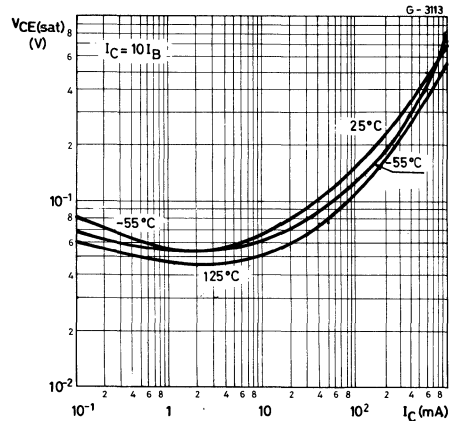
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$		50	80	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$		12	20	pF
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance $I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$		2		k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage transfer ratio $I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$		$2.2 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance $I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$		8		$\mu\text{S}$
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 150\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = 7.5\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20\text{V}$		120	200	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 150\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 7.5\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20\text{V}$		350	800	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

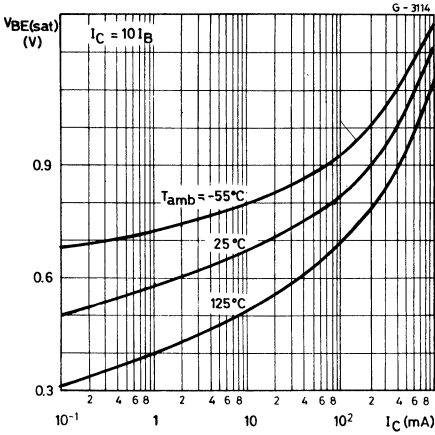


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

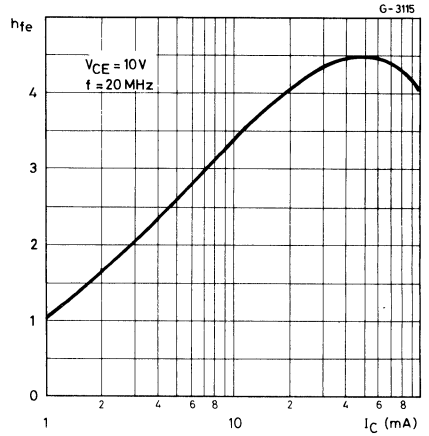


# BSX 33

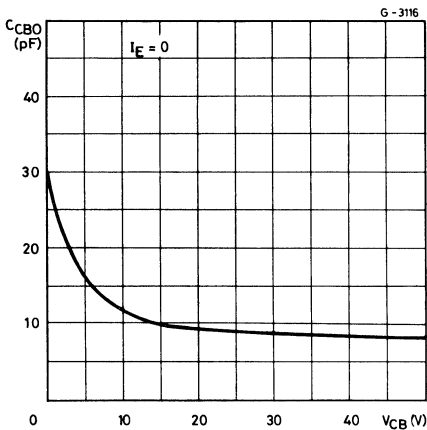
Base - emitter saturation voltage



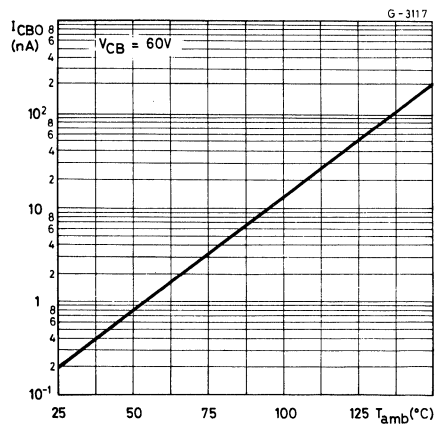
High frequency current gain



Collector - base capacitance



Collector cutoff current



# BSX 36

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

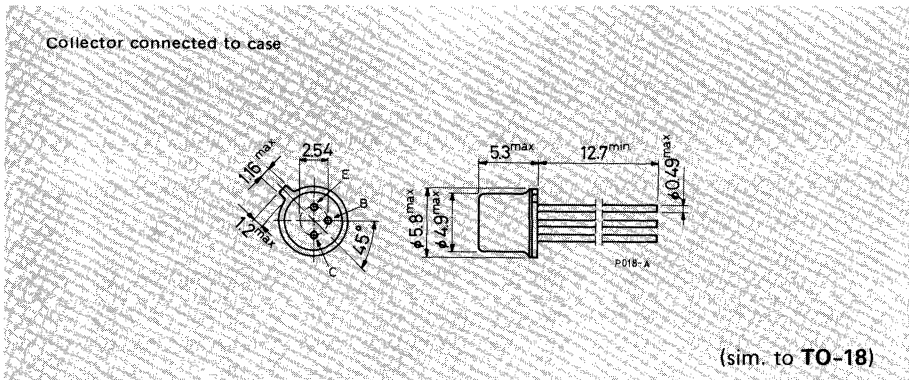
The BSX 36 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, specially suited for line and relay drivers, memory applications, and as low noise amplifiers.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# BSX 36

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -25V$ $V_{CB} = -25V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$	-0.2	-15	-15	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\mu A$	-40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$	-40			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\mu A$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -50mA$ $I_B = -5mA$ $I_C = -150mA$ $I_B = -15mA$ $I_C = -500mA$ $I_B = -50mA$	-0.08	-0.3	-0.5	V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -50mA$ $I_B = -5mA$ $I_C = -150mA$ $I_B = -15mA$ $I_C = -500mA$ $I_B = -50mA$	-0.92	-1.1	-1.4	V V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -10\mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -1mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ * $I_C = -10mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ * $I_C = -50mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ * $I_C = -150mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$	40	50 75 100 100 85		- - - - -
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50mA$ $V_{CE} = -20V$ $f = 100\ MHz$	100	200		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$ $V_{EB} = -0.5V$			25	pF

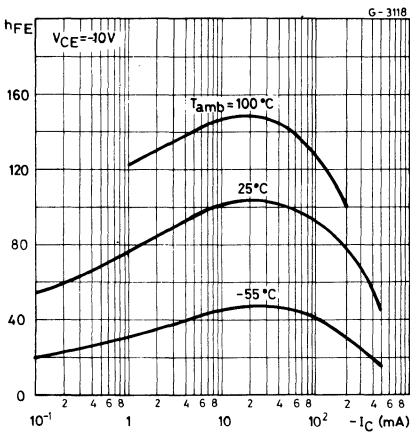
# BSX 36

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

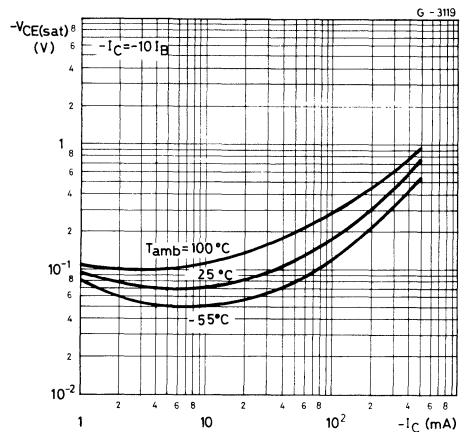
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$		6	8	pF
NF	Noise figure $I_C = -30\mu\text{A}$ $R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$		1		dB
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = -300\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -30\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$		17	40	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = -300\text{mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -30\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$			100	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

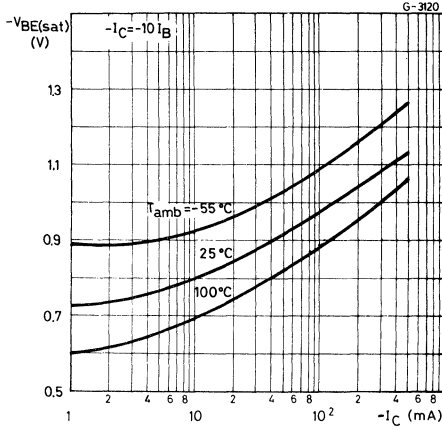


Collector - emitter saturation voltage

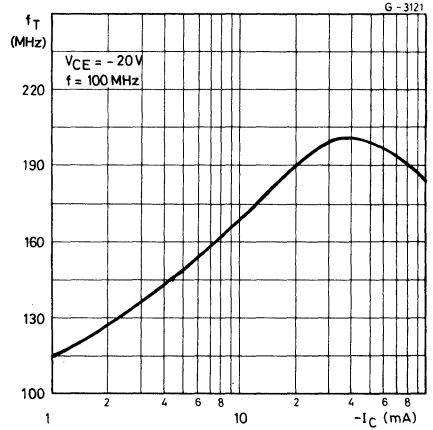


# BSX 36

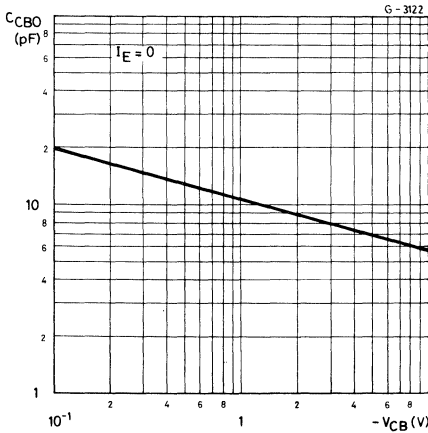
Base-emitter saturation voltage



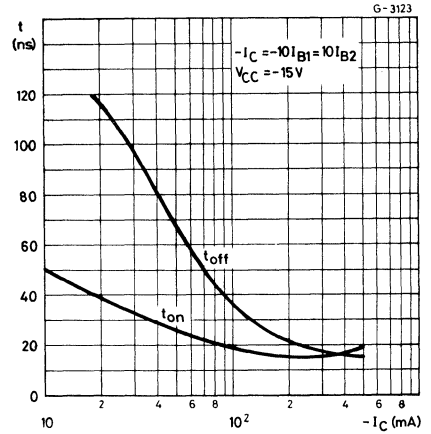
Transition frequency



Collector-base capacitance



Switching characteristics



# BSX 39

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The BSX 39 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed for very fast switching applications up to 500 mA.

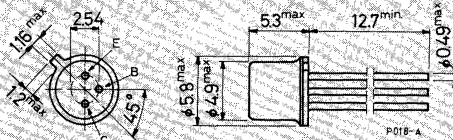
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	45	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	20	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BSX 39

## THERMAL DATA

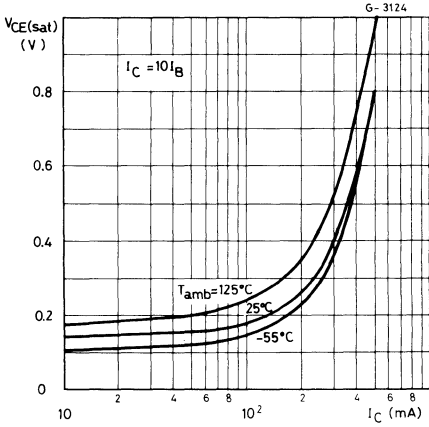
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

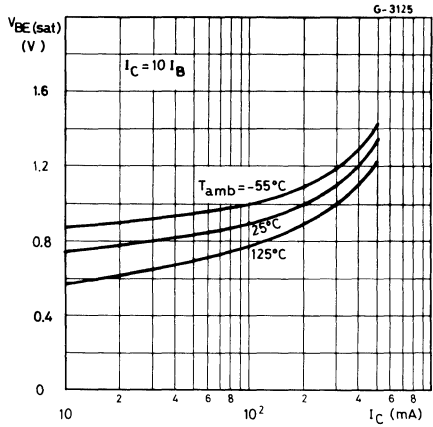
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit					
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 20V$ $V_{CE} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$	0.02	0.1	30	$\mu A$ $\mu A$					
$V_{(BR)\ CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 100\ \mu A$	45			V					
$V_{CEO\ (sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ mA$	20			V					
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 100\ \mu A$	5			V					
$V_{CE\ (sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$ $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$ $I_C = 300mA$ $I_B = 30mA$ $I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.28	V V V V				
$V_{BE\ (sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 30mA$ $I_B = 3mA$ $I_C = 100mA$ $I_B = 10mA$ $I_C = 300mA$ $I_B = 30mA$	0.75	0.8	0.95	0.9	1.2	V V V			
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain $I_C = 30mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.4V$ $I_C = 100mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.5V$ $I_C = 300mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 30mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.4V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	40	60	120	25	55	15	40	12	— — — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 30mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 100\ MHz$	350	600			MHz				
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$ $f = 1MHz$		7	8		pF				
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5V$ $f = 1MHz$		4	5		pF				
$t_s$	Storage time $I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CC} = 10V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10mA$		8	18		ns				
$t_{on}$	Turn - on time $I_C = 300mA$ $V_{CC} = 10V$ $I_{B1} = 30mA$		9	15		ns				
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 300mA$ $V_{CC} = 10V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 30mA$		15	25		ns				

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

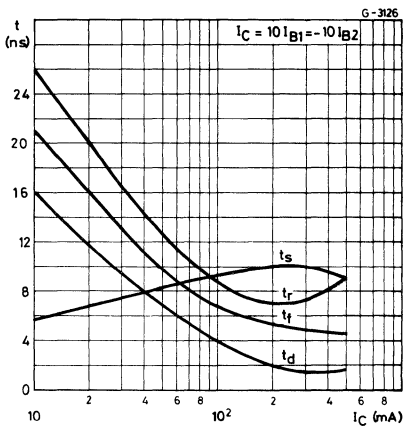
Collector - emitter saturation voltage



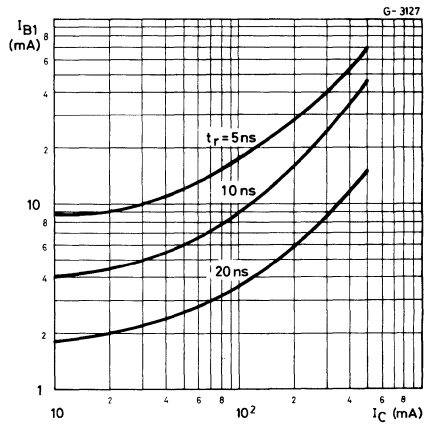
Base - emitter saturation voltage



Switching characteristics

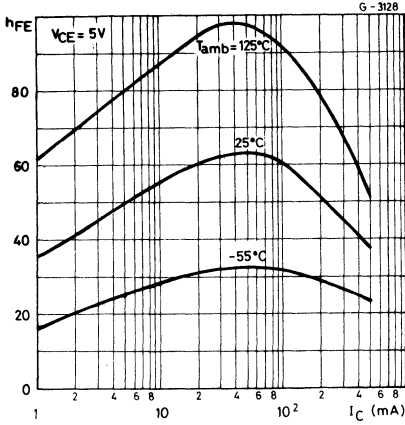


Switching characteristics

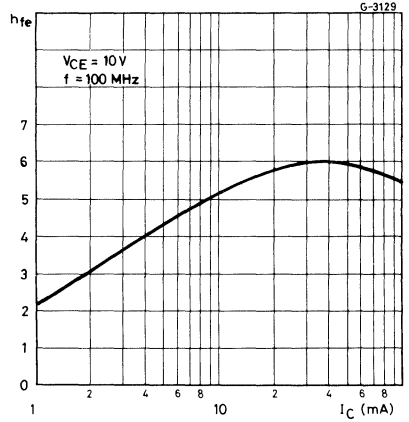


# BSX 39

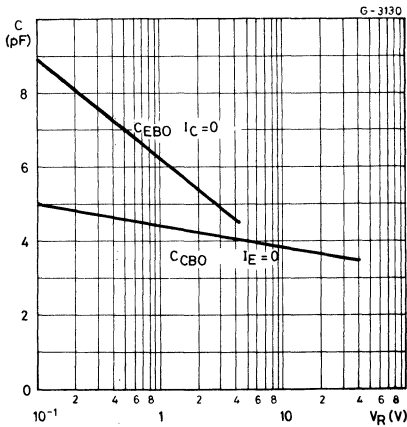
DC current gain



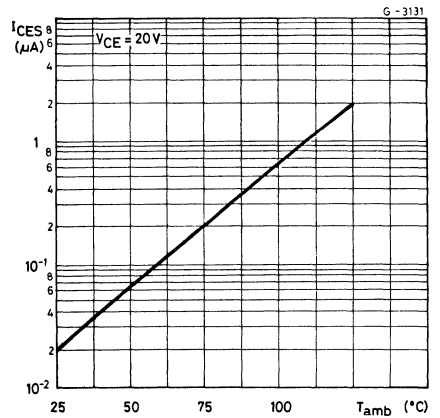
High frequency current gain



Emitter - base and collector - base capacitances



Collector cutoff current



# SILICON PLANAR NPN

# BSX 45 BSX 46

## MEDIUM POWER AMPLIFIERS

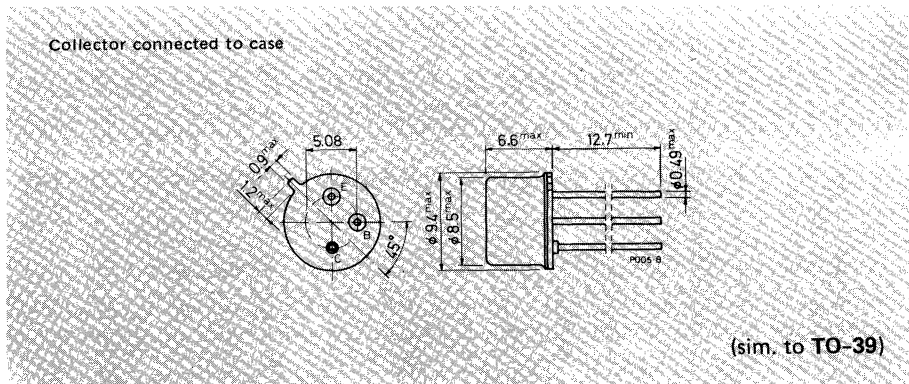
The BSX 45 and BSX 46 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for use in medium power general industrial applications.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	BSX 45	BSX 46
$V_{CES}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	80 V	100 V
$V_{CEO}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40 V	60 V
$V_{EBO}$ Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7 V	
$I_C$ Collector current	1 A	
$I_B$ Base current	0.2 A	
$P_{tot}$ Total power dissipation at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	5 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$ Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C	

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# BSX 45 BSX 46

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	200	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 60V$ $V_{CE} = 60V$	$T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	1 30	nA $\mu A$	
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -0.2V$ )	$V_{CE} = 60V$	$T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$	50	$\mu A$	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		10	nA	
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$	for BSX 45 for BSX 46	80 100	V V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	for BSX 45 for BSX 46	40 60	V V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		7	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\ A$ $I_C = 500\ mA$	$I_B = 0.1\ A$ $I_B = 25\ mA$	0.7 0.5	1 0.9	V V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 0.1\ A$ $I_C = 0.5A$ $I_C = 1A$	$V_{CE} = 1V$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	0.75	1 1.5 2	V V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = 0.1\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 1V$ Gr. 6 Gr. 10 Gr. 16	10 15 25	28 40 90	— — —
		* $I_C = 100\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 1V$ Gr. 6 Gr. 10 Gr. 16	40 63 100	63 100 160	— — —
		* $I_C = 500\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 1V$ Gr. 6 Gr. 10 Gr. 16	15 25 35	25 40 60	— — —
		* $I_C = 1A$	$V_{CE} = 1V$ Gr. 6 Gr. 10 Gr. 16		15 20 30	— — —

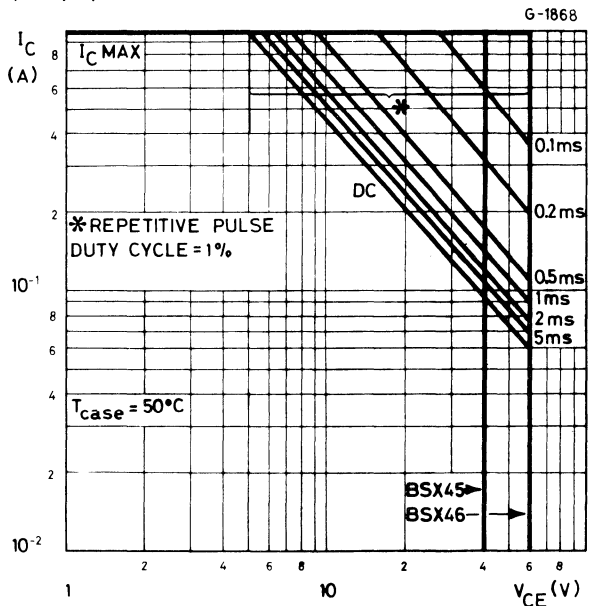
# BSX 45 BSX 46

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min. Typ. Max.	Unit
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	50	MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		80 pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>BSX 45</b> for <b>BSX 46</b>		25 pF 20 pF
NF	Noise figure $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	3.5	dB
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 5 \text{ mA}$		200 ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 5 \text{ mA}$		850 ns

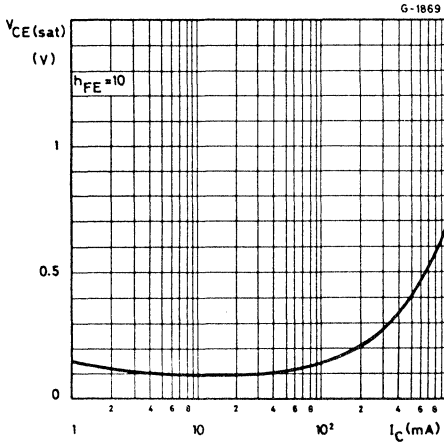
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

Safe operating areas

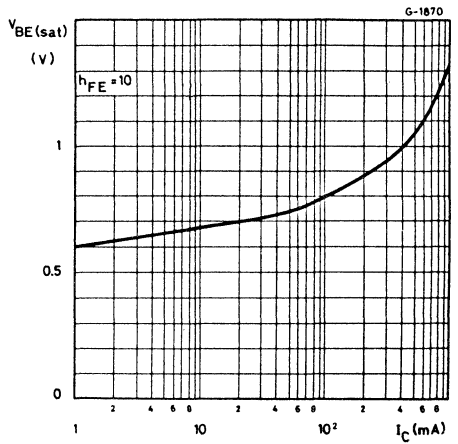


# BSX 45 BSX 46

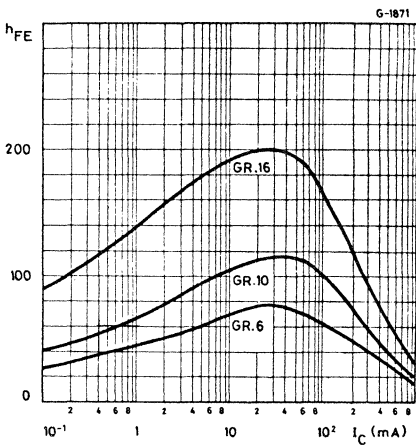
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



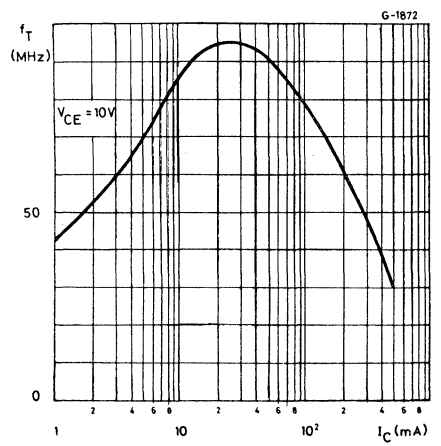
Base-emitter saturation voltage



DC current gain



Transition frequency



# BSX 93

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-FREQUENCY SATURATED SWITCH

The BSX93 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications.

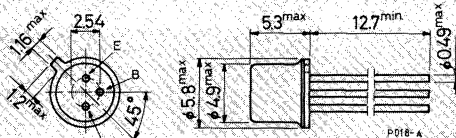
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	150	mA
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current ( $t = 10 \mu s$ )	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	0.36	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	1	W
		-65 to 200	$^\circ C$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# BSX 93

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	175	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 20V$ $V_{CB} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.1 10	0.2 70	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10 \mu A$	40			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10 \mu A$	40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10 mA$	15			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10 \mu A$	5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$		0.15	0.2	V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$		0.7		V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$	0.72	0.75	0.85	V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 100 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	40 20 20	80 70 40	120	— — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 100 MHz$	400	650		MHz

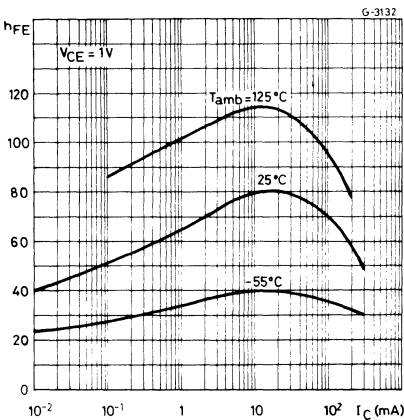
# BSX 93

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

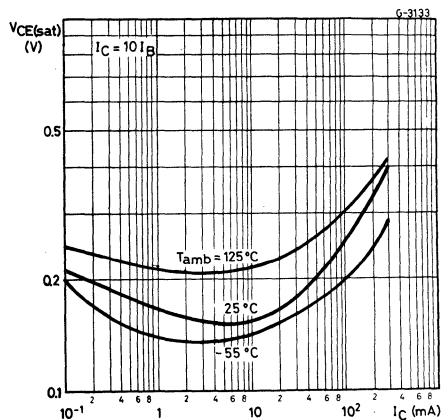
Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$		3.8	6	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		2.5	4	pF
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$		6	13	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		9	12	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ $I_{B2} = -1.5 \text{ mA}$		13	18	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

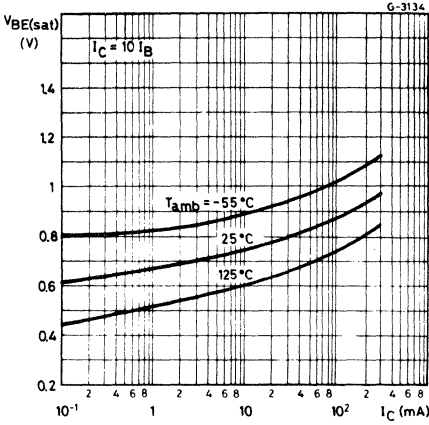


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

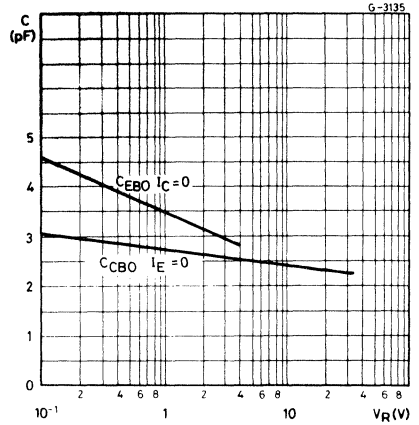


# BSX 93

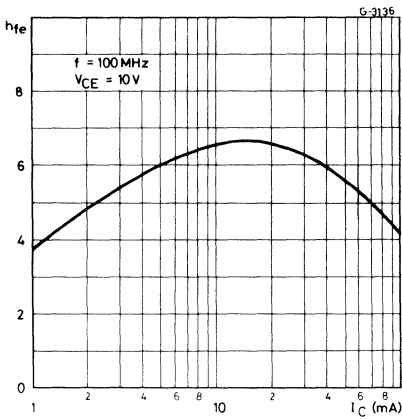
Base-emitter saturation voltage



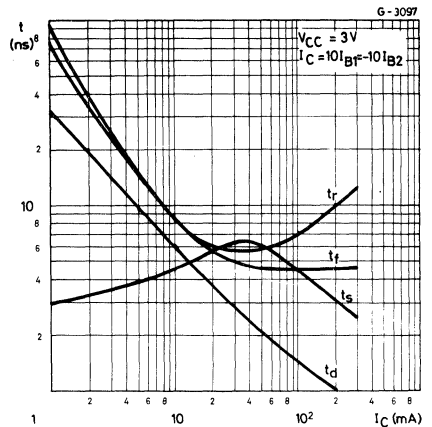
Emitter-base and collector-base capacitances



High frequency current gain



Switching characteristics



**BSY 51**  
**BSY 52**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

PRELIMINARY DATA

## GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS

The BSY 51 and BSY 52 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for use in high performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits.

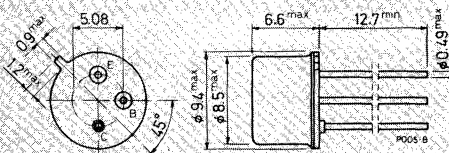
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	25	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
	$T_{case} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)



# BSY 51 BSY 52

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 30V$ $V_{CB} = 30V$		100 100	nA $\mu A$	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 3V$		50	nA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation-voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$		0.15    0.8	V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$		0.95    1.2	V	
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain	for <b>BSY 51</b> $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>BSY 52</b> $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	30 40 70 100	50 75 15 100 135 25	120 300	— — — — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 50\ MHz$		100	MHz	
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10V$ $f = 1\ MHz$		10	pF	
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$ $f = 1\ MHz$		23	pF	
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 0.3\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $R_g = 1.5\ k\Omega$ $f = 30Hz$ to $15kHz$		6	dB	

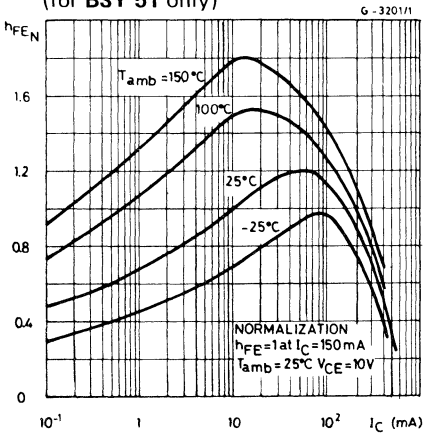
# BSY 51 BSY 52

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

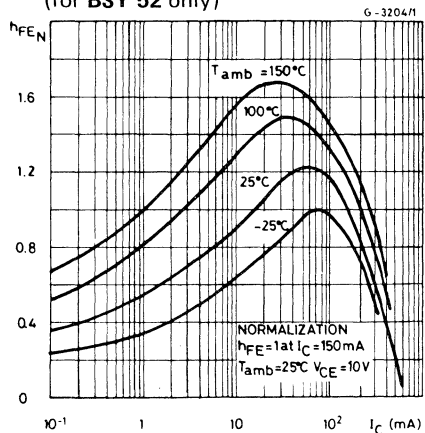
Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 51</b> for <b>BSY 52</b>	30 50		100 200	—
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 51</b> for <b>BSY 52</b>	0.8 1		4.5 8	$k\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$			$3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 51</b> for <b>BSY 52</b>	3.5 4.5		13 15	$\mu S$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC normalized current gain  
(for BSY 51 only)

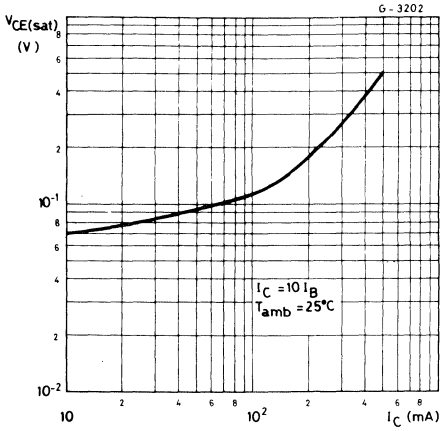


DC normalized current gain  
(for BSY 52 only)

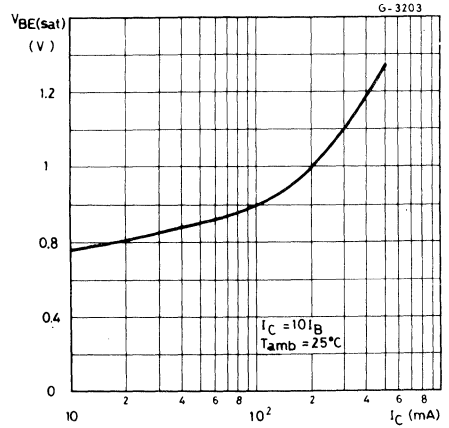


# BSY 51 BSY 52

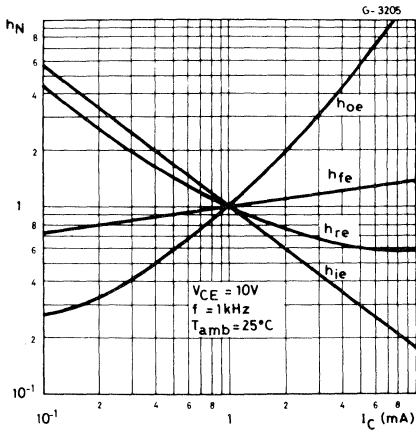
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



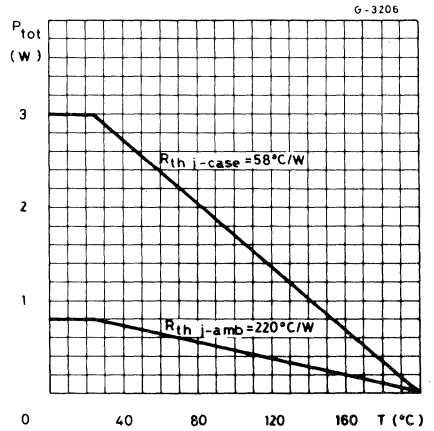
Base-emitter saturation voltage



Normalized h parameters



Power rating chart





# BSY 53 BSY 54

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 60V$ $V_{CB} = 60V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			10 10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 5V$			10	nA
$V_{CE(sat)^*}$	Collector-emitter saturation-voltage $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $I_B = 50\ mA$		0.15 0.5	0.6 1.2	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$		0.95	1.2	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain for <b>BSY 53</b> $I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>BSY 54</b> $I_C = 0.01\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	20 35 40 20	40 50 65 120 35 80 100 135 300	— — — — — — — — —	— — — — — — — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 50\ MHz$		100		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$		10		pF
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$		23		pF
NF	Noise figure $I_C = 0.3\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $R_g = 1.5\ k\Omega$ $f = 30Hz$ to $15kHz$		3	8	dB

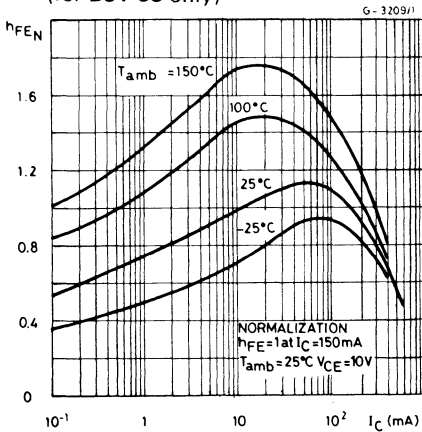
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%.

# BSY 53 BSY 54

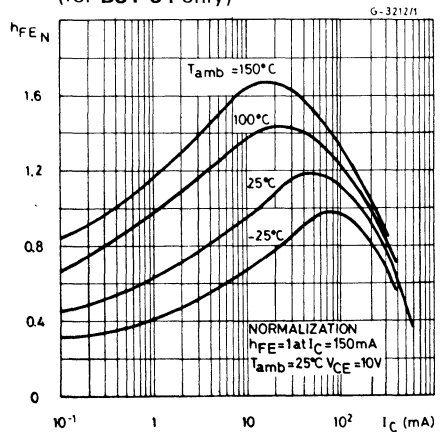
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 53</b> for <b>BSY 54</b>	30 50		100 250	— —
$h_{ie}$	Input admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 53</b> for <b>BSY 54</b>	0.8 1.6		4.5 9	$k\Omega$ $k\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$			$3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 53</b> for <b>BSY 54</b>	3.5 4.5		10 12.5	$\mu S$ $\mu S$

DC normalized current gain  
(for BSY 53 only)

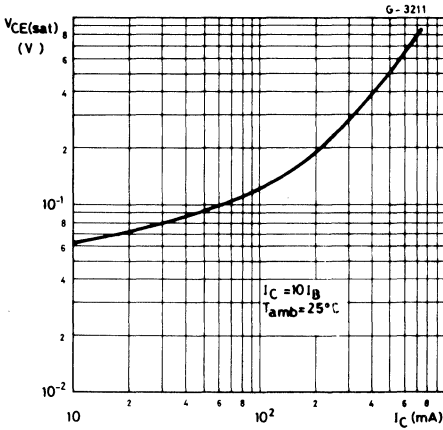


DC normalized current gain  
(for BSY 54 only)

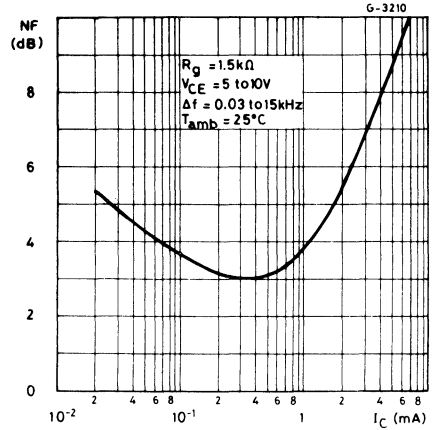


# BSY 53 BSY 54

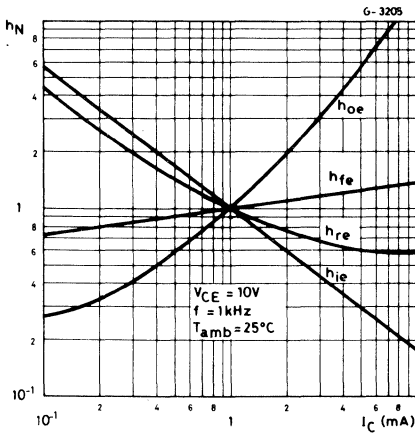
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



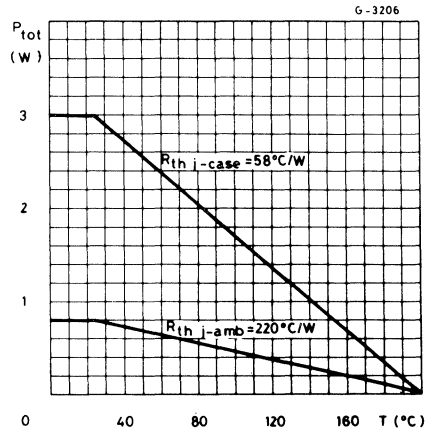
NF vs. collector current



Normalized h parameters



Power rating chart



# BSY 55 BSY 56

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### PRELIMINARY DATA

#### GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS

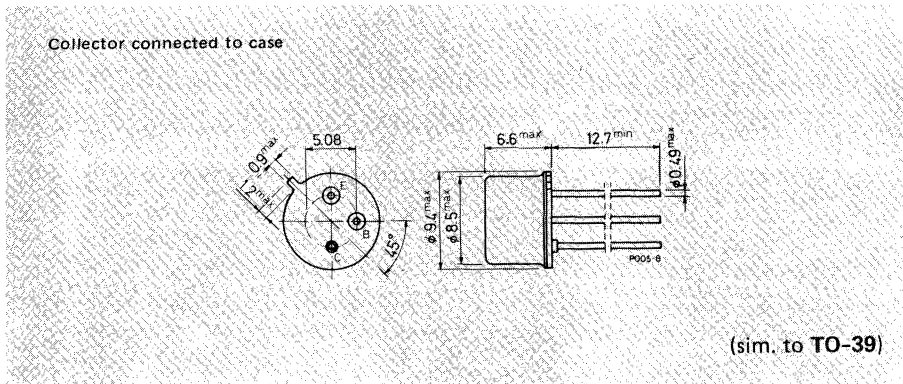
The BSY 55 and BSY 56 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for use in high performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	120	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	80	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector-current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
		3	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# BSY 55 BSY 56

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max.	58	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 90V$ $V_{CB} = 90V$	$T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	10 10	nA $\mu A$	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		10	nA	
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation-voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$	0.2	0.6	V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$	1	1.3	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for <b>BSY 55</b> $I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>BSY 56</b> $I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$		20 35 40	50 60 65	— — — 120 —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 50\ mA$ $f = 50\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	100		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$	$V_{CB} = 10V$	10		pF
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$	$V_{EB} = 0.5V$	23		pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 0.3\ mA$ $R_g = 1.5\ k\Omega$	$V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 30kHz\ to\ 15kHz$	6		dB

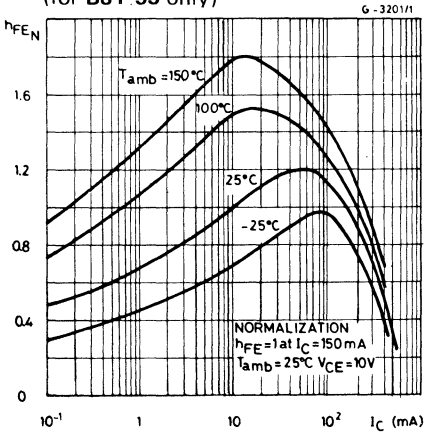
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%.

# BSY 55 BSY 56

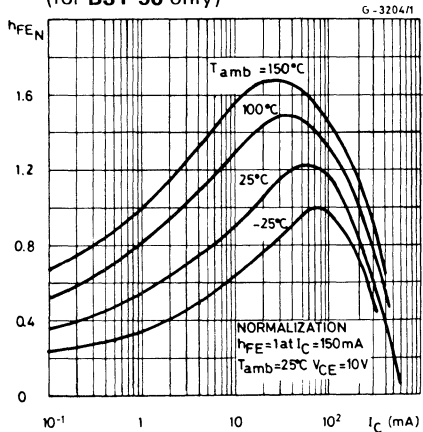
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 55</b> for <b>BSY 56</b>	30 60		150 250	— —
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 55</b> for <b>BSY 56</b>	0.8 1.6		5 9	$k\Omega$ $k\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$			$3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	—
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>BSY 55</b> for <b>BSY 56</b>	2 3		7 10	$\mu S$ $\mu S$

DC normalized current gain  
(for BSY 55 only)

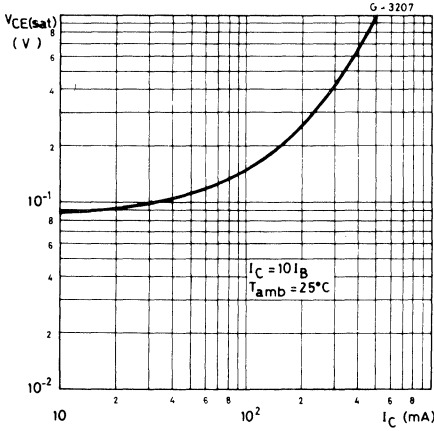


DC normalized current gain  
(for BSY 56 only)

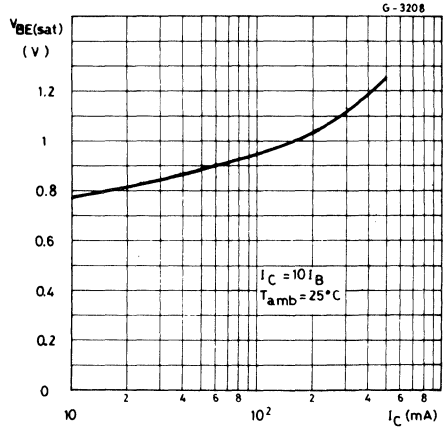


# BSY 55 BSY 56

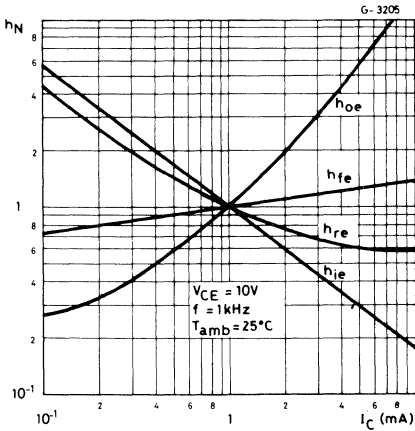
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



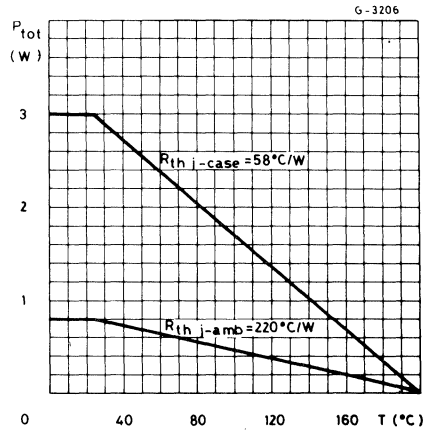
Base-emitter saturation voltage



Normalized h parameters



Power rating chart



# 2N 709 2N 3010

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### ULTRA HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

The 2N 709 and 2N 3010 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case.

They are designed for switching applications up to 50 mA.

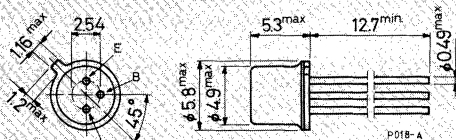
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	2N 709	2N 3010
$V_{CB0}$	15 V	15 V
$V_{CES}$	—	11 V
$V_{CEO}$	6 V	6 V
$V_{EBO}$	4 V	
$I_C$	50 mA	
$P_{tot}$	0.3 W	
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	
	at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	-65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# 2N 709

# 2N 3010

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	200	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	583	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) (for <b>2N 709</b> only)	$V_{CB} = 5V$ $V_{CB} = 5V$	$T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$	50 5	nA $\mu A$
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) (for <b>2N 3010</b> only)	$V_{CE} = 5V$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	$T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$	100 5	nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$		15	V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) (for <b>2N 3010</b> only)	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$		11	V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		6	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$		4	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	for <b>2N 709</b> $I_C = 3\ mA$ for <b>2N 3010</b> $I_C = 1\ mA$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_C = 30\ mA$	$I_B = 0.15\ mA$ $I_B = 0.1\ mA$ $I_B = 1\ mA$ $I_B = 3\ mA$	0.3 0.25 0.25 0.38	V V V V

# 2N 709 2N 3010

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	for <b>2N 709</b> $I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.15 \text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3010</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3 \text{ mA}$	0.7	0.85		V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	for <b>2N 709</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	20	120		—
	for <b>2N 3010</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	15	125		—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 709</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3010</b>	600			MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			2	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			3	pF
$t_s$ Storage time	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 5 \text{ mA}$			6	ns
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 2 \text{ mA}$			15	ns
				12	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA}$			15	ns
				12	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 718A 2N 956

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

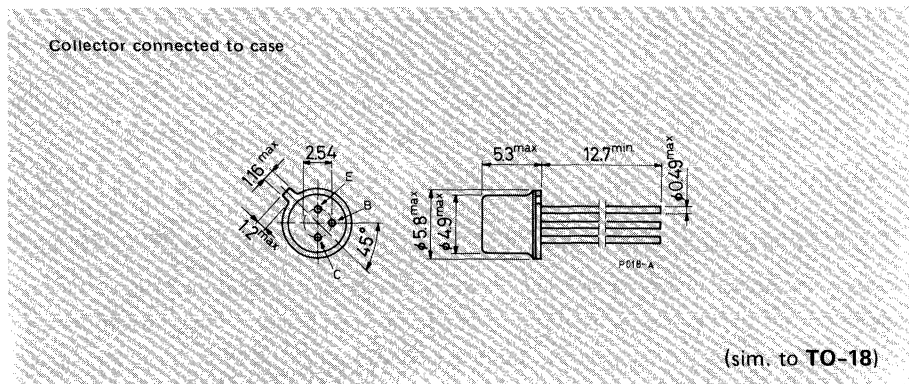
The 2N 718A and 2N 956 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case, intended for high-speed switching and amplifier applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	75	V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$ )	50	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.5 1.8	W W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 718A

# 2N 956

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	97	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	350	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 60V$ $V_{CB} = 60V$	$T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	10 10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$	for <b>2N 718A</b> for <b>2N 956</b>	10 5	nA nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$		75	V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\ \Omega$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		50	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		7	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$		0.24   1.5	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$		1   1.3	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for <b>2N 718A</b> $I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ * $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$ for <b>2N 956</b> $I_C = 0.01\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$		20 35 40 20 20	— — — — —
				120	—
				20 35	— —



# 2N 718A

# 2N 956

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	for <b>2N 956</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	75 100 40 35		300	— — — —
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	for <b>2N 718A</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>2N 956</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	30 35 50 70		100 150 200 300	— — — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$				
	for <b>2N 718A</b> for <b>2N 956</b>	60 70	300 300		MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			20 80	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			4 25	pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 300 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
	for <b>2N 718A</b> for <b>2N 956</b>			12 8	dB dB
$h_{ib}$ Input impedance	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	24 4		34 8	$\Omega$ $\Omega$
$h_{rb}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 718A</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ for <b>2N 956</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$			$3 \times 10^{-4}$ $3 \times 10^{-4}$ $5 \times 10^{-4}$ $5 \times 10^{-4}$	— — — —
$h_{ob}$ Output admittance	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	0.1 0.1		0.5 1	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 914

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### SATURATED LOGIC SWITCH AND VHF AMPLIFIER

The 2N 914 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is primarily a universal switch but it is also an excellent high speed, high gain logic and memory driver at collector currents up to 500 mA.

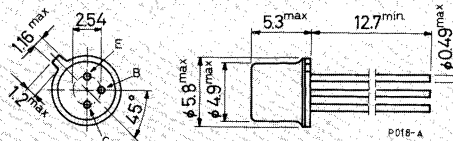
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$ )	20	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# 2N 914

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 20V$ $V_{CB} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			25 15	nA $\mu A$
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -0.25V$ ) $V_{CE} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$			10	$\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 4V$			100	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 1 \mu A$	40			V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$ ) $I_C = 10 mA$	20			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 mA$	15			V

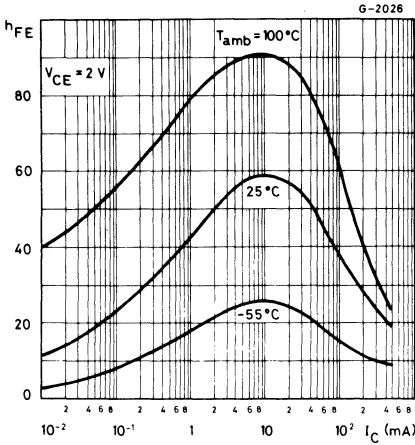
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10 \mu A$	5			V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 20 \text{ mA}$	0.2	0.25	0.4	0.7	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$	0.7	0.74	0.8		V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ C$	30	55	120	—	— — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	300	370			MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$				9	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4.5	6		pF
$t_s$ Storage time	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 5V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 20 \text{ mA}$		13	20		ns
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 5V$ $I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mA}$		25	40		ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 5V$ $I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} = -20 \text{ mA}$		25	40		ns

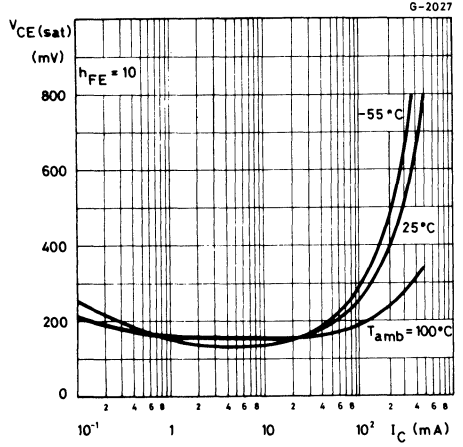
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 914

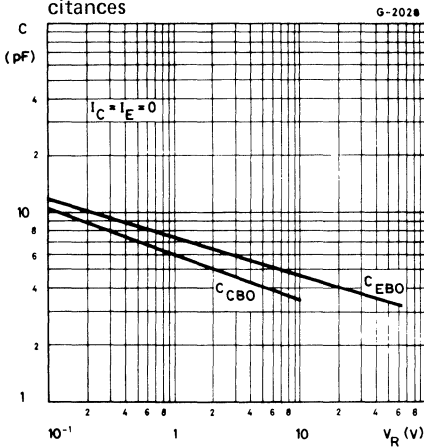
DC current gain



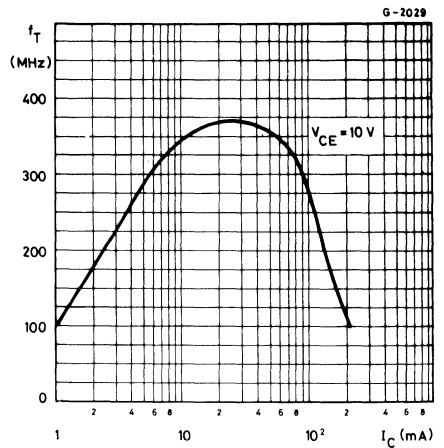
Collector-emitter saturation voltage



Collector-base and emitter-base capacitances

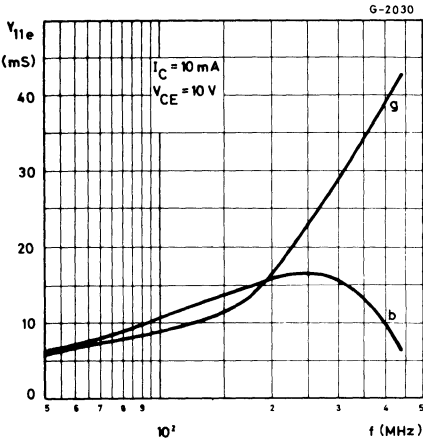


Transition frequency

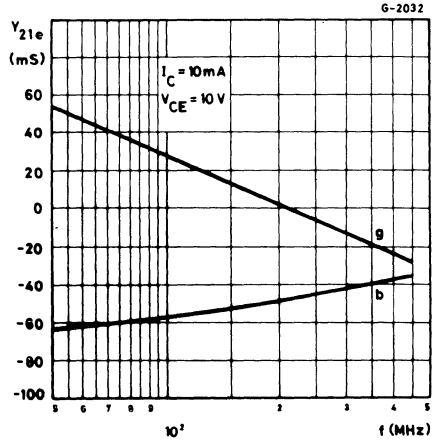


# 2N 914

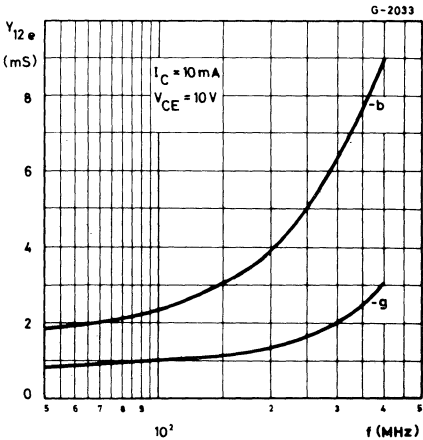
Input admittance



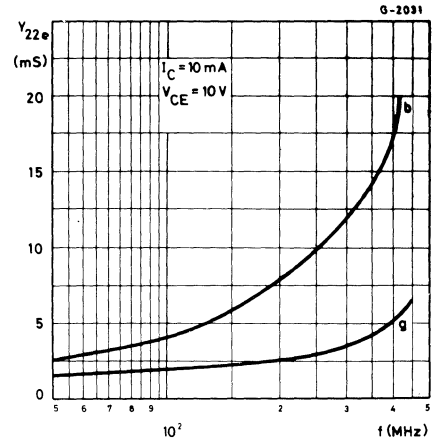
Forward transmittance



Reverse transmittance



Output admittance



# 2N 930

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE AMPLIFIER

The 2N 930 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case, designed for use in high performance, low-level, low-noise amplifier applications.

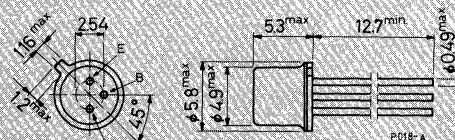
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	45	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	45	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	30	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{case} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.3	W
		0.6	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	292	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	583	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 45V$			10	nA
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 45V$ $V_{CE} = 45V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			10 10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{CEO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_B = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 5V$			2	nA
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 5V$			10	nA
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ mA$	45			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 10\ nA$	5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage $I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_B = 0.5\ mA$			1	V
$V_{BE}$ *	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_B = 0.5\ mA$	0.6		1	V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain $I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 0.5\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	100 150 20		300 600	— — —
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$	150		600	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 0.5\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 30\ MHz$	30			MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$ $V_{CB} = 5V$			8	pF
NF	Noise figure $I_C = 10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$ $R_g = 10\ k\Omega$			3	dB
$h_{ib}$	Input impedance $I_C = 1\ mA$ $V_{CB} = 5V$ $f = 1\ kHz$	25		32	$\Omega$
$h_{ob}$	Output admittance			1	$\mu S$
$h_{rb}$	Reverse voltage ratio			$6 \times 10^{-4}$	—

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%.



**2N 1613**  
**2N 1711**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## SWITCHES AND UNIVERSAL AMPLIFIERS

The 2N 1613 and 2N 1711 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case. They are designed for use in high performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits.

The 2N 1711 is also used to advantage in amplifiers where low noise is an important factor.

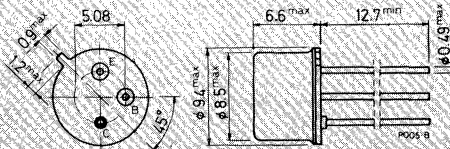
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	75	V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$ )	50	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	500	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	3	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	1.7	W
$T_{stg}, T_J$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)

# 2N 1613

# 2N 1711

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58.3	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 60V$		0.3	10	nA
		$V_{CB} = 60V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.4	10	$\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		0.05	10	nA
		for <b>2N 1613</b> for <b>2N 1711</b>		0.05	5	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage	$I_C = 0.1\ mA$	75			V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	50			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 0.1\ mA$	7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ for <b>2N 1613</b> for <b>2N 1711</b>		0.6	1.5	V
				0.5	1.5	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$	0.95	1.3		V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for <b>2N 1613</b>				
		$I_C = 0.01\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$		35		—
		$I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	20	50		—
		* $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	35	80		—
		* $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	40	80	120	—
		* $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	20	55		—
		* $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$				—
	$T_{amb} = 55^{\circ}C$	20	35		—	

# 2N 1613 2N 1711

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	for <b>2N 1711</b> $I_C = 0.01 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	20 35 75 100 40 35	60 80 130 130 75 65	— — — 300 — —	— — — — — —
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	for <b>2N 1613</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 1711</b> $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	30 35 50 70	55 70 115 135	100 150 200 300	— — — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 1613</b> for <b>2N 1711</b>	60 70	80 100	— —	MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	50	80	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	18	25	pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 0.3 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $R_g = 510 \Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 1613</b> for <b>2N 1711</b>	—	6 3.5	12 8	dB dB
$h_{ib}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	24	27	34	$\Omega$

# 2N 1613 2N 1711

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{ib}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	4	6.3	8	$\Omega$
$h_{rb}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$		$0.7 \times 10^{-4}$	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	—
			$1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	—
	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$		$0.8 \times 10^{-4}$	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	—
			$1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	—
$h_{ob}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$	0.1	0.16	0.5	$\mu\text{S}$
	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$	0.1	0.19	1	$\mu\text{S}$
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$		2.2		$\text{k}\Omega$
			4.4		$\text{k}\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$		$3.6 \times 10^{-4}$		—
			$7.3 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$		12.5		$\mu\text{S}$
			23.8		$\mu\text{S}$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 1893

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### GENERAL PURPOSE HIGH-VOLTAGE TYPE

The 2N 1893 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case, designed for use in high-performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits.

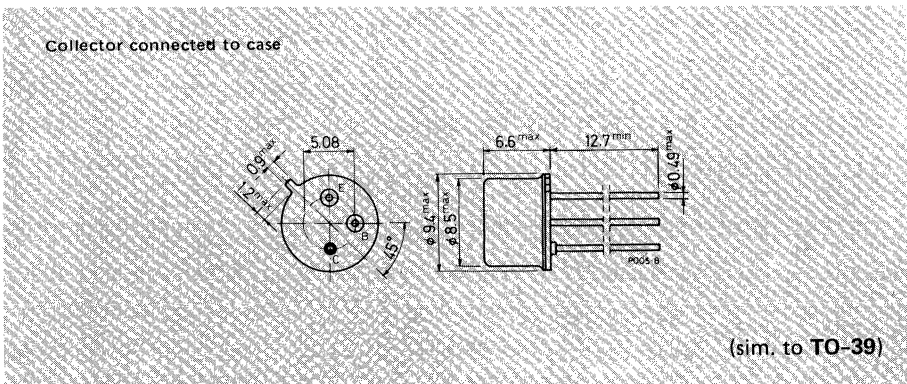
It provides greater voltage swings in oscillator and amplifier circuits and more protection in inductive switching circuits due to its 120V collector-to-base voltage rating.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	120	V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$ )	100	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	80	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	3	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	1.7	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 1893

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 90V$ $V_{CB} = 90V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.3 1.5	10 15	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$			10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$	120			V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\ \Omega$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	100			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	80			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$	7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 50\ mA$ $I_B = 5\ mA$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$			1.2 5	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 50\ mA$ $I_B = 5\ mA$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$		0.82 0.96	0.9 1.3	V V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	$I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	20 35 40 20	50 80 80 40		— — 120 —

# 2N 1893

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	30	70	100	—
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
		$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	45	85		—
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	50	70		MHz
		$f = 20 \text{ MHz}$					
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5V$		55	85	pF
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$					
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10V$		13	15	pF
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$					
$h_{ib}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5V$	20	27	30	$\Omega$
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
		$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 10V$	4	6.4	8	$\Omega$
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
$h_{rb}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5V$	$0.5 \times 10^{-4}$		$1.25 \times 10^{-4}$	—
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
		$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 10V$	$0.6 \times 10^{-4}$		$1.5 \times 10^{-4}$	—
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
$h_{ob}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5V$	0.12		0.5	$\mu S$
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
		$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 10V$	0.14		0.5	$\mu S$
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	2.8			k $\Omega$
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	$3.5 \times 10^{-4}$			—
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$	11			$\mu S$
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

**2N 2218**  
**2N 2219**  
**2N 2221**  
**2N 2222**

## HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

The 2N 2218, 2N 2219, 2N 2221 and 2N 2222 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 (for 2N 2218 and 2N 2219) and in Jedec TO-18 (for 2N 2221 and 2N 2222) metal cases. They are designed for high-speed switching applications at collector currents up to 500 mA, and feature useful current gain over a wide range of collector current, low leakage currents and low saturation voltages.

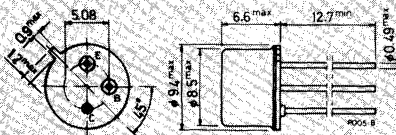
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	0.8	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2218</b> and <b>2N 2219</b>	0.8	W
	for <b>2N 2221</b> and <b>2N 2222</b>	0.5	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2218</b> and <b>2N 2219</b>	3	W
	for <b>2N 2221</b> and <b>2N 2222</b>	1.8	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

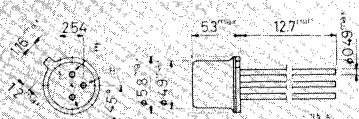
Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)



2N 2218  
2N 2219  
2N 2221  
2N 2222

## THERMAL DATA

			2N 2218 2N 2219	2N 2221 2N 2222
$R_{th\ j\text{-case}}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	50 °C/W	83.3 °C/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-amb}}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	187.5 °C/W	300 °C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 50\text{V}$ $V_{CB} = 50\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = 3\text{V}$			10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	60			V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$	30			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 15\ \text{mA}$ $I_C = 500\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 50\ \text{mA}$			0.4 1.6	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 150\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 15\ \text{mA}$ $I_C = 500\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 50\ \text{mA}$			1.3 2.6	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain for 2N 2218 and 2N 2221 $I_C = 0.1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 500\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ for 2N 2219 and 2N 2222 $I_C = 0.1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 500\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$	20 25 35 40 20 20		120 300	— — — — — — — — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 20\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ $f = 100\ \text{MHz}$	250			MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 100\ \text{kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$			8	pF
$R_{e(hie)}$	Real part of input impedance $I_C = 20\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ $f = 300\ \text{MHz}$			60	$\Omega$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

**2N 2218 A**  
**2N 2219 A**  
**2N 2221 A**  
**2N 2222 A**

## HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

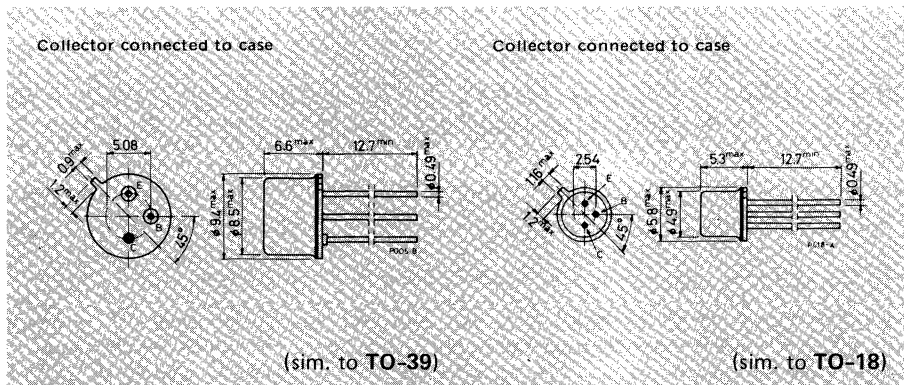
The 2N 2218A, 2N 2219A, 2N 2221A and 2N 2222A are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 (for 2N 2218A and 2N 2219A) and in Jedec TO-18 (for 2N 2221A and 2N 2222A) metal cases. They are designed for high-speed switching applications at collector currents up to 500 mA, and feature useful current gain over a wide range of collector current, low leakage currents and low saturation voltages.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	75	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	0.8	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2219A</b>	0.8	W
	for <b>2N 2221A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>	0.5	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2219A</b>	3	W
	for <b>2N 2221A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>	1.8	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**2N 2218 A**  
**2N 2219 A**  
**2N 2221 A**  
**2N 2222A**

THERMAL DATA			2N 2218A 2N 2219A	2N 2221A 2N 2222A
R <sub>th j-case</sub>	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	50 °C/W	83.3 °C/W
R <sub>th j-amb</sub>	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	187.5 °C/W	300 °C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector cutoff current (I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	V <sub>CB</sub> = 60V V <sub>CB</sub> = 60V		10	nA
		T <sub>amb</sub> = 150°C		10	μA
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector cutoff current (V <sub>BE</sub> = -3V)	V <sub>CE</sub> = 60V		10	nA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter cutoff current (I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	V <sub>EB</sub> = 3V		10	nA
I <sub>BEX</sub>	Base cutoff current (V <sub>BE</sub> = -3V)	V <sub>CE</sub> = 60V		20	nA
V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	Collector-base breakdown voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 μA		75	V
V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage (I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA		40	V
V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	Emitter-base breakdown voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	I <sub>E</sub> = 10 μA		6	V
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA I <sub>B</sub> = 15 mA I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA		0.3	V
				1	V
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub> *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA I <sub>B</sub> = 15 mA I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA		0.6	V
				1.2	V
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC current gain	for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b>			
		I <sub>C</sub> = 0.1 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	20	—
		I <sub>C</sub> = 1 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	25	—
		I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	35	—
		I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	40	120
		I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V	25	—
		I <sub>C</sub> = 150 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1V	20	—
		I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V		—
		T <sub>amb</sub> = -55°C		15	—

**2N 2218 A**  
**2N 2219 A**  
**2N 2221 A**  
**2N 2222 A**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit			
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b> $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ * $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ * $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$			35 50 75 100 40 50 35		300	— — — — — — —
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>			30 50 50 75		150 300 300 375	— — — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>			250 300			MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$					25	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$					8	pF
$R_e(h_{ie})$	Real part of input impedance	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$					60	$\Omega$
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 0\text{V}$ $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$					4	dB
$h_{ie}^{**}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>			1 2 0.2 0.25		3.5 8 1 1.25	$\Omega$ $\Omega$ $\Omega$ $\Omega$

**2N 2218 A**  
**2N 2219 A**  
**2N 2221 A**  
**2N 2222 A**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{re}^{**}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>			$5 \times 10^{-4}$ $8 \times 10^{-4}$ $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ $4 \times 10^{-4}$	— — — —
$h_{oe}^{**}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b> $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2218A</b> and <b>2N 2221A</b> for <b>2N 2219A</b> and <b>2N 2222A</b>	3 5 10 25		15 35 100 200	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$
$t_d$ Delay time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$ $V_{BE} = -0.5\text{V}$			10	ns
$t_r$ Rise time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$ $V_{BE} = -0.5\text{V}$			25	ns
$t_s$ Storage time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$			225	ns
$t_f$ Fall time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$			60	ns
$r_{bb}'C_{bc}$ Feedback time constant	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ $f = 31.8 \text{ MHz}$			150	ps

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

\*\*  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$

# 2N 2369

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-FREQUENCY SATURATED SWITCH

The 2N 2369 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications at current levels from 100  $\mu$ A to 100 mA.

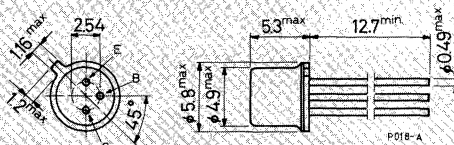
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4.5	V
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current ( $t = 10 \mu s$ )	0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ C$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ C$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# 2N 2369

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 20V$ $V_{CB} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			0.4 30	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$	40			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$	40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$	15			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$	4.5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_B = 1\ mA$		0.2	0.25	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_B = 1\ mA$	0.7	0.75	0.85	V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 100\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 2V$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	40 20 20		120	— — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$ $f = 100\ MHz$	500	650		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5V$ $f = 1\ MHz$		2.5	4	pF
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CC} = 10V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10mA$		6	13	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CC} = 3V$ $I_{B1} = 3\ mA$		9	12	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $V_{CC} = 3V$ $I_{B1} = 3\ mA$ $I_{B2} = -1.5mA$		13	18	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 2369A

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The 2N 2369A is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-18 metal case. It is designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications at current levels from 100  $\mu$ A to 100 mA.

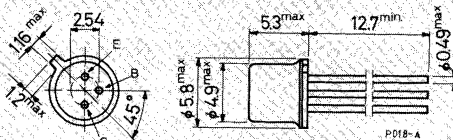
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4.5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	0.2	A
$I_{CM}$	Collector current (10 $\mu$ s pulse)	0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)



# 2N 2369A

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			30	$\mu A$
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 20V$			0.4	$\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 \mu A$	40			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 \mu A$	40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10 mA$	15			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 10 \mu A$	4.5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$ $I_C = 30 mA$ $I_B = 3 mA$ $I_C = 100 mA$ $I_B = 10 mA$ $I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$		0.14 0.17 0.28 0.19	0.2 0.25 0.5 0.3	V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$ $I_C = 30 mA$ $I_B = 3 mA$ $I_C = 100 mA$ $I_B = 10 mA$ $I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1 mA$ $T_{amb} = -55$ to $125^{\circ}C$	0.7 0.59	0.8 0.9 1.1	0.85 1.15 1.6 1.02	V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain $I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.35V$ $I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$ $I_C = 30 mA$ $V_{CE} = 0.4V$ $I_C = 100 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1V$	40 40 30 20	63 66 71	120 120 — —	— — — —

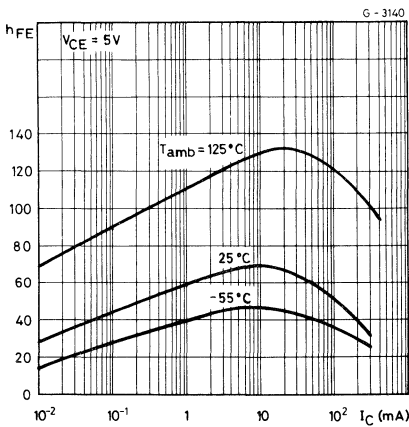
# 2N 2369A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

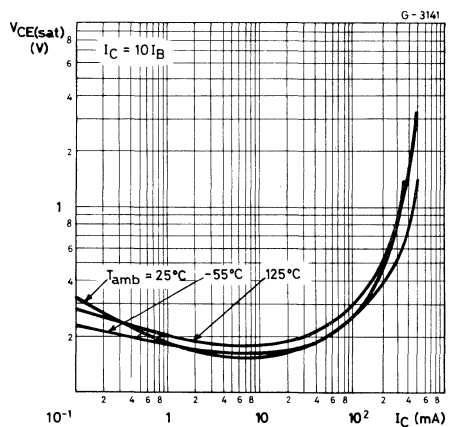
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	20	50		—
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	500	675		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.3	4	pF
$t_s$	Storage time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mA}$		6	13	ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$		9	12	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} = -1.5 \text{ mA}$		13	18	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

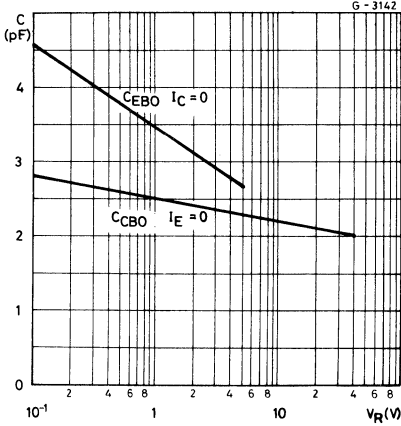


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

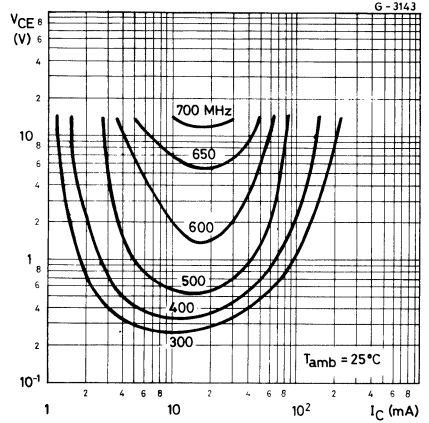


# 2N 2369A

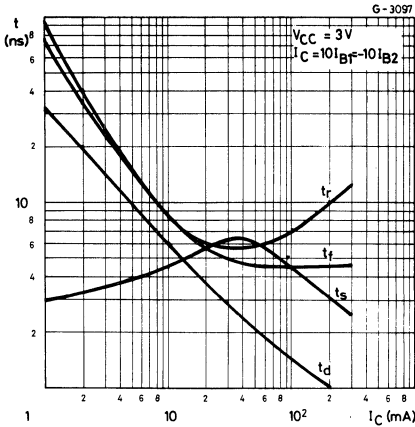
Collector-base and emitter-base capacitances



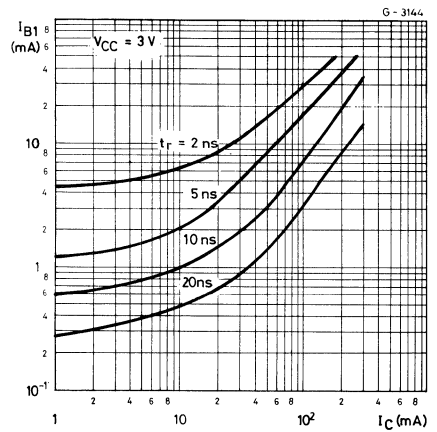
Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



Switching characteristics



# 2N 2483 2N 2484

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE AMPLIFIERS

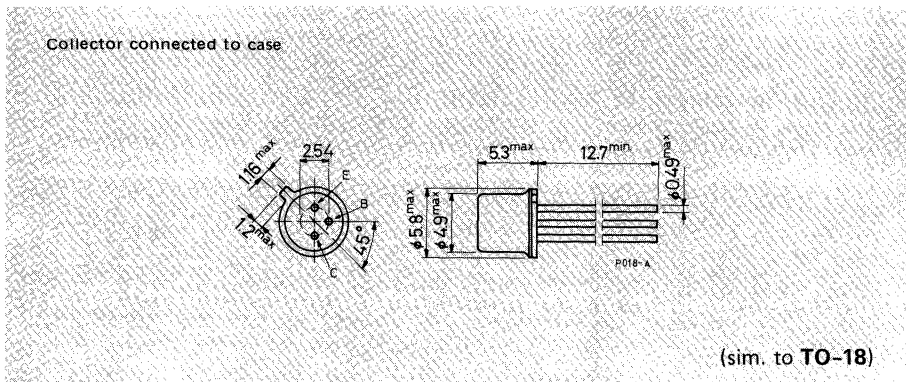
The 2N 2483 and 2N 2484 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case. They are designed for use in high-performance, low-noise amplifier circuits from audio to high-frequency.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	50	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.68	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 2483

# 2N 2484

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j\text{-case}}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-amb}}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit		
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 45V$ $V_{CB} = 45V$		$T_{amb} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.1 10 0.2 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$	
$I_{CEO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 5V$			0.1	nA	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$			0.1 10	nA	
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$			60	V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$			60	V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$			6	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 1\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = 0.1\ \text{mA}$			0.2 0.35	V	
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5V$			0.5 0.57 0.7	V	
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for <b>2N 2483</b>					
		$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		40	80 120	—
		$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		75	140	—
		$I_C = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		100	200	—
		$I_C = 1\ \text{mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		175	230	—
		$I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$			280 500	—
		$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$				—
		$T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$			10		—
		for <b>2N 2484</b>					
		$I_C = 1\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		30	200	—
		$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		100	290 500	—
		$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		175	375	—
		$I_C = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		200	430	—
		$I_C = 1\ \text{mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$		250	450	—
		$I_C = 10\ \text{mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$			430 800	—
		$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$				—
		$T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$			20		—

# 2N 2483 2N 2484

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit		
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>	80 150	280 400	450 900	— —		
$f_T$	Transition frequency	for <b>2N 2483</b> $I_C = 50 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 5 \text{ MHz}$	12	20		MHz		
		$I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 30 \text{ MHz}$	60	69		MHz		
		for <b>2N 2484</b> $I_C = 50 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 5 \text{ MHz}$	15	20		MHz		
		$I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 30 \text{ MHz}$	60	78		MHz		
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		3.5	6	pF		
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		3.5	6	pF		
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>		4 4	15 10	dB dB		
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>		1.9 1.8	4 3	dB dB		
		$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>		0.7 0.6	3 2	dB dB		
		$f = 10 \text{ to } 10\,000 \text{ Hz}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>		1.9 1.8	4 3	dB dB		
		$h_{ie}^{**}$	Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>	1.5 3.5	7.5 15	13 24	k $\Omega$ k $\Omega$
		$h_{re}^{**}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ for <b>2N 2483</b> for <b>2N 2484</b>		$3 \times 10^{-4}$ $4.25 \times 10^{-4}$	$8 \times 10^{-4}$ $8 \times 10^{-4}$	— —

# 2N 2483 2N 2484

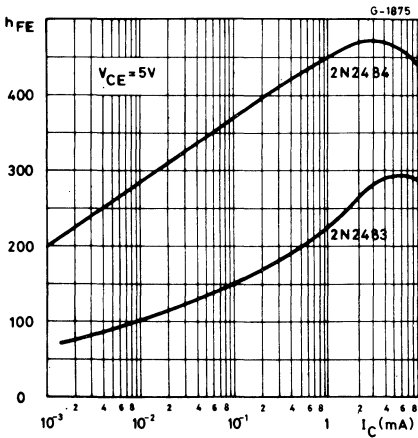
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{oe}^{**}$ Output admittance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ for 2N 2483 for 2N 2484		11 15	30 40	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$
$h_{ib}^{**}$ Input impedance	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$	25	27	32	$\Omega$

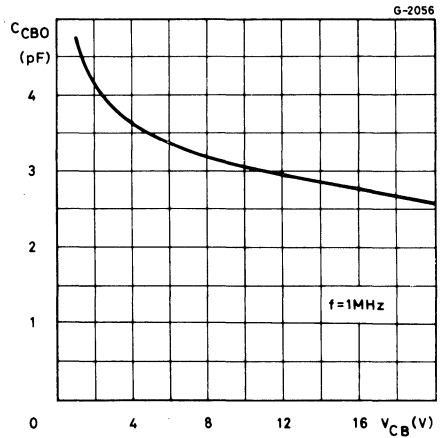
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

\*\*  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$

DC current gain

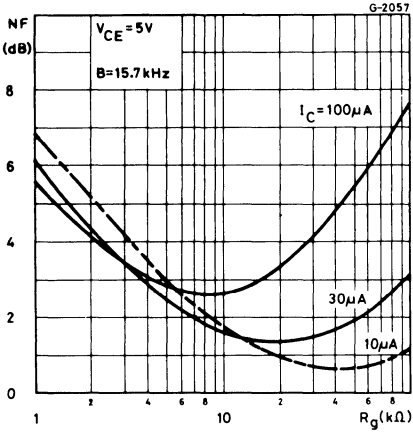


Collector-base capacitance

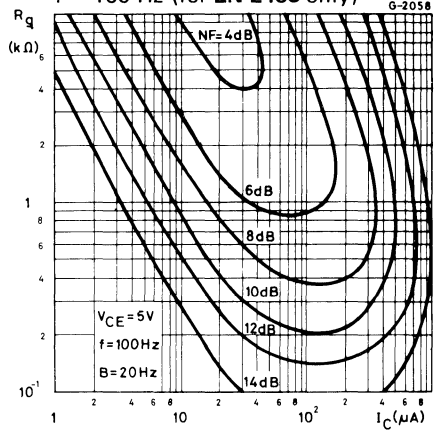


# 2N 2483 2N 2484

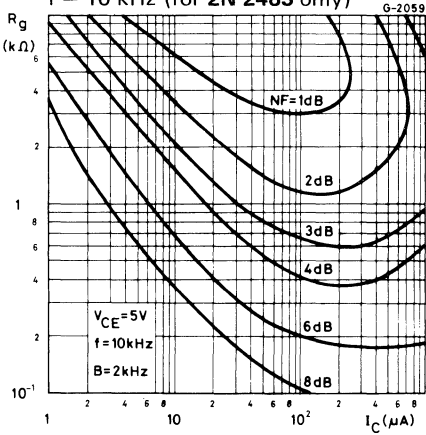
Noise figure vs. source resistance



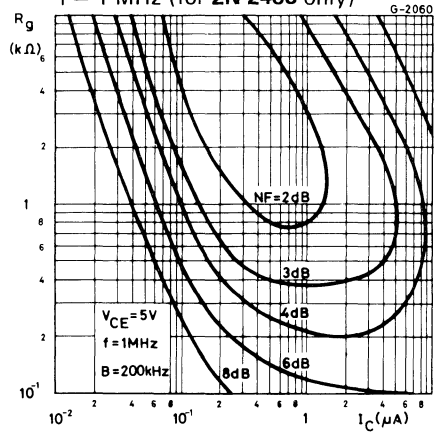
Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$  (for 2N 2483 only)



Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$  (for 2N 2483 only)



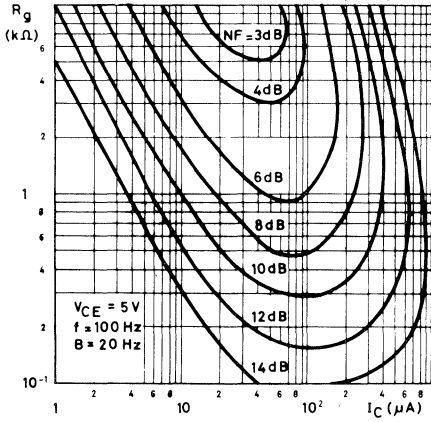
Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$  (for 2N 2483 only)



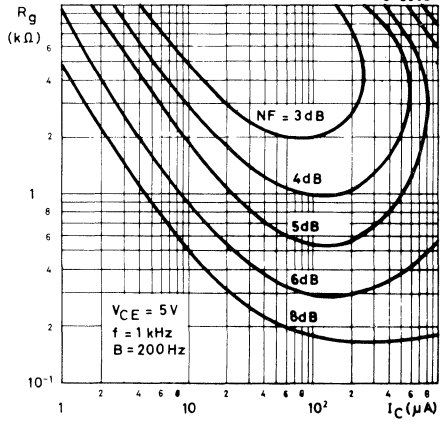


# 2N 2483 2N 2484

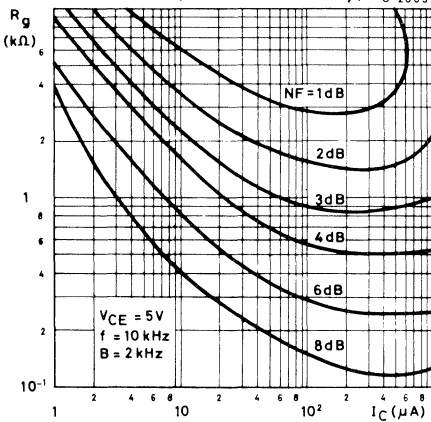
Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$  (for 2N 2484 only) G-2061



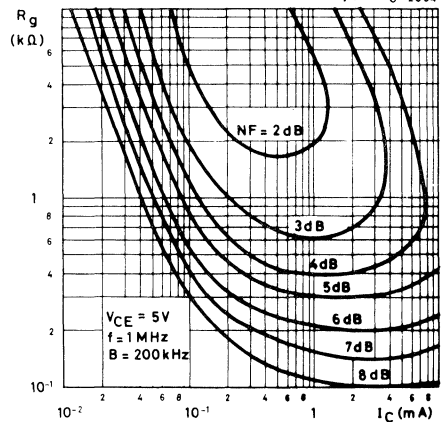
Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$  (for 2N 2484 only) G-2062



Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$  (for 2N 2484 only) G-2063



Contours of constant noise figure  
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$  (for 2N 2484 only) G-2064



# SILICON PLANAR PNP

**2N 2894**  
**2N 3012**  
**2N 3209**

## HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

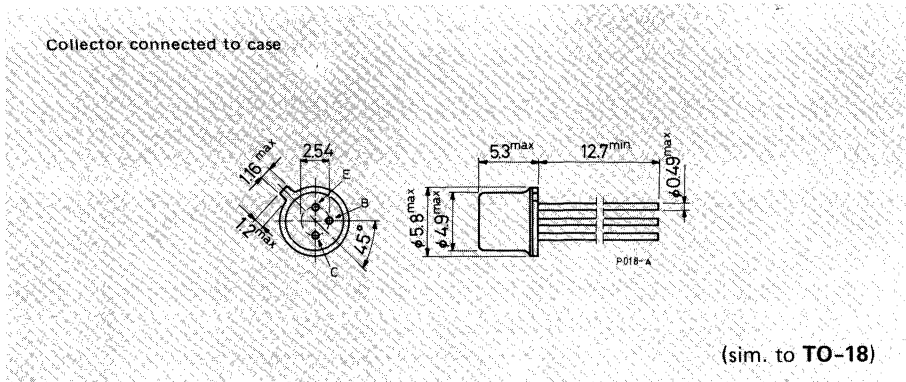
The 2N 2894, 2N 3012 and 2N 3209 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case, intended for high speed, low saturation switching applications up to 100 mA.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	2N 2894 2N 3012	2N 3209	
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-12 V	-20 V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	-12 V	-20 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-12 V	-20 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-4 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	-200 mA	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	1.2 W	
		-65 to 200 °C	

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**2N 2894**  
**2N 3012**  
**2N 3209**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) (for <b>2N 2894</b> only)	$V_{CB} = -6V$	$T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$	-10	$\mu A$
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	for <b>2N 2894</b> $V_{CE} = -6V$	$T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$	-80	nA
				for <b>2N 3012</b> $V_{CE} = -6V$	-80
		for <b>2N 3209</b> $V_{CE} = -6V$	$T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$	-5	$\mu A$
				$V_{CE} = -10V$	-80
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$ for <b>2N 2894</b> and <b>2N 3012</b> for <b>2N 3209</b>		-12 -20	V V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$ for <b>2N 2894</b> and <b>2N 3012</b> for <b>2N 3209</b>		-12 -20	V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$ for <b>2N 2894</b> and <b>2N 3012</b> for <b>2N 3209</b>		-12 -20	V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -100\ \mu A$		-4	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	for <b>2N 2894</b> and <b>2N 3012</b>			
		$I_C = -10\ mA$	$I_B = -1\ mA$	-0.15	V
		$I_C = -30\ mA$	$I_B = -3\ mA$	-0.2	V
		$I_C = -100\ mA$	$I_B = -10\ mA$	-0.5	V
		for <b>2N 3209</b>			
		$I_C = -10\ mA$	$I_B = -1\ mA$	-0.15	V
$I_C = -30\ mA$	$I_B = -3\ mA$	-0.2	V		
$I_C = -100\ mA$	$I_B = -10\ mA$	-0.6	V		

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	for <b>2N 3012</b> only $I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -3\text{ mA}$ $T_{amb} = 85^\circ\text{C}$			-0.4	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -1\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -3\text{ mA}$ $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = -10\text{ mA}$	-0.78		-0.98	V
		-0.85		-1.2	V
				-1.7	V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = -10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.3\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2894</b>	30			—
		25			—
	$I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.5\text{V}$ for <b>2N 2894</b>	40		150	—
		30		120	—
	$I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ for <b>2N 2894</b>	25			—
		20			—
	$I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$ for <b>2N 2894</b>	17			—
		12			—
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	400			MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$			6	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 2894</b> and <b>2N 3012</b> for <b>2N 3209</b>			6	pF
				5	pF
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -2\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -1.5\text{ mA}$			60	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = -30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -2\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -1.5\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 2894</b> and <b>2N 3209</b> for <b>2N 3012</b>			90	ns
				75	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**2N 2904**  
**2N 2905**  
**2N 2906**  
**2N 2907**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

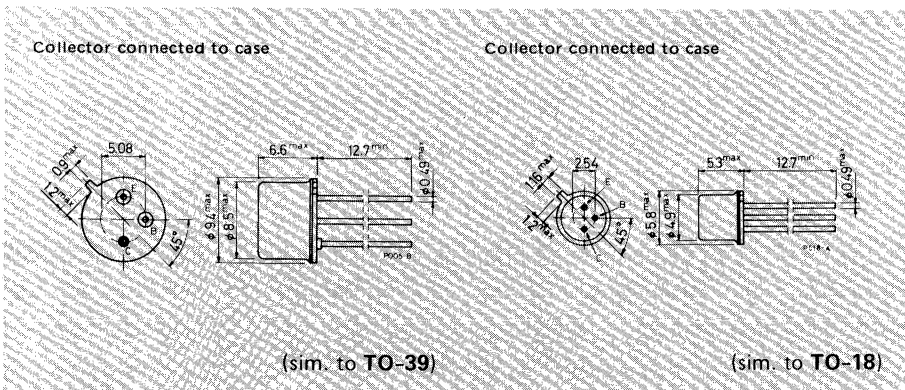
The 2N 2904, 2N 2905, 2N 2906 and 2N 2907 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-39 (for 2N 2904 and 2N 2905) and in Jedec TO-18 (for 2N 2906 and 2N 2907) metal cases. They are designed for high-speed saturated switching and general purpose applications.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-600	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2904</b> and <b>2N 2905</b>	0.6	W
	for <b>2N 2906</b> and <b>2N 2907</b>	0.4	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2904</b> and <b>2N 2905</b>	3	W
	for <b>2N 2906</b> and <b>2N 2907</b>	1.8	W
	$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



2N 2904  
2N 2905  
2N 2906  
2N 2907

### THERMAL DATA

THERMAL DATA			2N 2904 2N 2905	2N 2906 2N 2907
$R_{th\ j\text{-case}}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58.3 °C/W	97.3 °C/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-amb}}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	292 °C/W	437.5 °C/W

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = -50\text{V}$ $V_{CB} = -50\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			-20 -20	nA $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CEX}$ Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0.5\text{V}$ )	$V_{CE} = -30\text{V}$			-50	nA
$I_{BEX}$ Base cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0.5\text{V}$ )	$V_{CE} = -30\text{V}$			-50	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu\text{A}$	-60			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \text{mA}$	-40			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu\text{A}$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -150\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = -15\ \text{mA}$ $I_C = -500\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = -50\ \text{mA}$			-0.4 -1.6	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -150\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = -16\ \text{mA}$ $I_C = -500\ \text{mA}$ $I_B = -50\ \text{mA}$			-1.3 -2.6	V V
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	for <b>2N 2904</b> and <b>2N 2906</b> $I_C = -0.1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $I_C = -1\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $I_C = -10\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ * $I_C = -150\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ * $I_C = -500\ \text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	20 25 35 40 20		120	— — — — —

**2N 2904**  
**2N 2905**  
**2N 2906**  
**2N 2907**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for <b>2N 2905</b> and <b>2N 2907</b>				
		$I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	35			—
		$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	50			—
		$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	75			—
		* $I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	100		300	—
* $I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	30			—		
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	200			MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -2\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$			30	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$			8	pF
$t_d$	Delay time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -15 \text{ mA}$			10	ns
$t_r$	Rise time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -15 \text{ mA}$			40	ns
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -6\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$			80	ns
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -6\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$			30	ns

\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

**2N 2904A  
2N 2905A  
2N 2906A  
2N 2907A**

## GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

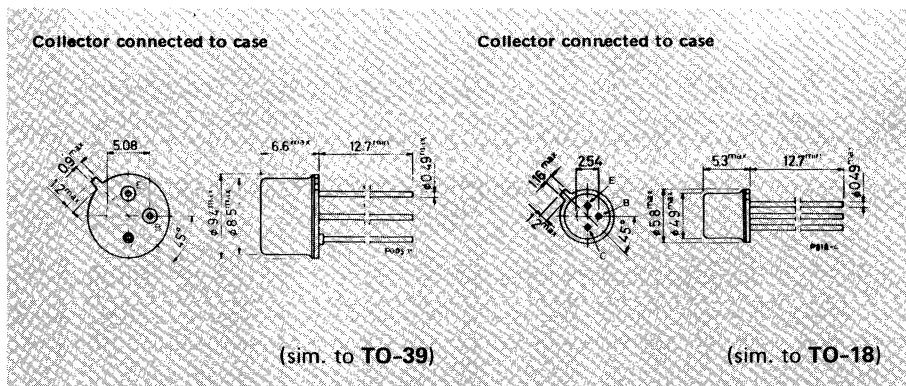
The 2N 2904A, 2N 2905A, 2N 2906A and 2N 2907A are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-39 (for 2N 2904A and 2N 2905A) and in Jedec TO-18 (for 2N 2906A and 2N 2907A) metal cases. They are designed for high-speed saturated switching and general purpose applications.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-60	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-600	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2904A</b> and <b>2N 2905A</b>	0.6	W
	for <b>2N 2906A</b> and <b>2N 2907A</b>	0.4	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$		
	for <b>2N 2904A</b> and <b>2N 2905A</b>	3	W
	for <b>2N 2906A</b> and <b>2N 2907A</b>	1.8	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





**2N 2904A**  
**2N 2905A**  
**2N 2906A**  
**2N 2907A**

THERMAL DATA			2N 2904A 2N 2905A	2N 2906A 2N 2907A
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	58.3 °C/W	97.3 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	292 °C/W	437.5 °C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) $V_{CB} = -50V$ $V_{CB} = -50V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			-10 -10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0.5V$ ) $V_{CE} = -30V$			-50	nA
$I_{BEX}$	Base cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0.5V$ ) $V_{CE} = -30V$			-50	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = -10 \mu A$	-60			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -10 mA$	-60			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -10 \mu A$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -150 mA$ $I_B = -15 mA$ $I_C = -500 mA$ $I_B = -50 mA$			-0.4 -1.6	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -150 mA$ $I_B = -15 mA$ $I_C = -500 mA$ $I_B = -50 mA$			-1.3 -2.6	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain for <b>2N 2904A</b> and <b>2N 2906A</b> $I_C = -0.1 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -1 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $I_C = -10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ * $I_C = -150 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ * $I_C = -500 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$	40 40 40 40 40		120	— — — — —

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min. Typ. Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	for 2N 2905A and 2N 2907A $I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ * $I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ * $I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	75 100 100 100 50	— — — 300 —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	200	MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -2\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		30 pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		8 pF
$t_d$	Delay time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -15 \text{ mA}$		10 ns
$t_r$	Rise time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -15 \text{ mA}$		40 ns
$t_s$	Storage time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -6\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$		80 ns
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -6\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$		30 ns
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -15 \text{ mA}$		45 ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -6\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$		100 ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**2N 3009**  
**2N 3013**  
**2N 3014**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

The 2N 3009, 2N 3013 and 2N 3014 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case, intended for high-speed, low-saturation switching application up to 300 mA.

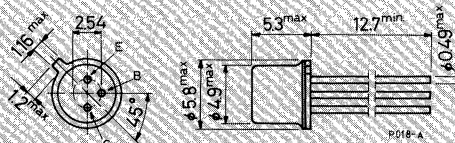
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		2N 3009	2N 3013	2N 3014
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	40 V	40 V	40 V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	40 V	40 V	40 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	15 V	15 V	20 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	4 V	5 V	5 V
$I_C$	Collector current	200 mA		
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current ( $t \leq 10 \mu s$ )	500 mA		
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	0.36 W		
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	1.2 W		
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ C$	0.68 W		
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C		

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

**2N 3009**  
**2N 3013**  
**2N 3014**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	486	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$ for 2N 3009 for 2N 3013 and 2N 3014 $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$ for 2N 3009 $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$ for 2N 3013 and 2N 3014			0.5 0.3 15 40	$\mu A$ $\mu A$ $\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$	40		V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$	40		V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ for 2N 3009 and 2N 3013 for 2N 3014	15 20		V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$ for 2N 3009 for 2N 3013 and 2N 3014	4 5		V V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	* Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{ mA}$ for 2N 3014 $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$ for 2N 3009 and 2N 3013 for 2N 3014 $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$ for 2N 3009 and 2N 3013 $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3\text{ mA}$ $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$ for 2N 3009 $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3\text{ mA}$ $T_{amb} = 125^{\circ}C$ for 2N 3013 and 2N 3014		0.18 0.18 0.28 0.35 0.5 0.3 0.25	V V V V V V V

**2N 3009**  
**2N 3013**  
**2N 3014**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3014</b> $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3009</b> and <b>2N 3013</b>	0.7 0.75		0.8 0.95 1.2 1.7	V V V V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4\text{V}$ for <b>2N 3014</b> $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4\text{V}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5\text{V}$ for <b>2N 3009</b> and <b>2N 3013</b> $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ for <b>2N 3014</b> $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ for <b>2N 3009</b> and <b>2N 3013</b> $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$ for <b>2N 3013</b> and <b>2N 3014</b>	25 30 25 25 15 12		120	— — — — — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	350			MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$			8	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$			5	pF
$t_s$ Storage time	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 10\text{ mA}$			18	ns
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 2\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = 3\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3014</b> $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = 30\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3009</b> and <b>2N 3013</b>			16 15	ns ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 2\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 3\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3014</b> $I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 30\text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3009</b> and <b>2N 3013</b>			25 25	ns ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**2N 3019**  
**2N 3020**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## HIGH-CURRENT, HIGH-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIERS

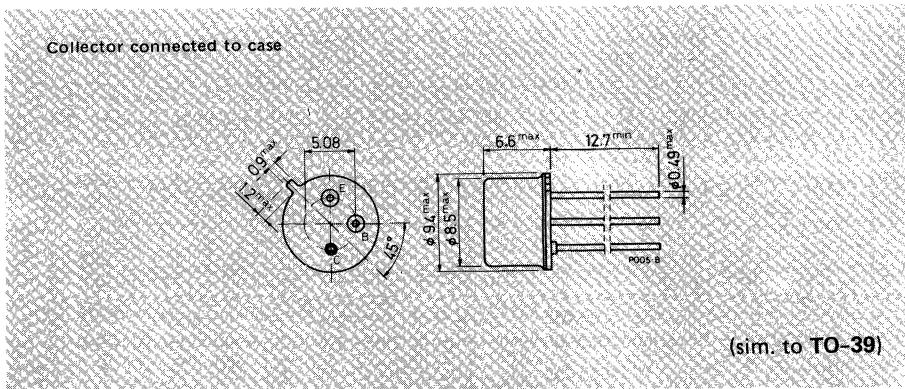
The 2N 3019 and 2N 3020 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jeduc TO-39 metal case, designed for high-current, high-frequency amplifier applications. They feature high gain and low saturation voltages.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	140	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	80	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
		5	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 3019 2N 3020

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 90V$ $V_{CB} = 90V$	$T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	10 10	nA $\mu A$	
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		10	nA	
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$		140	V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	*Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		80	V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		7	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	*Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_B = 50\ mA$	0.2 0.5	V V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	*Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$	1.1	V	
$h_{FE}$	*DC current gain	$I_C = 0.1\ mA$ $I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $I_C = 1\ A$ $I_C = 150\ mA$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	$V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3020</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3020</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3020</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3020</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> $V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3020</b>	50 30 90 40 100 40 50 30 15 40	100 120 300 120 100 100	— — — — — — — — — —

# 2N 3019 2N 3020

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> for <b>2N 3020</b>	80 30	400 200	— —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$ for <b>2N 3019</b> for <b>2N 3020</b>	100 80		MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5V$		60	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = 10V$		12	pF
NF	Noise figure (for <b>2N 3019</b> only) $I_C = 100 \mu A$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$ $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$		4	dB
$r_{bb}'C_{b'c}$	Feedback time constant $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 4 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10V$		400	ps

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%



# 2N 3053

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### AMPLIFIER AND SWITCH

The 2N 3053 is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for medium-current switching and amplifier applications.

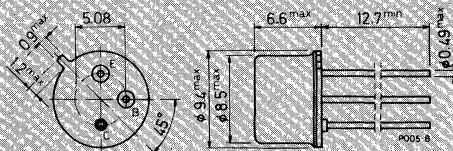
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	60	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	700	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	5	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)

# 2N 3053

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
------------------	----------------------------------	-----	----	------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -1.5V$ )			250	nA
$I_{BEX}$	Base cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = -1.5V$ )			250	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$		60	V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$		40	V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\ \Omega$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		50	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$		1.4 V
$V_{BE}$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 2.5V$		1.7 V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$	$I_B = 15\ mA$		1.7 V
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_C = 150\ mA$	$V_{CE} = 2.5V$ $V_{CE} = 10V$	25 50	250 —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 50\ mA$ $f = 20\ MHz$	$V_{CE} = 10V$	100	MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$	$V_{EB} = 0.5V$		80 pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$	$V_{CB} = 10V$		15 pF

\* Pulse: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

2N 3107  
 2N 3108  
 2N 3109  
 2N 3110

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

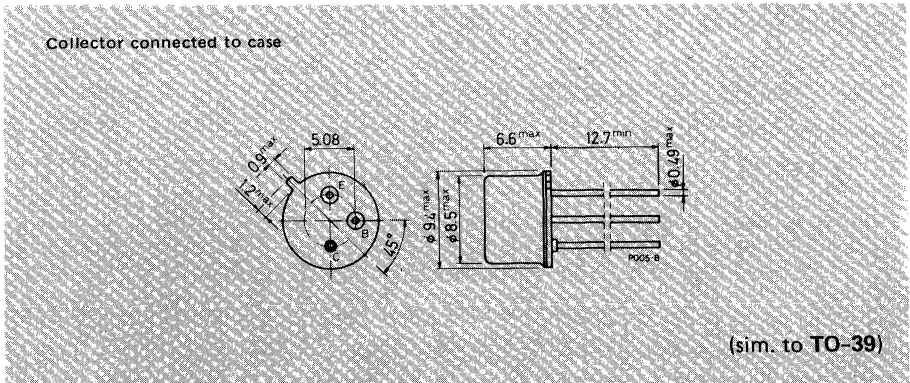
The 2N 3107, 2N 3108, 2N 3109 and 2N 3110 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case primarily intended for large signal, low noise industrial applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		2N 3109 2N 3110	2N 3107 2N 3108
$V_{CB0}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	80 V	100 V
$V_{CE0}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	40 V	60 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	1 A	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	5 W -65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**2N 3107**  
**2N 3108**  
**2N 3109**  
**2N 3110**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	35	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	219	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 60V$	$T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$	10	$\mu A$
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 60V$		10	nA
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$ for <b>2N 3109</b> and <b>2N 3110</b> for <b>2N 3107</b> and <b>2N 3108</b>		80 100	V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	* Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$ for <b>2N 3109</b> and <b>2N 3110</b> for <b>2N 3107</b> and <b>2N 3108</b>		40 60	V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		7	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	* Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 100\ mA$		0.25 1	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	* Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA$ $I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 1A$ $I_B = 100\ mA$		1.1 2	V V

**2N 3107**  
**2N 3108**  
**2N 3109**  
**2N 3110**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	for <b>2N 3107</b> and <b>2N 3109</b> $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$ for <b>2N 3108</b> and <b>2N 3110</b> $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	100 35 40 30		300	— — — — — — — —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 3107</b> and <b>2N 3109</b> for <b>2N 3108</b> and <b>2N 3110</b>	70 60			MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			80	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 3107</b> and <b>2N 3108</b> for <b>2N 3109</b> and <b>2N 3110</b>			20 25	pF pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 30 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$			7	dB
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 7.5 \text{ mA}$			200	ns
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 7.5 \text{ mA}$ for <b>2N 3107</b> and <b>2N 3109</b> for <b>2N 3108</b> and <b>2N 3110</b>			1000 600	ns ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**2N 3250**  
**2N 3251**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

The 2N 3250 and 2N 3251 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case. They are suited for switching and amplifier applications.

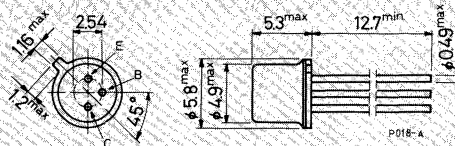
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-50	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-200	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36 1.2	W W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)

# 2N 3250 2N 3251

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction–case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction–ambient	max	487	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CEX}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 3V$ )			-20	nA	
$I_{BEX}$	Base cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 3V$ )			-50	nA	
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector–base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ \mu A$		-50	V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector–emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$		-40	V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter–base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10\ \mu A$		-5	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector–emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_C = -50\ mA$	$I_B = -1\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$	0.25 0.5	V V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base–emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_C = -50\ mA$	$I_B = -1\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$	0.6 0.9 1.2	V V V	
$h_{FE}$ *	DC current gain	for <b>2N 3250</b> $I_C = -0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ for <b>2N 3251</b> $I_C = -0.1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$ $I_C = -50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -1V$		40 45 50 15	150	– – – –
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -1\ mA$ $f = 1\ kHz$	$V_{CE} = -10V$ for <b>2N 3250</b> for <b>2N 3251</b>	50 100	200 400	– –

# 2N 3250 2N 3251

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}$ for 2N 3250 for 2N 3251	250 300		MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{EB} = -1 \text{ V}$		8	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance $I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$		6	pF
NF	Noise figure $I_C = -100 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$	$V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$		6	dB
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$ for 2N 3250 for 2N 3251	1 2	6 12	$\text{k}\Omega$ $\text{k}\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$ for 2N 3250 for 2N 3251		$10 \times 10^{-4}$ $20 \times 10^{-4}$	— —
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance $I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$ for 2N 3250 for 2N 3251	4 10	40 60	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$
$t_d$	Delay time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		35	ns
$t_r$	Rise time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		35	ns
$t_s$	Storage time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ for 2N 3250 for 2N 3251		175 200	ns ns
$t_f$	Fall time $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$		50	ns
$r_{bb}'C_{b'c}$	Feedback time constant $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}$		250	ps

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%



# 2N 3440S

## EPITAXIAL PLANAR NPN

### HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

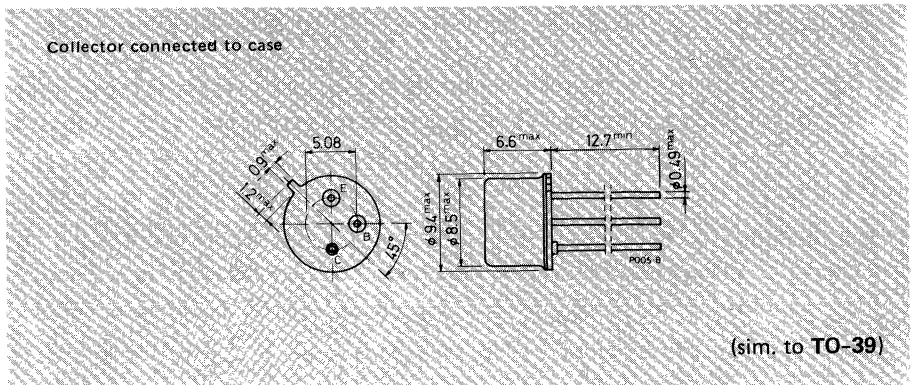
The 2N 3440S is a silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for high voltage switching and linear amplifier applications. The complementary PNP type is the 2N 5415S.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	300	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	250	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Junction temperature	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 3440S

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	17.5	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

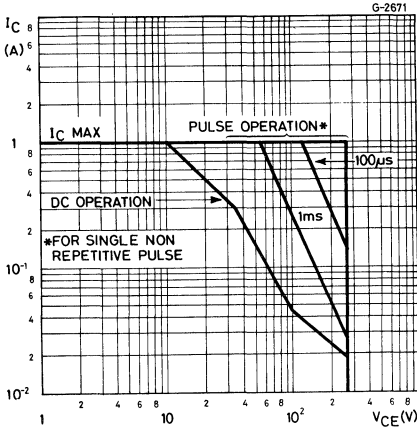
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit		
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )			20	$\mu A$		
$I_{CEO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_B = 0$ )			50	$\mu A$		
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )			20	$\mu A$		
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )		250		V		
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 50mA$		$I_B = 4mA$	0.5	V	
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 50mA$		$I_B = 4mA$	1.3	V	
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain	$I_C = 20mA$		$V_{CE} = 10V$	40	160	—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = 10mA$		$V_{CE} = 10V$	15		MHz

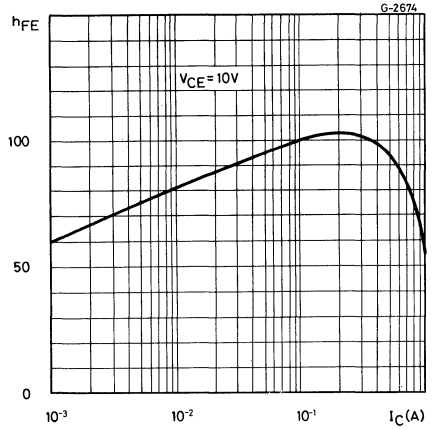
\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1.5%

# 2N 3440S

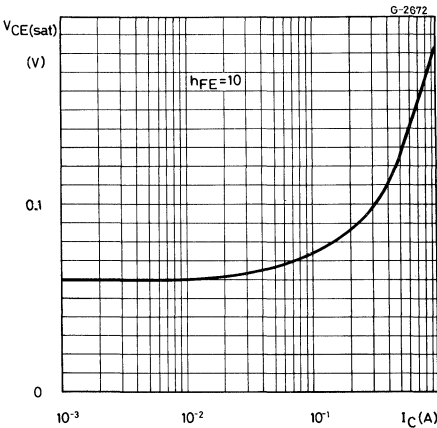
## Safe operating areas



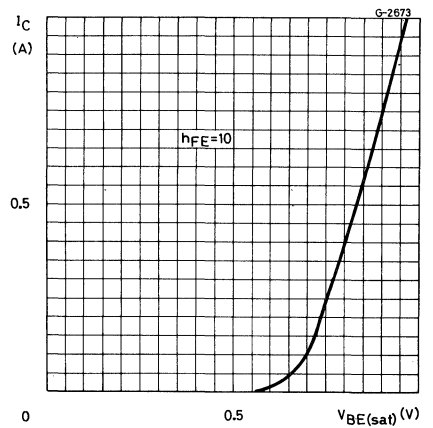
## DC current gain



## Collector-emitter saturation voltage

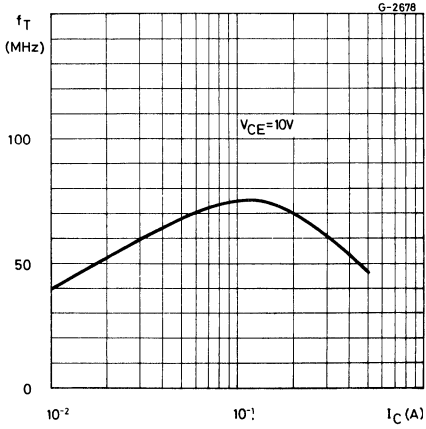


## Base-emitter saturation voltage

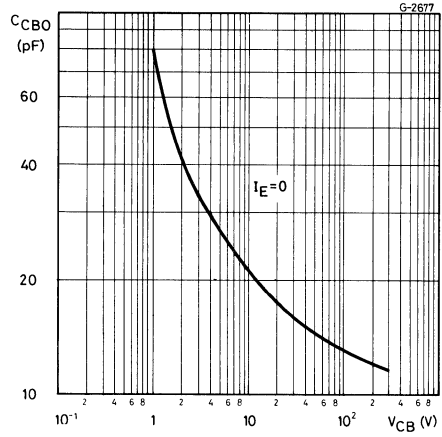


# 2N 3440S

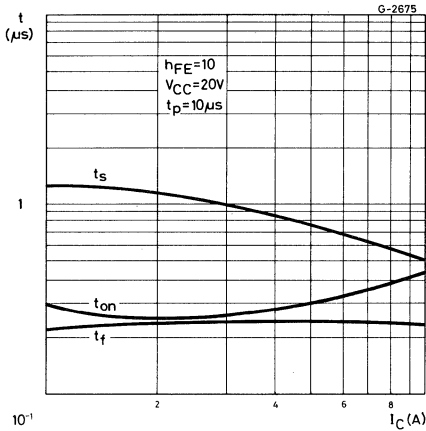
Transition frequency



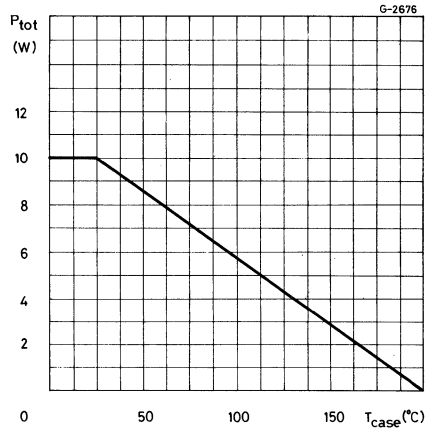
Collector-base capacitance



Saturated switching characteristics



Power rating chart



# 2N 3700 2N 3701

## SILICON PLANAR NPN

### GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS

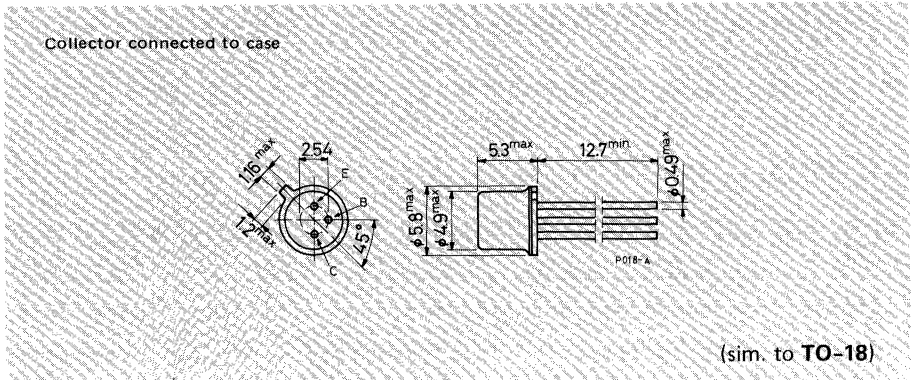
The 2N 3700 and 2N 3701 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case, intended for small signal, low noise industrial applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CB0}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	140	V
$V_{CE0}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	80	V
$V_{EB0}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.8	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	1	W
$T_{stg}, T_J$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 3700 2N 3701

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	97	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	350	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 90V$ $V_{CB} = 90V$		10 10	nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{EB} = 5V$		10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 100\ \mu A$		140	V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$		80	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 100\ \mu A$		7	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	0.2 0.5	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	1.1	V

# 2N 3700

# 2N 3701

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}^*$ DC current gain	for <b>2N 3700</b> $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$ for <b>2N 3701</b> $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	50 90 100 50 15 40		300	— — — — — —
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 3700</b> for <b>2N 3701</b>	80 30		400 200	— —
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 3700</b> for <b>2N 3701</b>	100 80		200 200	MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			60	pF
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			12	pF
$r_{bb} \cdot C_{bc}$ Feedback time constant	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ $f = 4 \text{ MHz}$	25		400	ps

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

**2N 3725**

# SILICON PLANAR NPN

## HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

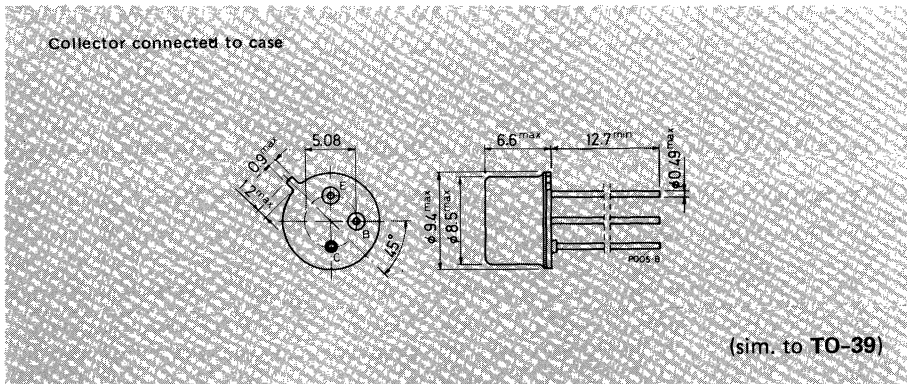
The 2N 3725 is a silicon planar epitaxial transistor in TO-39 metal case. It is a high-voltage, high-current switch used for memory applications requiring breakdown voltages up to 50V and operating currents to 1A. Fast switching times are assured because of the high minimum  $f_T$  (300 MHz) and tight control on storage time.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	80	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	80	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	50	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.5	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm





# 2N 3725

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	50	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	220	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

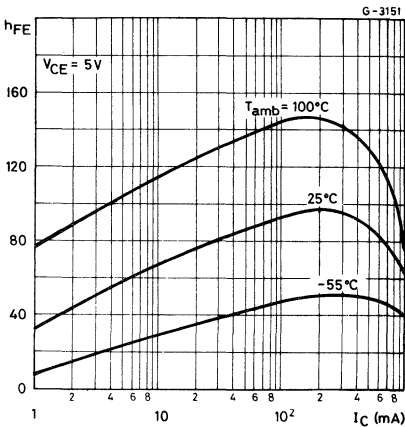
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 60V$ $V_{CB} = 60V$	$T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}C$	1.7 120	$\mu A$ $\mu A$	
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$		80	V	
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu A$		80	V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ mA$		50	V	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu A$		6	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\ mA$ $I_C = 100\ mA$ $I_C = 300\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA$ $I_C = 800\ mA$ $I_C = 1000\ mA$	$I_B = 1\ mA$ $I_B = 10\ mA$ $I_B = 30\ mA$ $I_B = 50\ mA$ $I_B = 80\ mA$ $I_B = 100\ mA$	0.19 0.21 0.31 0.4 0.5 0.6	0.25 0.26 0.4 0.52 0.8 0.95	V V V V V V

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

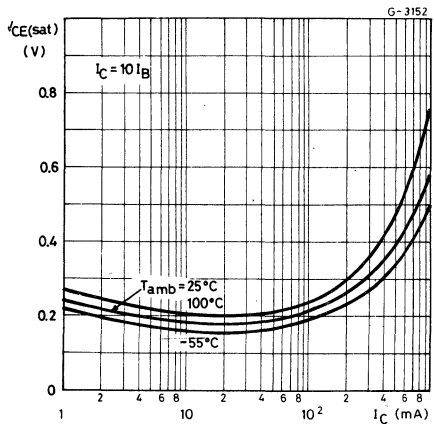
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.64	0.76	V
	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$		0.75	0.86	V
	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$		0.89	1.1	V
	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	0.8		1.1	V
	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$		1.0	1.5	V
	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$		1.1	1.7	V
$h_{FE}$ * DC current gain	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	30	60		—
	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	60	90	150	—
	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	40	60		—
	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	25	65		—
	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}$	20	40		—

\*Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s; duty cycle = 1%

DC current gain

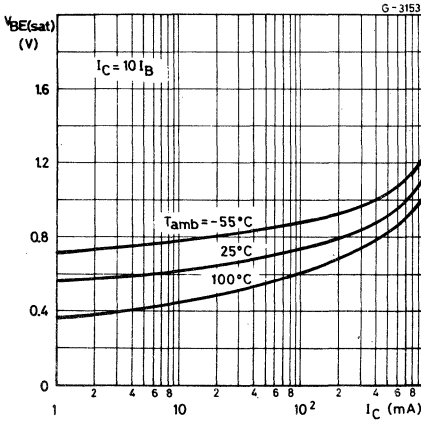


Collector-emitter saturation voltage

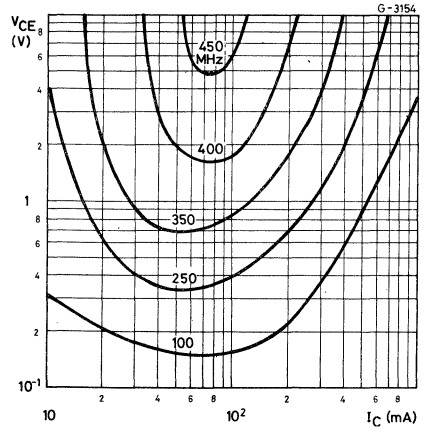


# 2N 3725

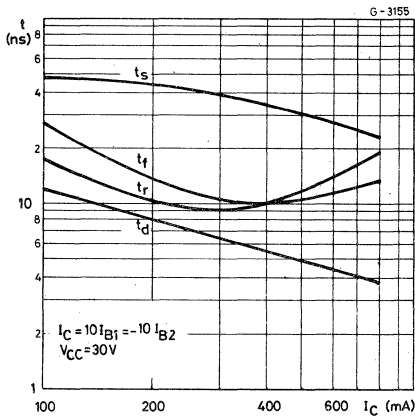
Base-emitter saturation voltage



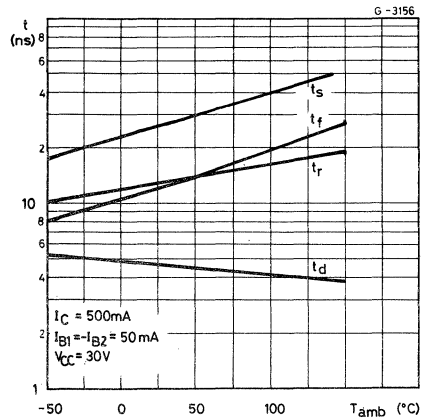
Contours of constant transition frequency



Switching characteristics



Switching characteristics



2N 3962  
2N 3964  
2N 3965

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## LOW NOISE, LOW LEVEL AMPLIFIERS

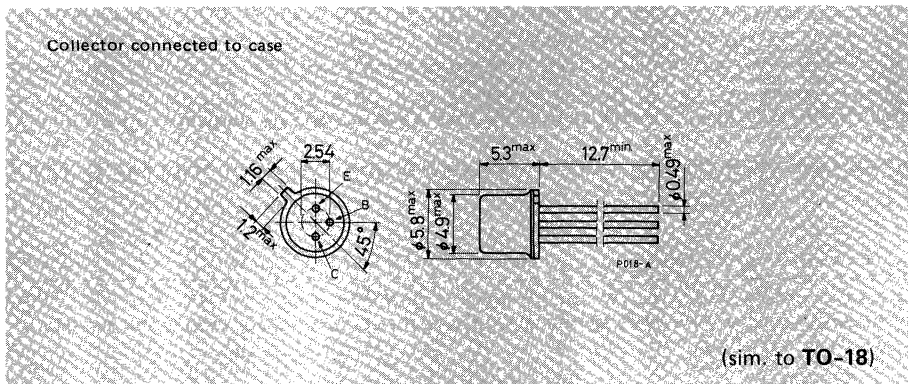
The 2N 3962, 2N 3964 and 2N 3965 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-18 metal case particularly intended for use in low noise applications. They features are excellent current gain linearity from 1  $\mu$ A to 50 mA.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		2N 3964	2N 3962 2N 3965
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-45 V	-60 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-45 V	-60 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	-200 mA	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 $^\circ\text{C}$	

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



**2N 3962**  
**2N 3964**  
**2N 3965**

## THEMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	146	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	487	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CES}$	Collector cutoff current ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) for <b>2N 3964</b> $V_{CE} = -40V$ $V_{CE} = -40V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$ for <b>2N 3962</b> and <b>2N 3965</b> $V_{CE} = -50V$ $V_{CE} = -50V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			-10 -10 -10 -10	nA $\mu A$ nA $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) $V_{EB} = -4V$			-10	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\ \mu A$ for <b>2N 3964</b> for <b>2N 3962</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	-45 -60			V V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\ \mu A$ for <b>2N 3964</b> for <b>2N 3962</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	-45 -60			V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -5\ mA$ for <b>2N 3964</b> for <b>2N 3962</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	-45 -60			V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -10\ \mu A$	-6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage * $I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_B = -0.5\ mA$ $I_C = -50\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$			-0.25 -0.4	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-emitter saturation voltage * $I_C = -10\ mA$ $I_B = -0.5\ mA$ $I_C = -50\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$			-0.9 -0.95	V V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain for <b>2N 3962</b> $I_C = -1\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -100\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -1\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ * $I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ * $I_C = -50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $I_C = -10\ \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$	60 100 100 100 100 90 40		300 450	- - - - - - -

**2N 3962**  
**2N 3964**  
**2N 3965**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit						
$h_{FE}$ DC current gain	* for <b>2N 3962</b> $I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	45	600	-	-						
	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 100^\circ\text{C}$										
	for <b>2N 3964</b> and <b>2N 3965</b> $I_C = -1 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$										
	$I_C = -10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$										
	$I_C = -100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$										
	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$										
	* $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$										
	* $I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$										
	$I_C = -10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$										
	* $I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$										
$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $T_{amb} = 100^\circ\text{C}$	800	-	-								
$h_{fe}$ Small signal current gain	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 3962</b> for <b>2N 3964</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	100	250	550	700	-	-				
$f_T$ Transition frequency	$I_C = -0.5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$ for <b>2N 3962</b> for <b>2N 3964</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	40	50	160	160	MHz	MHz				
$C_{EBO}$ Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			15		pF					
$C_{CBO}$ Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			6		pF					
NF Noise figure	$I_C = -20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ for <b>2N 3962</b> $f = 10 \text{ to } 10\,000 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $B = 15 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 150 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 1.5 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 3964</b> and <b>2N 3965</b> $f = 10 \text{ to } 10\,000 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz}$ $B = 2 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $B = 15 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 150 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ $B = 1.5 \text{ kHz}$	3	10	3	3	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
											2
											8
											4
											2
											2
											2
											2
											2
											2
2											

**2N 3962**  
**2N 3964**  
**2N 3965**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{ie}$ Input impedance	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 3962</b> for <b>2N 3964</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	2.5 6		17 20	$k\Omega$ $k\Omega$
$h_{re}$ Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		$10 \times 10^{-4}$		—
$h_{oe}$ Output admittance	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5V$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ for <b>2N 3962</b> for <b>2N 3964</b> and <b>2N 3965</b>	5 5		40 50	$\mu S$ $\mu S$

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

2N 4030  
 2N 4031  
 2N 4032  
 2N 4033

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

The 2N 4030, 2N 4031, 2N 4032 and 2N 4033 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case primarily intended for large signal, low noise industrial applications.

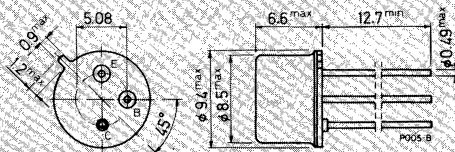
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		2N 4030 2N 4032	2N 4031 2N 4033
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-60 V	-80 V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-60 V	-80 V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5 V	
$I_C$	Collector current	-1 A	
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8 W 4 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-39)



**2N 4030**  
**2N 4031**  
**2N 4032**  
**2N 4033**

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	44	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	218	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$ Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )	for <b>2N 4030</b> and <b>2N 4032</b> $V_{CB} = -50V$ $V_{CB} = -50V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$ for <b>2N 4031</b> and <b>2N 4033</b> $V_{CB} = -60V$ $V_{CB} = -60V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			-50 -50 -50 -50	nA $\mu A$ nA $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$ Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = -10 \mu A$ for <b>2N 4030</b> and <b>2N 4032</b> for <b>2N 4031</b> and <b>2N 4033</b>	-60 -80			V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ * Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10 mA$ for <b>2N 4030</b> and <b>2N 4032</b> for <b>2N 4031</b> and <b>2N 4033</b>	-60 -80			V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = -10 \mu A$	-5			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$ * Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -150 mA$ $I_B = -15 mA$ $I_C = -500 mA$ $I_B = -50 mA$ $I_C = -1A$ $I_B = -100 mA$ for <b>2N 4030</b> and <b>2N 4032</b>			-0.15 -0.5 -1	V V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$ * Base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -150 mA$ $I_B = -15 mA$ $I_C = -500 mA$ $I_B = -50 mA$ $I_C = -1A$ $I_B = -100 mA$ for <b>2N 4030</b> and <b>2N 4032</b>			-0.9 -1.1 -1.2	V V V

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
h <sub>FE</sub> DC current gain	I <sub>C</sub> = -100 μA V <sub>CE</sub> = -5V for 2N 4030 and 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 and 2N 4033	30			—
	* I <sub>C</sub> = -100 mA V <sub>CE</sub> = -5V for 2N 4030 and 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 and 2N 4033	75			—
	* I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA V <sub>CE</sub> = -5V for 2N 4030 and 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 and 2N 4033	40		120	—
	* I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA V <sub>CE</sub> = -5V for 2N 4030 and 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 and 2N 4033	100		300	—
	* I <sub>C</sub> = -1A V <sub>CE</sub> = -5V for 2N 4030 for 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 for 2N 4033	25			—
		70			—
	* I <sub>C</sub> = -100 mA V <sub>CE</sub> = -5V T <sub>amb</sub> = -55°C for 2N 4030 and 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 and 2N 4033	15			—
	40			—	
f <sub>T</sub> Transition frequency	I <sub>C</sub> = -50 mA V <sub>CE</sub> = -10V f = 100 MHz for 2N 4030 and 2N 4031 for 2N 4032 and 2N 4033	100		400	MHz
		150		500	MHz
C <sub>EBO</sub> Emitter-base capacitance	I <sub>C</sub> = 0 V <sub>EB</sub> = -0.5V f = 1 MHz			110	pF
C <sub>CB0</sub> Collector-base capacitance	I <sub>E</sub> = 0 V <sub>CB</sub> = -10V f = 1 MHz			20	pF
t <sub>s</sub> Storage time	I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA V <sub>CC</sub> = -30V I <sub>B1</sub> = -I <sub>B2</sub> = -50 mA			350	ns
t <sub>f</sub> Fall time	I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA V <sub>CC</sub> = -30V I <sub>B1</sub> = -I <sub>B2</sub> = -50 mA			50	ns
t <sub>on</sub> Turn-on time	I <sub>C</sub> = -500 mA V <sub>CC</sub> = -30V I <sub>B1</sub> = -I <sub>B2</sub> = -50 mA			100	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 μs, duty cycle = 1%

**2N 4034**  
**2N 4035**

# SILICON PLANAR PNP

## GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

The 2N 4034 and 2N 4035 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jecdec TO-18 metal case, primarily intended for small signal, low noise industrial applications.

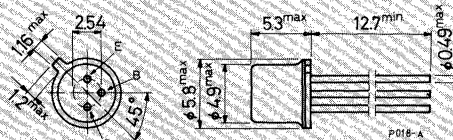
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-40	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-5	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-100	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Collector connected to case



(sim. to TO-18)



# 2N 4034

# 2N 4035

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{fe}$	Small signal current gain	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 4034</b> for <b>2N 4035</b>	50 150		300 450	— —
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = -20\text{V}$ for <b>2N 4034</b> for <b>2N 4035</b>	400 450			MHz MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{EB} = -0.5\text{V}$			5.5	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$			3.5	pF
NF	Noise figure	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ $R_g = 100\Omega$			6	dB
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$			40	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -5 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$			150	ns
$h_{ie}$	Input impedance	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 4034</b> for <b>2N 4035</b>	1 4		8 12	k $\Omega$ k $\Omega$
$h_{re}$	Reverse voltage ratio	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 4034</b> for <b>2N 4035</b>			$3 \times 10^{-4}$ $4 \times 10^{-4}$	— —
$h_{oe}$	Output admittance	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ for <b>2N 4034</b> for <b>2N 4035</b>	2 8		24 40	$\mu\text{S}$ $\mu\text{S}$
$r_{bb}C_{bc}$	Feedback time constant	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 80 \text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = -20\text{V}$			40	ps

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 4036

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### MEDIUM-SPEED SWITCH

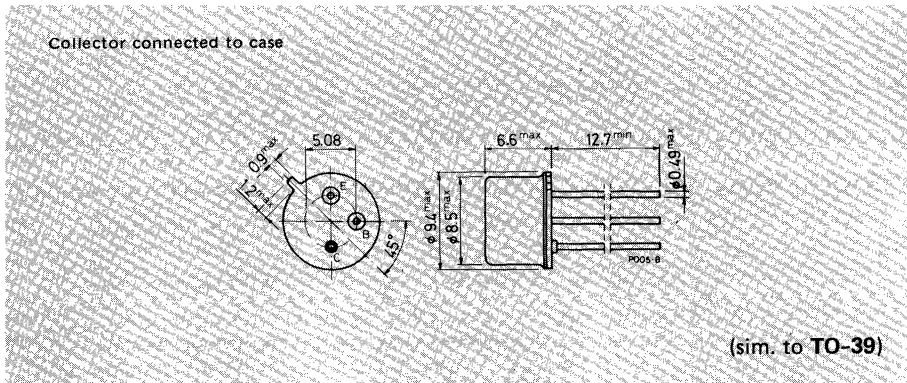
The 2N 4036 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case. It is intended particularly as medium speed saturated switch and general purpose amplifier.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-90	V
$V_{CEX}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 1.5V$ )	-85	V
$V_{CER}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 200\Omega$ )	-85	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-65	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-7	V
$I_C$	Collector current	-1	A
$I_B$	Base current	-0.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	1	W
	at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	7	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200	$^\circ C$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 4036

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	25	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )			-20	nA
$I_{CEO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_B = 0$ )			-0.5	$\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )			-20	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-90			V
$V_{CEX(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $V_{BE} = 1.5V$ )	-85			V
$V_{CER(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $R_{BE} = 200\Omega$ )	-85			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-65			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-7			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage			-0.65	V
$V_{BE}$ *	Base-emitter voltage			-1.1	V

# 2N 4036

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	20			—
		* $I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	40		140	--
		* $I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$	20			—
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	60			MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			90	pF
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			30	pF
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -15 \text{ mA}$			110	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$			700	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1%



**MEDIUM-POWER AMPLIFIERS**

The 2N 5320/BSS 15 and 2N 5321/BSS 16 are silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case. They are especially intended for high-voltage medium power applications in industrial and commercial equipments.

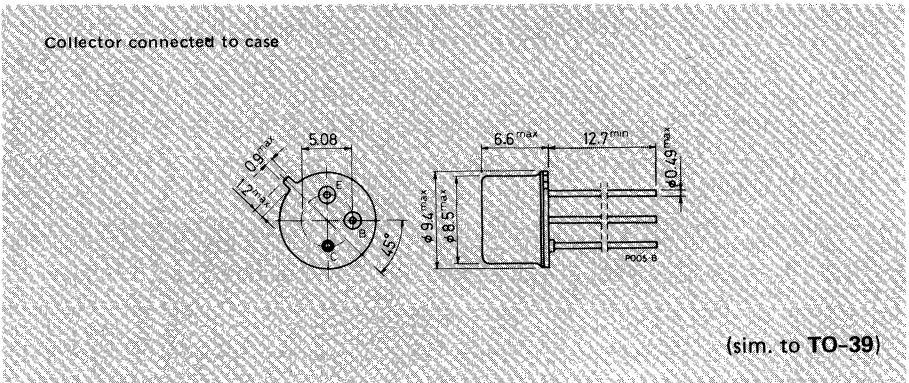
The complementary PNP types are respectively the 2N 5322 and 2N 5323.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

	2N 5320	2N 5321
$V_{CB0}$ Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	100 V	75 V
$V_{CEV}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = -1.5V$ )	100 V	75 V
$V_{CEO}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	75 V	50 V
$V_{EBO}$ Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6 V	5 V
$I_C$ Collector current	2 A	
$I_B$ Base current	1 A	
$P_{tot}$ Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	1 W	
	10 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$ Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C	

**MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



**2N 5320/BSS15**  
**2N 5321/BSS16**

**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	17.5	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) for <b>2N 5320</b> $V_{CB} = 80V$ for <b>2N 5321</b> $V_{CB} = 60V$			0.5 5	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) for <b>2N 5320</b> $V_{EB} = 5V$ for <b>2N 5321</b> $V_{EB} = 4V$			0.1 0.5	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CEV}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = -1.5V$ ) $I_C = 0.1\ mA$	100 75			V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = 10\ mA$	75 50			V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = 0.1\ mA$	6 5			V V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 500\ mA$ $I_B = 50\ mA$ for <b>2N 5320</b> for <b>2N 5321</b>			0.5 0.8	V V
$V_{BE}^*$	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 4V$ for <b>2N 5320</b> for <b>2N 5321</b>			1.1 1.4	V V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain for <b>2N 5320</b> $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 4V$ $I_C = 1\ A$ $V_{CE} = 2V$ for <b>2N 5321</b> $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 4V$	30 10 40		130 — 250	— — —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = 50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = 4V$	50			MHz
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $I_{B1} = 50\ mA$			80	ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = 500\ mA$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 50\ mA$			800	ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

## MEDIUM-POWER AMPLIFIERS

The 2N 5322/BSS17 and 2N 5323/BSS18 are silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistors in Jedec TO-39 metal case. They are especially intended for high-voltage medium power applications in industrial and commercial equipments.

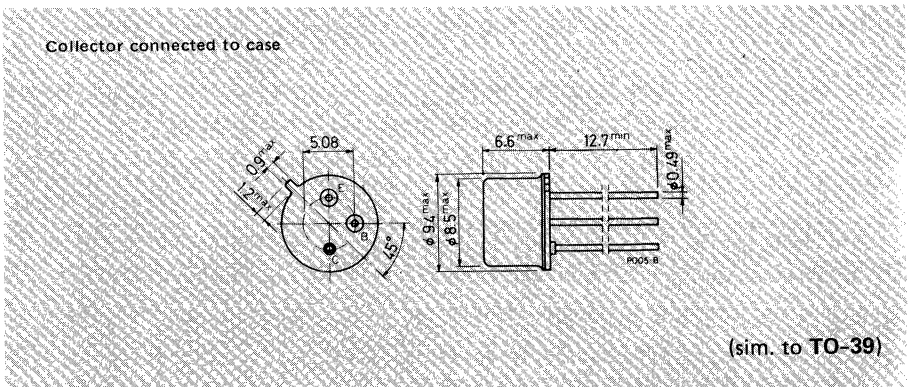
The complementary NPN types are respectively the 2N 5320 and 2N 5321.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	2N 5322	2N 5323
$V_{CBO}$ Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-100 V	-75 V
$V_{CEV}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 1.5V$ )	-100 V	-75 V
$V_{CEO}$ Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-75 V	-50 V
$V_{EBO}$ Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-6 V	-5 V
$I_C$ Collector current	-2 A	
$I_B$ Base current	-1 A	
$P_{tot}$ Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	1 W	
at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ C$	10 W	
$T_{stg}, T_j$ Storage and junction temperature	-65 to 200 °C	

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	17.5	°C/M
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/M

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ ) for <b>2N 5322</b> $V_{CB} = -80V$ for <b>2N 5323</b> $V_{CB} = -60V$			-0.5 -5	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ ) for <b>2N 5322</b> $V_{EB} = -5V$ for <b>2N 5323</b> $V_{EB} = -4V$			-0.1 -0.5	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
$V_{(BR)CEV}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{BE} = 1.5V$ ) $I_C = -0.1\ mA$		for <b>2N 5322</b> for <b>2N 5323</b>	-100 -75	V V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ ) $I_C = -10\ mA$		for <b>2N 5322</b> for <b>2N 5323</b>	-75 -50	V V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ( $I_C = 0$ ) $I_E = -0.1\ mA$		for <b>2N 5322</b> for <b>2N 5323</b>	-6 -5	V V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = -500\ mA$		$I_B = -50\ mA$ for <b>2N 5322</b> for <b>2N 5323</b>		-0.7 -1.2 V V
$V_{BE}^*$	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = -500\ mA$		$V_{CE} = -4V$ for <b>2N 5322</b> for <b>2N 5323</b>		-1.1 -1.4 V V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain for <b>2N 5322</b> $I_C = -500\ mA$ $I_C = -1A$ for <b>2N 5323</b> $I_C = -500\ mA$		$V_{CE} = -4V$ $V_{CE} = -2V$ $V_{CE} = -4V$	30 10 40	130 — 250 —
$f_T$	Transition frequency $I_C = -50\ mA$		$V_{CE} = -4V$	50	MHz
$t_{on}$	Turn-on time $I_C = -500\ mA$ $I_{B1} = -50\ mA$		$V_{CC} = -30V$		100 ns
$t_{off}$	Turn-off time $I_C = -500\ mA$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -50\ mA$		$V_{CC} = -30V$		1000 ns

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%

# 2N 5415S

## SILICON PLANAR PNP

### HIGH-VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

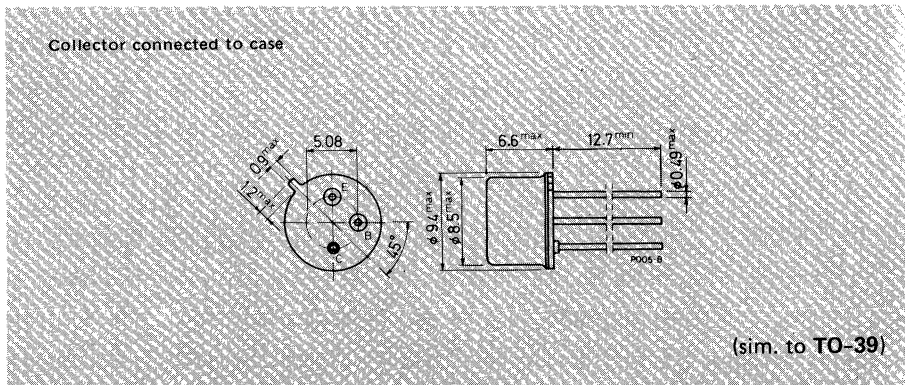
The 2N 5415S is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case, intended for high voltage switching and linear amplifier applications. The complementary NPN type is 2N 3440S.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	-200	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	-200	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	-4	V
$I_{CM}$	Collector peak current	-1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	1	W
		10	W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



# 2N 5415S

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	17.5	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	175	°C/W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_E = 0$ )			-50	$\mu A$
$I_{CEO}$	Collector cutoff current ( $I_B = 0$ )			-50	$\mu A$
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter cutoff current ( $I_C = 0$ )			-20	$\mu A$
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = -10\ mA$		-200	V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -50\ mA$ $I_B = -5\ mA$		-2.5	V
$V_{BE}^*$	Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$		-1.5	V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC current gain	$I_C = -50\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$	30	150	-
$f_T$	Transition frequency	$I_C = -10\ mA$ $V_{CE} = -10V$ $f = 5\ MHz$	15		MHz
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\ MHz$ $V_{CB} = -10V$		15	pF

\* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle = 1%



Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for the consequences of its use nor for an infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SGS-ATES. This publication supersedes and substitutes all information previously supplied.

**SGS – ATEs GROUP OF COMPANIES**

**Italy – France – Germany – Singapore – Sweden – United Kingdom – U.S.A.**

© SGS-ATES Componenti Elettronici SpA, 1978 - Printed in Italy

---





Suggested price  
U.S. \$ 4  
(including tax)